DRUG&CHEMICAL MARKETS

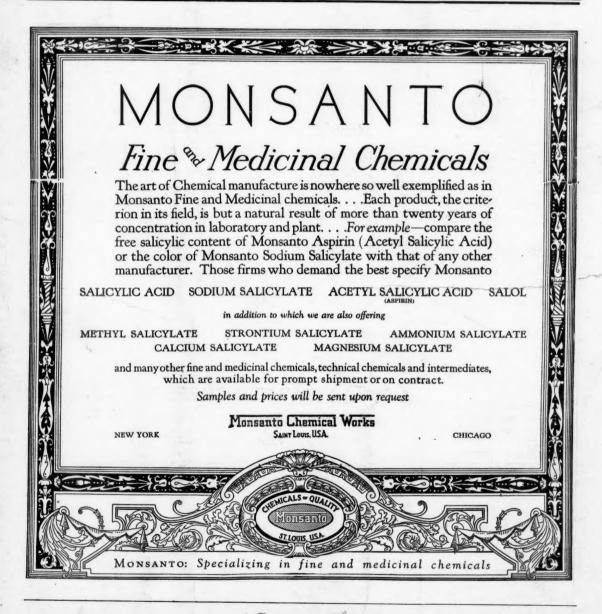
Established 1914

A Weekly Business Paper and Prices Current on Chemicals, Drugs, Colors, and Aromatics

VOLUME XV

NEW YORK. OCTOBER 22, 1924

No. 17



Sulphur (hloride



Manufacturers whose requirements demand special specifications as to the sulphur or chlorine content of Sulphur Chloride should investigate our ability to supply this product to meet their peculiar demands.

PHOSPHORUS OXYCHLORIDE
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE
S O D I U M P H O S P H A T E
ACETIC ANHYDRIDE
ALUMINUM HYDRATE
SULPHUR CHLORIDE
PHOSPHORIC ACID
CAUSTIC SODA

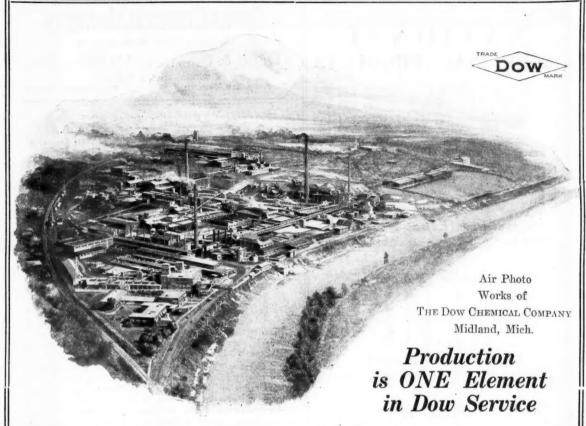
THE WARNER CHEMICAL CO.

52 Vanderbilt Avenue

New York, N. Y.

Plants: Carteret, N. J.

Exclusive Sales Agents for Westvaco Chlorine Products, Inc., So. Charleston, W. Va.



Large scale production at our main plant is but one of the elements in Dow service to those who depend upon us for steady supplies year after year.

Warehouses are maintained in principal cities. Branch Sales Offices in New York and Saint Louis cooperate with the sales activities of the home office. A highly organized shipping service aids our production and sales divisions in meeting the needs of our customers.

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THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY, MIDLAND, MICH., U. S. A.

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90 West Street, New York City

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NATIONAL MEDICINAL PRODUCTS



Methylene Blue U.S.P.

Conforming in every particular to the requirements of the Pharmacopea

Scarlet Red (Extra) Medicinal
Pure-Low Ash Content-High melting point

Acriflavine (National)

Neutral Acriflavine (National)

Proflavine (National)
Licensed by The Chemical Foundation, Inc.

REAGENTS

Special
Absolute Pure Methyl Alcohol
Acetone Free

Special Absolute Pure Toluene

Special Absolute Pure Xylene



Pharmaceutical Division

NATIONAL ANILINE & CHEMICAL CO.

Incorporated

40 RECTOR STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

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VOLUME XV

NUMBER 17

The Week in Brief

News

The first chapter of the Department of Commerce report on the Quinine Monopoly showing how the Dutch have gained control of 90 per cent of the world's supply, appears on page 1243 of DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS this week.

The German Government has made the first move in an effort to force lower prices by cutting freight rates and reducing the price of coal. Lower cost of living at home and lower prices in foreign trade, wherever competition is sharp, are expected to bring increased prosperity to the nation.

Markets

Demand for industrial chemicals has been showing a steady improvement. Price changes have been comparatively few, the majority of products holding steady at recent values. Increased activity is reported in consuming industries. Caustic potash prices are higher and firm. Barium chloride is weak.

Selling competition and slow demand in cresylic acid have resulted in lower quotations in the market. Buying in intermediates is reported improving with prices holding steady. With textile mills showing increased activity, the call for dyes is reported better. Benzol continues scarce and firm in price.

Rising flaxseed prices and scarcity of spot oil have caused crushers to advance prices of linseed oil 3 cents per gallon. Crude cottonseed oil is higher. Menhaden oil is scarce and firm at season's peak price. Edible oils are in demand. Turpentine is easier. Rosins have advanced.

Fine chemicals are in active demand with few exceptions. Codliver oil is scarce on spot. Menthol is quoted at \$8.75 lb. c.i.f. for January-March shipment. Mercury is easy. Fusel oil is firm.

Essential oils show a tendency to ease off owing to the high prices asked for a number of items. Buyers say that prices are too high, and that they can afford to wait for them to come down. Oil cedar wood registers a new high. Oil lemon is higher.

Crude drugs are becoming firmer on higher replacement costs. Mexican sarsaparilla is firmer. Cascara sagrada is easy. Rhubarb is firm. Supplies of ipecac root are closely held.

Commonwealth Chemical Corporation

The rich fragrance of our Coumarin is due to its absolute freedom from chemical by-odors. Its proper use will not impair even the most delicate of perfumes and flavoring extracts.

Discriminating buyers need only send for a sample of our product to be convinced.

The MATHIESON ALKALI WORKS INC.

Deal Direct with

Bicarbonate of Soda Sesquicarbonate of Soda Liquid Chlorine-Caustic Soda Bleaching Fowder-Soda Ash

BENZOIC ACID U.S. P.

CHLORINE FREE

SODA BENZOATE U.S.P.

(Stocks Carried)

DENATURED ALCOHOL

(All formulas)

ACETATE of LIME

ACETONE C. P.

METHANOL

(All Grades)

ACETONE

(Methyl)

PHENOL

HEXAMETHYLENE TETRAMINE

PARA FORMALDEHYDE FORMALDEHYDE

TURPENTINE

(Pure Gum Spirits)

MAGNESIA

WHITING



DRUG&CHEMICAL MARKETS

VOLUME XV

NEW YORK, OCTOBER 22, 1924

No. 17

MUST RENEW CRAMTON BILL FIGHT

The attention of chemical manufacturers who require alcohol and wholesale druggists who are distributors of alcohol for industrial use is called to the change in the chairmanship of the Senate Judiciary Committee owing to the death of Senator Brandegee. The Judiciary Committee has charge of the Cramton bill, and it will be recalled that the Prohibition forces made extraordinary efforts to get the bill before the Senate for passage near the close of the session. Senator Brandegee understood the situation, but with a new chairman in charge of the bill, it is advisable to renew the campaign against it. Senator Borah is the new head of the committee, and manufacturers and others interested in defeating the plan to make the Prohibition Unit an independent bureau, should restate their views

The withdrawal of the proposed stipulation, making a permittee responsible for the acts of his customers, was temporary, in the opinion of many persons in close touch with the Prohibition Unit. If the Cramton bill had passed the Senate, when the attempt was made to force it out of committee, the stipulation would be in force today, undoubtedly. The Volstead fanatics hope the bill will be passed at the coming session and then the stipulation could be enforced despite the protests of the N.W.D,A., the Proprietary Association, and the American Drug Manufacturers Association. Everyone in the trade knows the crushing effect of such a ruling, but United States Senators have not given the matter the study which is necessary in order to understand the practical working of the bill.

Public hearings should be insisted upon in order to present the views of the trade. The Anti-Saloon League and Wayne B. Wheeler will attempt to have the bill reported without hearings. Individual opponents of the bill as well as the associations which have gone on record as opposed to it should voice their protests in emphatic terms to convince the Committee that public hearings are necessary. Letters and telegrams should be sent by manufacturers and wholesalers in every section of the country that the entire Senate body may understand the importance of the issue.

PLANNING TO REGAIN WORLD DYE TRADE

The merger of German dye agencies in Japan indicates the policy to be pursued by German dye manufacturers in the effort to win Far East trade. By reducing selling expenses they will be able to cut prices. The new manager has the task of co-

ordinating the activities of the companies and also of the individual representatives. It is reported that in spite of price agreements between the companies the agents have been cutting rates when competing for business against British, French and American manufacturers. In addition to the general manager of the new cartel, there are five commercial directors, two technical directors, and two directors who specialize on sales of synthetic indigo.

By combining the laboratories now maintained by the separate companies the organization will have fifteen German chemists, more than one hundred Japanese technical men and one hundred Germans on its staff. Points of interest to American manufacturers are the separation of the heavy chemical lines from the dyes, and the plan to include sales of pharmaceuticals and photographic supplies in the merger. Badische company's business in heavy chemicals, such as sulfate of ammonia, hartshorn salt and compressed ammonia will not go into the combination, but the pharmaceutical products of Kalle & Co. are included.

Many Japanese distributors are crowded out by the merger and will lose a very profitable business. One firm which has sold Badische and Hoechst indigo exclusively for years will be forced to make new connections and their attitude will help American interests. The Germans will be sharp competitors, however. They already hold the bulk of the Japanese trade in dyes. The laboratory service which they offer, with Japanese experts to demonstrate the use of German dyes, is one of their strong points. If they establish a string of laboratories subsidiary to the central laboratory, reported as part of the merger plan, it will be difficult to compete with them. Should the system prove successful in Japan it may be extended to other countries, and the world dye markets will present a problem in competition much more serious than the price question. American manufacturers, who need a foreign outlet for their products, have something to think about, but they have time to plan a definite campaign, because it is not probable that the Germans can put the new arrangement in working order for some time.

THE NITROGEN SITUATION

The report of the Department of Commerce on the nitrogen situation in European countries again brings to mind the importance of fixed nitrogen to the national welfare of a nation, both in time of peace and in time of war. Without fixed nitrogen Germany would have been unable to continue the war and would have capitulated sooner. Early in

the war a naval battle between British and German battleships took place off the Falkland Islands. England won the battle and by so doing insured the free movement of nitrate of soda from Chile to be used in her war emergencies. Germany, cut off from this source of supply, had to develop and develop quickly, the methods of nitrogen fixation which were being investigated and gradually being developed prior to the outbreak of the war. How Germany met the emergency is now history. At the close of the war Germany was in a position to produce all her requirements of fixed nitrogen for agricultural purposes from the air by synthetic methods. The feat of producing synthetic ammonia commercially is regarded as the most difficult chemical engineering feat accomplished in the history of industry.

During the war a plant for the fixation of nitrogen was begun in this country at Muscle Shoals, Ala. This plant is still in the process of completion. At Niagara Falls a few small plants for the production of synthetic ammonia have sprung up. The Muscle Shoals nitrate plant, regarded as an enormous undertaking which cost the Government millions of dollars is still the object of much discussion and controversy. One German plant, the Leunawerke, begun in 1916 and completed in 1922, has a nitrogen-fixing capacity of five times that of Muscle Shoals, and the Oppau plant, two and one-half times.

No assurance can be had that Chile nitrate will always be available for the United States. Nitrogen fixation should be developed on a sufficient scale to assure independence of outside sources in an emergency. The domestic dye industry has been developed and the country is independent of Germany for her colors. Why not be independent in the matter of fixed-nitrogen supply?

BRITISH SULFURIC DEMAND DECLINES

London newspapers recently devoted considerable space to a report on British sulfuric acid production which seemed to show a tremendous falling off in a product which is a recognized index of the conditions in other industries. While correcting the mistaken figures which represented only six months production, the "Chemical Age" of London admits that the present output is not satisfactory. The explanation offered is slack trade. Before the war the production at times was more than 1½ million tons, and is now only 63 per cent of prewar figures.

A great change has occurred in England in the use of raw materials in making sulfuric acid. In 1913 only 3,000 tons of sulfur was used; in 1922 the amount had risen to 16,000 tons, in 1923 to 54,000 tons and for the year ended in June, 1924, the figures were 66,000 tons. Formerly the chief raw product was pyrites, of which the industry consumed 800,000 tons in 1913, and only 350,000 tons in 1923-24. The use of spent oxide increased from 110,000 tons in 1913 to 148,000 tons in 1924. Many private companies scrapped their plants taking advantage of the high price of lead owing to

the expense of continuing operating when employed only at 63 per cent of capacity.

The increased use of sulfur is ascribed in part to its freedom from arsenic, yielding a product not requiring further purification. The only hope of increased demand, either for the arsenic-free or the pyrites made, lies in increased trade which will stimulate other industries using sulfuric acid, and this seems likely to come only when conditions in Europe improve.

The veto of the proposed British-German dye agreement by the British Board of Trade was not unexpected. Feeling among dye manufacturers in England was strongly against the arrangement, and it is not surprising that the Government gave the matter long consideration before deciding upon its course of action, because protests were adopted by all leading chemical and dye associations. The resignation of the directors of British Dyestuffs Corp. follows naturally as they recommended that the German offer should be accepted. The plan would have ended, probably forever, the attempt of the British to free the country from dependence upon German dyes.

Ten Years Ago

From the Oct. 21, 1914, issue of "Drug & Chemical Markets":

As no shipments of fusel oil of any size are expected from either Germany or Russia, holders of fusel oil here are firm in their demand for \$2.10@\$2.15, and refiners, who have stock on hand, ask \$2.50 for amyl acetate, owing to recent cost of production.

Russian white oil, the rather recently discovered mineral oil, used as an intestinal lubricant or laxative, is one of the scarcest articles on the market now. Prime stock now is up to \$3@\$4 a gallon. Before the war, 30c gallon was the prevailing price.

Price of quicksilver has fallen off from \$75 to \$90 a flask of 75 pounds, two weeks ago, to about \$50 at

present.

Suspension of German-held patents and trade marks can have no effect on any articles so protected in the United States, it is the belief in the trade here. Patents and trade marks granted by the United States will bar the British-made products effectually and will make no difference in existing conditions as far as proprietary medicines are concerned in America.

Weakness is a dominant feature of the tin market just now, the demand having fallen away to a fraction of what it was. Large quantities of tin were held in England, but since the war, demand from the Continent has dropped to zero.

Pure food colors, practically all of which are manufactured in Germany, have advanced from 90 per cent to 200 per cent in price in the last ten weeks.

New York agents of German manufacturers offer carbolic acid crystals in drums at 36c@38c. There is a rumor that Great Britain may release some for shipment to the United States on guarantee that it will not be re-exported.

Car loadings for the week ended Oct. 4 amounted to 1.077,006, which was 10,441 less than the previous week. Loadings of merchandise and less-than-carload lots totaled 259,106 cars, 648 more than in the preceding week, and 4,744 more than in the same week last year.





Competitor vs. Consumer

An editor's mailbag is full of surprises; but seldom does it contain so frank a criticism, as the one printed below, expressed in such perfect good humor. The author is a well known executive in the heavy chemical industry who insists that he remain nameless lest he be accused of "posing as an expert on a subject about which everybody knows nothing."—The Editors.

OST chemical advertising has been a staid announcement that John Smith offers alkalis, or heavy acids, or a short or long list of products. With the advent of the showy advertisements of chewing gum and silk stockings, the chemical industry shows a slight disposition to copy what is obviously successful. The change is noticeable. Many chemical houses apparently do not yet believe, as do advertisers in other lines, that advertising makes business. However, the industry may yet blossom out and display bathing beauties grouped around a tank car, or god-like polo players riding down a moth ball.

Perhaps the outstanding feature of chemical advertising is that it is so seldom addressed to the fellow who buys chemicals. Just why this should be so, is not obvious. Tradition, conservatism, the fact that many chemicals are raw materials and remote from public interest, the semi-scientific nature of many products, the reticence of chemists and engineers, and the reluctance of chemical merchants and brokers to disclose uses of

products, are all contributing factors.

Why the Secrecy?

The fact remains, however, that the chemical industry will never get the audience it should have until it advertises in chemical business papers with an eye to the needs of the buyer. It is expecting too much to pre-sume that Brown will search "Chemical Abstracts" to find a use for muriatic acid in his business just because of the bland announcement that Smith sells it. That just isn't done. The reply to this criticism is generally that salesmen develop the uses. Good advertising is the silent salesman and infinitely less expensive than any other kind. Further, Smith ought to know the uses, because his offer presupposes some knowledge of the chemical he sells. It was made to sell, and if it cannot be sold, except with whispered conversations, somebody is the loser. The somebody is usually the seller. To be sure, it is not easy to write an advertise-ment that will have the "use appeal" to several lines of industry, but a close inspection of current chemical advertising will disclose that some wideawake sellers have solved this problem.

The vagueness of current chemical advertising can be

illustrated in many other ways, such as:

(a) Advertising without names and addresses that stocks are carried in large cities. This means at least a hunt through the telephone directory or the "Guide Book" and what happens if an agent in the "large city" does not have the same name as the advertiser does not appear to be within the imagination of the advertiser.

(b) A product so new as to be all but unknown is offered under two names without any evidence that one is a trade name (trade marked or otherwise).

(c) An advertiser offers two products in one short sentence: the first has an appeal in the paint, lacquer, artificial leather and hat industries and the latter a limited appeal to one branch of the textile industry.

What's What and Why?

(d) Advertisers offer coal tar dyes by new-coined names without disclosing the dye properties sufficiently. The Society of Dyers and Colourists has issued a "Colour Index" which contains a record of 1,300 dyes with the thousands of variants in the names. Dyes known to consumers for forty years are listed with from ten to forty different names or variants of the same name. One large American maker has met the situation by issuing a catalogue wherein he identifies every dye he makes and in advertising he specializes but carefully discloses identity.

(e) Advertisers do not indicate that their product names are valuable by using the legends "Trade Mark" or "Registered U. S. Patent Office", etc.

(f) Advertisers indulge in small type offering many and widely different products. Sometimes one or more names are tucked away in a corner and remind you of a crossword puzzle. Some advertisers see no value in being prominently identified with one or a few products. Yet certain chemicals, made by several companies, have become so thoroughly identified with one company that the mental image of the chemical is coupled with a name, which is the result of advertising and not of superiority of product.

(g) Far too many ads of well known chemicals merely name the chemical, despite the fact that the seller really means to offer, or can offer, the chemical in either various strengths, or in various degrees of refinement, etc. A maker of caustic soda has figured out that tank car lots of caustic soda solutions are cheaper for some consumers than fused caustic soda which must be put in solution at the consumer's plant. This lesson can be

applied to other lines and advertised.

From the foreging examples, selected at random, it is evident that there is still room for improvement. That improvement is possible can easily be seen by studying the advertisements over a period of say ten years. The good advertisements are numerous and sometimes on the same page with the bad ones. industry and its merchants should use its chemical papers to reach consumers, and stop indulging so much in the vain satisfaction of saying they either make or offer something, with no word of why or wherefore.

Dr. Roger N. Wallach, vice president Grasselli Chemical Co., has purchased an estate at Briarcliff, N. Y., consisting of three acres and a stucco residence. The property was held at \$100,000.

DR. WENDT USES 60,000 DEGREES HEAT

Describes His Efforts To Release Energy In Atoms-May Mean Revolutionary Discovery

Dr. Gerald L. Wendt, of the Department of Physics and Chemistry at Pennsylvania State College, told the intersectional meeting of the Lehigh Valley, Philadelphia and Southern New Jersey Sections of the American Chemical Society, in session at Easton, Pa., that experiments which he had already conducted gave reasonable promise that he would discover the secret of atomic energy and succeed in releasing it for the benefit of annakind. In his experiments Dr. Wendt placed a tungsten wire in a vacuum tube, through which he shot energy, with the result that more energy came out than went in and the tungsten was transformed into helium. The whole problem, it was explained by Leon L. Jenks, Professor of Chemistry at Worcester Polytechnic Institute, is one of controlling the spontaneous disintegration of elements.

"I have been using a temperature of 60,000 degrees Fahrenheit in my investigations," said Dr. Wendt. "The sun is only 10,000 degrees Fahrenheit, and the hottest star is 40,000 degrees. At that temperature we know that there is no evidence of metals in a star, and that it is composed of hydrogen and helium gases. As it cools we get more complex elements. Hitherto one of the great difficulties has been that we could not get a sufficient degree of temperature in our laboratories, but now we can produce heat higher than the hottest stars. I have been using 100,000 volts of electricity for this

purpose.

"Copper, gold and iron are elements, and thus far we have been unable to change them, although we can combine some of them with oxygen. This is not saying that it can't be done, and I think I have reasonable grounds for the belief that I will be able to unlock atomic energy. Theoretically it is there, but it is possible there may be something wrong with the theory.

"If I succeed in my endeavors it will mean the revolution of civilization. Energy is its base, and it is energy that makes all other things valuable. It is one thing to show that the atomic energy is there and another thing to unlock it and make use of it, but I have already

peeped into the first little crack."

WILL HOLD SYMPOSIUM ON CORROSION

At the Baltimore meeting of the American Chemical Society which will be held during Easter week, 1925, the Division of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry will hold a symposium on Corrosion. The tentative cutline of the symposium is as follows: 1. Submerged Corrosion of Metals. (a) Iron and steel. (b) Non-ferrous metals. 2. Atmospheric Corrosion. (3) Corrosion of Special Alloys.

The papers will cover the problems of corrosion in the heavy chemical industry, special chemical industry, marine world, ordnance equipment, oil industry, and mining industry. Papers relating to any of these subjects or sub-divisions will be welcomed by the chair-

man of the symposium, Robert J. McKay.

"The South's Development," which is issued by the "Manufacturers Record", Baltimore, gives a glimpse of the past, the facts of the present, and a forecast of the future in regard to the industrial development of the South. Henry C. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, discusses the agricultural interests of the South and the outlook for the future. Herbert Hoover, Secretary of the Department of Commerce, writes on the development of the import and export trade through South Atlantic and Gulf ports.

INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL SECTION

Who's Whoin the Chemical Industry

Ralph Nelson Chipman, pres. Chipman Chemical Engineering Co., New, York. Born, Feb. 14, 1886, Beverly, N. J. Mar., Irene Harris, Chicago, Apr. 28, 1916. Educat., Wm. Penn. Charter School, Phila. Business: Mgr. Atlas Preservative Co. of Amer. until 1917; pres. Chipman Chem Eng. Co. to date. Member: Insect & Disinfect. Assn.; Agric Insect & Fungicide Mfrs. Assn.; Larchmont Yacht Club; Bankers' Club; Transportation Club; Port Washington Yacht Club; Chemists' Club (N.Y.). Originator chemical weed extermination on railroad right of way; inventor railroad sprinkling apparatus. Hobby, yachting.

Richard C. Hedke, vice-pres. and genl. mgr., Eaton-Clark Co., Detroit. Born, Germany, 1885. Mar., Louise M. Lilley, Trenton, Mich., 1907. Educat, schools of Cleveland and Trenton, Mich. Business: Church Quarry Co., 1903-07 (now owned Solvay Process Co.); Theo. H. Eaton & Son (now Eaton-Clark Co.), 1907, as city salesman; mgr. sales and secretary to Feb., 1920; vice-pres. 1920, succeeding Rufus W. Clark, who became chrmn. board, as genl. mgr.; genl. mgr. to date; vice-pres. Rainbow Color & Chem. Co., subsidiary of Eaton-Clark Co. Member: Detroit Rotary Club (now vice-pres. and director), Detroit Ath. Club, Island Country Club; asst. treas. Tuberculosis Soc. of Detroit and Wayne County; Board Education of Trenton, Mich. (pres.). Hobby, golf, "a family of four girls".

Ernest H. Klipstein, pres. E. C. Klipstein & Sons Co., New York. Born, Jan. 15, 1890, East Orange, N. J. Mar., Barbara Wallace, Orange, N. J., Feb. 9, 1918. Educat., Princeton Univ., A.B. 1912. Business: Treas. E. C. Klipstein & Sons Co. 1916 to 1923; pres. 1923 to date; chemist, Riverside and Dan River Cotton Mills, 1914-15. Member: Essex County Country Club, Princeton Campus Club, Congressional Country Club, Amer. Leather Chemists Assn.; Assoc. of Textile Chemists. Hobby, golf, fishing, and superheterodynes.

George A. Prochazka, pres. Central Dyestuff & Chemical Co., Newark, N. J. Born, Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 3, 1855. Mar., Emily Merz, New York, Sept. 24, 1885. Educated, schools New York and Wiesbaden, Germany; Fresenius Wiesbaden; Heidelberg and Bonn Universities; Aachen Polytechnic, Ph.D. 1874, Heidelberg. Assistant, Stevens Inst., Hoboken, N. J., 1876-1878; consulting chemist and engineer, 1878-1880; chemist, Tartar Chemical Co., 1881; chemist, and later, genl. supertdt. Heller & Merz Co., 1881-1897; organized Central Dyestuff & Chem. Co., Newark, N. J., in 1898. Charter member Chemists' Club. Member, Amer. Chem. Soc. since 1877; Amer. Inst. of Chem. Engineers; Soc. of Chem. Industry; Societe de Chimie Industrielle; before war, of the various German chemical organizations.

Franklin Humphrey Warner, pres. Warner Chemical Co., New York. Born, New York City, June 6, 1875. Mar., Estelle Dunn Hynes, Los Angeles, Calif., April 25, 1899. Educat., Oberlin College, B.S. 1898, A.B. 1902. Business: With Warner Chem. Co., secty.-treas. 1899-1923; pres. 1924; Westvaco Chlorine Prods. Co., treas., 1916-22; vice-pres. 1922 to date. Member: Electro-Chem. Soc., University Club, Congregational Club, Chemists Club (N.Y.). Installed for Govt. during war the 100-ton chlorine cell plant at Edgewood Arsenal, Hobby, shooting, photography and motoring.

German Government Urges Low Prices

Freight Rates and Coal Prices Cut Ten Per Cent as Inducement for Manufacturers to Aid the Movement —Slight Reductions Follow Except on Potash—Six Million Dollar American Loan Enables Syndicate to Increase Production—Potash Shipments to United States Increase

(Special Correspondence to Drug & Chemical Markets)
Berlin, Oct. 11.—In an effort to reduce prices the German Government has slashed freight rates on the railways by 10 per cent. Silesian coal prices have been reduced already by 10 per cent and Ruhr coal prices 10 per cent, the question of the renewal of the Rhenish-Westfalian Coal Syndicate having at last been settled after long negotiations. The syndicate has been renewed for a term of five years and a Government order is making it obligatory for coal producers to join. Lignite prices are to remain unchanged at present. Several improvements in banking and credits are reported. The tax on turnover has been reduced from 2½ to 2 per cent. The restrictions in regard to the movement of foreign exchange are to be abolished.

With the cheapening of railway rates, freightage on inland waterways has also come down. It is too early to predict the outcome of the Government's efforts to induce manufacturers and traders to reduce prices, but it is realized that success is to a great extent dependent on the action of the syndicates and trade organizations. All these measures naturally will influence chemical prices and should bring noticeable reductions. Many prices show slight reductions as shown in the follow-

ing table:

Potash mines which have no rich deposits of crude salts are not in a favorable position as present prices do not leave much profit, and most of them will remain closed until the fertilizer business has improved more generally. Future prospects of the industry are regarded as favorable. The agreement with the Alsatian produc-

Conditions in the potash industry have improved lately and the home and foreign trade of the Potash Syndicate is brisk at present. Home orders are mainly for kainite, fertilizer salts and potassium chloride. No price reductions in potash products have been announced in consequence of the cheapening of coal and railway rates. Since the agreement with the Alsatian potash producers, shipments to the United States have increased, a development which has been aided by the American six million dollar credit given to the industry. August deliveries of the Syndicate amounted to more than 100,000 tons of pure potash and September deliveries will be larger. Not only have the stocks been considerably reduced, but some of the mines at which production had been suspended have been re-started.

ers seems to form a sound basis for future development of the industry. Altogether 57 shafts which constitute about 25 per cent of the total have been closed in consequence of the Government order of October, 1921. At most of them production had been stopped on account of poor deposits or for other technical reasons which made it unprofitable to work them at present. Some of them are kept in a condition which will allow them to be restarted.

Several mines were closed because funds for extension of the plants below and above ground were not forthcoming. Of the shafts under construction at the time the order was passed, 23 have been finished. In the case of 10 others it has not been decided whether they are to be finished or not. The productive capacity of the mines working is still above the average production since 1919, and the sinking of new shafts will not be necessary for years to come. Whether more mines will be closed cannot be decided at present as the prospects of the potash industry in the near future are still obscure. Perhaps it may be found necessary to suspend production temporarily at some mines, but they will be kept in working order to be started again at any time. The sinking of new shafts is prohibited by law. Geologists assert that there are still huge untapped deposits in Germany.

The Nitrate Syndicate is publishing new prices which are about 20 per cent below pre-war quotations. Ordinary sulfate of ammonia is quoted at 1.08 marks; dried and ground, 1.10; muriate of ammonia, and potassium saltpetre, 1.08; potash saltpetre, 1.35; and nitrate of lime, 0.98 marks per kilo contents of nitrate. One-third is to be payable at once and for the rest the Syndicate accepts a three-months bill. On account of the advances in the price of agricultural products the farmers are ordering more artificial fertilizers, and phosphate and Thomas-powder factories have booked many orders recently and they expect sales for this harvest to reach the pre-war total. The use of nitrate fertilizer has largely increased, and the output of the nitrate works has been increased owing to the larger number of orders booked. The production will be further increased as the Bavarian works attain their full working capacity. During August the production of nitrate totalled 32,000 tons and has been sold.

The Heavy Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations for Heavy Chemicals, pages 1254-1256

ADVANCE IN ALL GRADES OF LEAD ACETATE

Sharp Rise in Pig Lead Increases Production Costs— Mineral Acids Higher for Carboy Business—Barium Chloride Reduced—Imported Epsom Salt Lower for Shipment—Lactic Acid Tending Higher—Caustic Potash Firm—Metals Advancing—Improvement in Chemical Buying

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Lead Acetate, le lb.
Nitric Acid, cbys., lel,
25c 100 lbs.
Hydrochloric Acid, cbys., lel,
15c 100 lbs.
Ammonium Sulfate, 5c 100 lbs.

Declined

Barium Chloride, Dom., \$2.50 ton Eps m Salt, Imp., shpt., Calcium Chloride, Imp., shpt., 15c 100 tbs.
\$1.00 ton Prussiate, yel., Imp., ½c fb.

Trend of the Market

	Today	Last Week	Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Acetic Acid, Glacial b. Sulfuric Acid, 66 deg. ton		\$.11 14.00	\$.11 14.00	\$.1234	\$.191/2	\$ 07
Ammonium Sulfate, 100tbs.		2.55	2.50	3.15	7.50	2.65
Bleaching Powder, 100tbs.	1.90	1.90	1.90	1,25	9.50	1.50
Copper Sulfate, c/1.00 lbs.	4.60	4.60	4.60	5.00	20.00	4.50
Potash Caustic, Imp 1b.	073/	.073	.067/6	.07	.87	.08
Soda Ash, 58 p.c 100 fbs.	1.94	1.94	1.94	2.00	3.50	.60
Caustic Soda, 76 p c.100 lbs.	3.66	3.66	3.66	3.70	9.50	1.42
Potassium Bichromate tb	083/	.083	4 .083/4	.091/2	.65	.0634
Sodium Prussiate, Imp.tb.	093/	.093	8 .09%	.1314	1.25	.18
Average	. 2.911	2,906	2.901	3.056	10.79	2.99

Consumption of industrial chemicals has been gaining momentum since the first of the month. Many consuming industries throughout the country have been resuming or increasing operations and the increased activity is being reflected in the call for chemicals. While the gain has not been sufficient to produce any general movement in prices, sellers have been firmer in their quotations and in a few instances prices have strengthened slightly. Sentiment in the trade has been growing better and a feeling prevails that after the national election a steady improvement in business activity will take place. Although nothing has developed in the way of contract business for 1925, the last two months of this year will be busy ones for the manufacturers of basic chemicals. Many buyers are content to follow the market for the present and are taking on supplies as required for immediate consumption. This method of buying has become quite general in all directions since consumers have not been able to see more than a few weeks ahead. Consumers of mineral acids are finding the market higher for their usual quantities as manufacturers find little profit in handling the small lots at the recent prices. An important development during the week has been the recovery in metals. All major metals have advanced and this has resulted in a stronger position of metallic salts.

Acid Acetic—Consumers have been taking increased quantities though buying is still conservative. Makers prices continue steady with 28% at \$3.12@\$3.37 as to quantity in barrels; 56%, \$5.85@\$6.10; glacial, \$11.01 @\$11.76.

Acid Formic—Fairly active buying with importers holding prices at 11½c@12c lb.

Acid Lactic-Higher cost of production due to the rise in the corn market is making for a higher market

in acid. Present prices are firm at 5c@5½c lb. for 22%, dark; light, 6c@6½c lb.; 44%, dark, 10½c@11c lb., and light, 12½c@13c lb.

Acids Mineral—With consuming industries showing increased activity the consumption of small quantity business has been showing improvement. Consumption of sulfuric acid in the fertilizer industry is reported good. Prices of carboy quantities are slightly higher with makers now asking \$1.60@\$1.75 for 20° muriatic acid in carboys, sulfuric acid, 66°, in carboys, \$1.50@\$1.85; nitric acid, all grades, are 25c higher. Sulfuric in tank cars, \$14 ton for 66° and \$9.50 for 60° in tanks.

Ammonium Chloride—Spot business has been quiet and routine. Orders for carlots are being placed occasionally at 53/4c lb. for shipment. Spot held at 61/4c@ 61/4c lb. Domestic held at 71/4c@8c lb. for the white.

Arsenic—With demand for insecticide manufacture lacking the market is quiet. Occasional sales are recorded at prices ranging from 6½c@7c lb.

Barium Compounds—Demand has been lacking for both chloride and carbonate. Competition with imported material has caused makers of chloride to reduce prices to \$72.50 ton for carlots of bags and \$75.00 ton in barrels at works. Imported held at \$71.00@\$72.00 ton, spot. Carbonate named at \$55.00@\$58.00 ton for imported, spot, and \$64.00 ton for domestic, works.

Copper Sulfate—Domestic interest has been lacking and business is practically at a standstill. A few sales are reported for industrial consumption. Export business with South America is reported good. Metal has strengthened but has no effect on the sulfate. Domestic held at \$4.65 in carlots, spot, and up to \$4.90 for small, lots. Imported named at \$4.40@\$4.50.

Copperas—Fair interest with, prices holding at \$15 ton in bulk, works, bags, \$18 ton, and barrels, \$20 ton.

Glauber's Salt—Holding firm on improved demand. Domestic material quoted at \$1.25@\$1.50 as to quantity in barrels. Imported offered at 90c per 100 lbs.

Epsom Salts—Imported material is easier with shipments named at \$1.25 and spot supplies at \$1.35 for technical. Domestic technical, \$1.75@\$1.90.

Lead Acetate—Owing to the sharp rise in cost of pig lead prices in all grades have been advanced 1c lb. in some quarters. The schedule names white crystals at 14½c lb. and 15½c lb.

Potash, Caustic—Since the recent advance in prices abroad the market has been firm at the new levels. Spot stocks are named at 7½c lb. and shipment 7 1-7c lb. Imports at New York last week were 450 drums.

Potassium Permanganate—No change in the market since the reduction in domestic material. Spot prices are named at 13c lb. with possibilities of shading on quantity for both domestic and imported.

Potassium Prussiate—Yellow is easier with imported offered down to 16½c lb. The red is firm at 38c@40c lb.

Soda Ash—There has been nothing done in the way of contract business. Consumers are showing no desire to contract immediately and sellers are inclined to wait until after the national election before announcing prices for 1925. October business is seasonal and stated to have shown an improvement over last month. Prices are unchanged at the former schedule.

Soda Caustic-The situation in this item is similar to

that of soda ash. Nothing is expected to be announced until after the election on Nov. 4. Business is stated to be normal for the season and improved over last month. Makers are holding 76% solid on contract at \$3.10 for carlots at works.

Sodium Bichromate—Sales are taking place at 63/4c lb. Consuming demand is quiet and competition for business is keen.

Sodium Cyanide—Increased interest and improved buying with prices steady. Domestic held at 22c lb. and imported 125-128%, 20c@20½c lb.

Sodium Nitrite—Continues firm at the recent advance to 9½c@9½c lb.

Sodium Prussiate—Sellers are placing contracts for next year and the outlook is for improvement in consumption. Contract prices for imported material are reported at 8%c lb. Spot business is taking place at 9%c@9%c lb.

Bleaching Powder—A few contracts have been reported at present levels but consumers are showing no desire to contract at present and announcement of contract prices is not expected until after the presidential election. Makers are holding at \$1.90 for carlots of large drums at works.

Metals

The market in practically all of the metals has firmed up during the past week. Antimony is higher at $11\frac{1}{2}$ c lb. spot. London is naming £48 ton. Copper has advanced sharply over the week and is now named at $13\frac{1}{2}$ c lb. up to $13\frac{1}{2}$ c lb. Lead is also up to 8.25c lb. spot with the possibilities of further advances in the near future. Zinc is higher at 6.70c lb. spot, and 6.35c lb. East St. Louis. Tin advanced to $50\frac{1}{2}$ c lb. spot for Straits and $50\frac{1}{2}$ c lb. for 99%.

A claim for lower duty on alum blocks or sticks by Barhep Import & Export Corp. was dismissed by the U. S. Board of General Appraisers because the importers failed to mention any paragraph in the Tariff Act in their protest against the assessment of 75 per cent ad valorem under paragraph 62. Claim was made for duty at 15 per cent, but no mention was made of the section of the Tariff Act of 1922 under which the protest was filed. Judge McClelland ruled that the aium should pay duty of three-quarters of one cent per pound under paragraph 6.

International Salt Co. reports net earnings of \$341,169 for the quarter ended Sept. 30, 1924, after all expenses. After reserves for sinking fund and fixed charges, but before allowing for Federal taxes, net income was \$244,772, against \$124,394 in the June quarter and \$328,562 in the September quarter last year.

Zinc stocks on hand as of Oct. 1 totalled 45,720 tons, according to figures compiled by the American Zinc Institute, which represents a decline of 5,202 tons from the total at the beginning of the month. Production last month amounted to 40,852 tons, compared with 41,775 tons in August, a drop of 923 tons.

The Fort Dodge. Iowa, plant of United States Gypsum Co. has just been rebuilt. Its capacity has been increased to 225,000 feet of wallboard per day. These changes, costing \$150,000, make the plant one of the three largest gypsum working establishments in the world.

The Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., will receive bids on Nov. 4 for 84,000 pounds of calcium chloride for various east coast navy yards. Bids will be received on the same date for 50,000 pounds of calcium chloride for the Mare Island, Cal., navy yard.

TEXAS SULPHUR EARNINGS INCREASE

Texas Gulf Sulphur Co. has returned average net earnings of approximately \$1,193,000 quarterly, during 1924, says the "Wall Street News," and it is expected that the return for the past three months will not be far from the \$1,200,000 mark. It has been reported that the partial settlement of the European economic problem has substantially lifted the volume of sulfur exports during the past quarter and as Texas Gulf is the largest individual producer, this increased demand is expected to be reflected in the company's past quarter's earnings.

Company is now paying \$1.75 a share regularly each quarter on the 635,000 shares of \$10 a share par capital stock and earnings are averaging close to \$1.90 a share quarterly. As it has been the policy of the management to disburse nearly all the current earnings to stockholders, interests close to the company maintain that directors will authorize a substantial extra dividend at the November meeting of the board to dispose of surplus over and above the regular dividends which have been paid this year.

CANADIAN CHEMISTS MEET IN MONTREAL (Special to Drug & Chemical Markets)

Montreal, Que., Oct. 22.—The Montreal section of the Society of Chemical Industry opened its Winter season on Monday, Oct. 20, with a paper by John A. Dresser, ex-president of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, on the "Relationship Between Chemistry and Mining." Other addresses were by Dr. W. B. Bancroft, of Cornell University, on "Bubbles, Drops and Grains"; C. Spearman, on "Cyaniding for Gold and Silver Ores in Ontario"; R. H. Monk and C. R. Whitmore, of McArthur Irwin, Ltd., paint manufacturers, on the practical application of oxide of titanium; Dr. F. W. Atack, president of Dye and Chemical Co., of Canada, Ltd., on "The Use of Dyestuff in Analytical Chemistry."

BANDITS GET KLIPSTEIN PAYROLL

Two employees of A. Klipstein & Co., New York, were held up at Morton and Greenwich sts., New York, on Saturday morning, Oct. 18, by four armed bandits and robbed of a \$2,300 payroll. As the two men were returning from the Greenwich Bank on Hudson st. with the payroll, four robbers with drawn revolvers jumped from a touring car, seized the money, and made their escape after threatening to kill the Klipstein messengers if they made any outcry.

Ernest du Pont, president of United States Flashless Powder Co., while on a cruise to Florida, stepped through a hole in a dock at Yorktown, Va., and broke his leg between the knee and hip.

R. P. Cargille, formerly of Emil Greiner Co., chemical glassware and laboratory supplies, has established a selling agency for these products at 74 Cortlandt st., New York.

The Southern Fertilizer Association will hold its annual meeting at Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 10 and 11. Consolidation of the southern and national associations will be discussed.

The contract for a new plant on Orchard st., Kingston, Canada, for Dye & Chemical Co., Ltd. has been awarded to McKelvey & Birch, Ltd.

Leonard Osborne Macdaniel, formerly director of Solvay Process Co., died at his home in Ashfield, Mass., last week, in his sixty-seventh year.

Dr. Altmannsberger and Paul Ebeling, of the German Potash Syndicate, arrived recently, in New York.

The Intermediate and Dye Market

Current Spot Quotations for Intermediates, see Chem icals, 1254

COMPETITION LOWERS CRESYLIC ACID

Surplus Stocks and Slow Demand Account for Recent Lower Values—Pyridine Easier on Quiet Demand— Benzol Scarcity Very Pronounced—Monoethylaniline Reduced—Ortho-nitrotoluol in Demand—Improvement in Dyes and Intermediates

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands) Advanced No Advances

	Dec	lined				
Monoethylaniline, 35c lb.		Pyridi	ne, 10c	gal.		
Tre	nd of	the Ma	rket	-		
	-		Last	Last	War	Pre-
	Today	Week	Month	Year	Peak	War
Beurene, puregal.	\$.251/	\$.251/2	\$.25	\$.23	\$1.10	\$.25
Naphthalene, flake ib.	.05	.06	.05	.07	.16	.03
Phenol, Spotgal.	.25	.25	.25	-26	1.50	.08
Toluenegal.	.26	-26	.26	.25		
Aniline Oil	.16	.16 .35 .70	.16	.16	1.40	.105
Alpha-naphthylamine fb.	-35	.35	.35	.35	1.28	
Benzaldehyde	.70	.70	.70	.75		**
Betanaphthol	.26	.26	.26	.21	1.50	.08
Dimethylaniline tb.	.35	.35	.35	.40	1.30	**
Paranitroaniline	.68	.68	.68	.73	1.58	.18
Ammana		-				

With a betterment of conditions in the textile industry and the resumption of operations in many New England mills and in the South, the call for dyes and intermediates has been showing a steady improvement during the past month. The improvement has not yet been reflected in any price movements in coal-tar byproducts, but the fact that orders are more plentiful, though rather conservative in size, has been gratifying to manufacturers and no attempts are being made to change the present state of the market except in special instances where supply and demand warrant price revisions. Many dye intermediates are finding their way into industries other than the manufacture of dyes and in several cases production has been kept up by new uses in rubber, motor fuel industry or some other industry. One reason why aniline oil has been in better demand has been the increased activity in the manufacture of rubber tires. Ortho-nitrotoluol and nitrobenzol are being used in the motor fuel. The oil flotation industry is using ortho-toluidine. Intermediates used in fur dyeing are more active. Among the crude products benzol continues decidedly scarce and prices are firm at recent levels. Slow demand and increased competition due to surplus stocks have brought out offerings of cresylic acid below recent levels. Pyridine is easier though supplies are limited.

Crudes

Benzene—The shortage in this crude is more pronounced than at any time since the curtailment of production. While a slight increase in coke production is reported from the Pittsburgh district, the general situation is one of surplus stocks of coke which must be reduced before increased production will take place. Production of benzol, therefore, continues small, while demand for this light oil for motor fuel purposes is far in excess of the supply. Industrial consumption is being met fairly satisfactorily but prices are abnormally high in view of the small production. Sellers continue to quote pure benzol at 25c and 26c per gallon in tanks, mills, and drums 5c higher; 90 per cent grade named at 23c, tanks, mills, and drums 28c gal.

Cresylic Acid—Supplies have been somewhat heavy in sellers' hands recently and offerings are being made at somewhat lower prices. Pale acid is being offered in small lots at 60c gal. while some sellers quote up to 75c, according to grade.

Naphthaiene—Practically no activity is reported in the market. Occasional small sales are reported but they are more or less routine orders. Flake is offered at 5c lb. and balls at 51/4c lb. Chipped material is held at 41/2c lb.

Phenol—No new developments have taken place. Makers are taking care of the present demand, which is reported sufficient to keep stocks from accumulating. Prices are firm and steady, 25c@26c lb. for material in destructible drums. Large drums quoted at 24c lb., spot.

Pyridine—While supplies are somewhat limited demand has been quiet and sellers are less firm in their prices. Quotations have been heard at \$4.15, though some sellers continue to quote \$4.25. Imports at New York last week were 12 drums.

Solvent Naphtha—Owing to the lower prices in the market for petroleum naphtha, this item is weak when compared with other light oil distillates. Tank car business quoted 23c@25c per gal. at works. Drums, 28c@30c lb.

Toluene—Occasional orders are coming in and are being filled though prompt delivery is somewhat uncertain. Sellers are quoting tank cars firm at 26c gal. at works and drums 31c gal.

Intermediates

Acid Cleve's—Slight improvement in buying with prices held at \$1.00@\$1.10 lb.

Acid Gamma-Moving regularly at unchanged prices of \$1.45 lb.

Acid Neville & Winther's—Occasional sales at \$1.05

Alpha-naphthylamine—No important buying reported. Makers quoting 35c@37c lb.

Aniline Oil—Buying continues along active lines with prices holding steady at 16c@17c lb., according to quantity in drums. Aniline salt moving well at 20c@22c lb. Benzidine—Fair demand for small quantities with base

quoted at 78c@80c lb.

Beta-naphthol—Buyers have been showing more interest and orders have been more frequent though limited to moderate quantities. Makers are quoting 24c@26c

lb. as to quantity.

Diethylamiline—Although alcohol has advanced again, no change in prices has taken place and makers continue to quote 58c@61c lb.

Dimethylaniline—A fair volume of business is reported from week to week with prices steady, 35c@ 37c lb.

Ethyl Benzyl Aniline—Unchanged at \$1.15@\$1.20 lb.
Monoethylaniline—Improvement in the manufacturing process has enabled one maker to reduce his price to 90c@\$1.00 lb.

Ortho-nitrotoluol—All available supplies are being taken up and prices are firm at 8c@9c lb. as to quantity.

Ortho-toluidine—Firm at 14c@15c lb. as to quantity.

Para-toluidine—Quiet and holding at 75c lb.

Para-nitraniline-Fair demand at 68c@70c 1b.

Phthalic Anhydride—Selling at 22c@25c lb. as to seller and quantity.

PROTEST ON COAL TAR DUTY SUSTAINED

Sustaining claims made by Carey & Skinner of Buffalo, the Board of U. S. General Appraisers reduced the duty on a coal tar product known as Novadelox. The merchandise, consisting of a chemical mixture of 25 per cent of benzoylperoxide and 75 per cent of phosphate of calcium, was taxed at 15 per cent ad valorem and 21/2 cents per pound under sections 500 and 501, act of Sept. 8, 1916, on the total quantity as a coal tar product.

The importers claimed that the merchandise was not subject to the 21/2 cent per pound specific duty on the entire material, but only upon the coal derivative therein known as benzoylperoxide. The importers also claimed a reduction of 20 per cent on the specific duty as applied to the benzoylperoxide content of 25 per cent, in conformity to a graduated reduction provided for in section 501 of act. Judge Brown sustained both claims made by the importers, and directed the collector to reliquidate the entry accordingly.

The capital stock of the Bradford Dyeing Association, U.S.A., Bradford, R. I., has been increased from \$1,500,-000 to \$4,000,000, by an amendment to the company's charter.

BROWN DYE USED ON ALASKA SEAL

Included in the sale of 17,000 Government Alaskan seal skins by the Fouke Fur Co. at St. Louis, last week, were 2,000 dyed in brown as an experiment requested by the Department of Commerce. One thousand raw seal skins were sold to give other firms a chance to experiment in colored dyes. The chestnut colored skins attracted much attention from buyers. Heretofore black was considered the only practical dye for

Col. Philip B. Fouke announced that the company has received permission from the Government to dye an additional 2,000 skins in the new color, and those who bought a case of 45 skins at the sale were given an option on an additional 25 skins. Notice that the option is to be exercised must be given within 30 days. This option will not apply to black skins.

A new diazotizable black-Pontamine Diazo Black VG has been placed on the market by E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. The product is one that was used extensively prior to the war. It is particularly suited for half silk hosiery, and is also suitable for all classes of cotton goods, raw stock, yarn, and pieces, being very fast to light, washing and perspiration.

MAKE ADDITIONS TO CLASSIFIED DYES

Imports Entered In April, May, June, July and August Designated As Competitive and Non-Competitive-Few Chemicals In the List

A supplementary list of dyes and chemicals imported in April, May, June, July and August, classified as competitive and non-competitive, has been issued by the Chemical Division of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in conjunction with the Chemical Division of the Tariff Commission. The list follows:

Deen Tennested in Annil

Phosphine 3 R. Hydron Brown G Paste Hydron Olive R Paste Diamine Scarlet 3 B. Hydron Scarlet 2 B Paste Vaf Scarlet G Paste Vaf Scarlet G Paste Chinoline Yellow Scluble in Spirit Benze Fast Yellow R L Black B R Vat Brown R Powder Sulpho Rosazeine B Extra Allzarine Blue Black B Powder Helindone Golden Orange IRRT Paste Alizarine Direct Blue A Helindone Brown IRT Peste Helindone Brown IGG Paste Patent Blue V Helindone Fast Scarlet R Powder Neptune Blue B R Methyle Violet 5 R Helindone Red 3 B Paste Helindone Yellow AGC Paste Helindone Send Sender R Azanile S R Azanile B Azanile B Azanile R Azanile R Azanile R Azanile R Azanile R Azanile B IR Paste Diamine Orange B Helindone Brilliant Blue I R Paste Diamine Orange B Alohanol Blue BRN Cone.	NUNDANA MANA MANA MANA NA MANA MANA MANA M
Brilliant Cochineal 4 R	N C
Dyes Imported in May	
Hydron Pink F F Paste Vat Golden Orange RRT Powder Vat Golden Orange G Double Paste Vat Golden Orange RRT Paste	N C N C N C
Dyes Imported in June	
Hydron Pink F F Paste Diamine Orange B Crystal Violet P Eriochrome Green L 945 Anthracene Brown R D Paste Alizarine Black W R Powder Vat Orange 4 R Powder	N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C C C N C C C C C N C

Vat Blue GGSZ Double Paste	N	0
Tr. D. Dobb Double Laste	7.4	-
Vat B.ue R Z Double Faste		C
Vat B.ue R Z Double Faste Anthra Brown B Double Paste		00000000000000000
Alizarine Direct Blue B G A O O Brilliant Indigo B Paste Vat Violet B N Powder Vat Orange RRT Paste Fine Vat Orange RRT Paste Vat Bed K Paste		-
Alizarine Direct Flue B G A O O	N	C
Brilliant Indigo P Paste	TAT	60
Transfer and the state of the s	TA	-
Vat Violet B N Powder	ZZZZZZZ	C
Vat Orange RRT Paste Fine	NI	C
The Change Mar Laste Pille	7.4	~
Vat Orange KKI Paste	N	C
Vat Red R K Paste	NT	C
Vat Orange 3 R Paste Vat Brilliant Violet RR Paste Fine Alizarine Cyanine Green G Extra Powder. Vat Golden Orange RRT Paste	7.4	-
Vat Orange 3 R Paste	N	C
Vat Brilliant Violet PR Pacta Fine	-	C
The same violet less I ask I the second		-
Alizarine Cyanine Green G Extra Powder		C
Vat Colden Orange DDT Paste	BT	63
Vat Golden Glange KRI Faste	NNN	-
Vat Red R K Paste Indanthrene Golden Orange RRT Paste Indanthrene Brown B Double Paste	N	C
Indanthrene Colden Orange PPT Posts	M	C
Indaminene Gorden Orange KKI. Paste	7.4	•
Indanthrene Brown B Double Paste		C
Vat Violet B N Powder	N	6
Age Alorer D V Lowdel	TA	•
Dyes Imported in July		
		-
indanthrene Blue GCD Double Paste		C
Indanthrene Blue GCD Double Paste Benzo Rhodamine Red 3 B	NIN NINNN NINNNN NINN	C
Dente Knowalline Well & D	7.4	~
Diazo Fast Yellow 2 G	N	C
Chloromine Ped 9 PS	BT	0
Chioramine Red o bo	7.4	-
Guinea Fast Red 2 R		C
Winter Dies 67774 large lumes		č
water blue 6//4 large lumps		
Developing Blue B		C
Fue Dive Phole C D	3.7	60
Ful Dide Black S D	7.4	-
Zambesi Brown 2 G	N	C
Brillianton Orange R	MI	0
Dillitation Clarke R	74	-
Cotonerol A V Extra Cotonerol A Extra	N	C
Cotonerol A Extra	M	C
Cotoneroi A Extra	14	-
Wool Black GRF Brilliant Congo R Zambesi Pink B Extra		C
Prilliant Congo P	BT	0
Dilliant Congo K	7.4	-
Zambesi Pink B Extra	N	C
	NI	C
Aceto Luipuine o b	74	~
Cotonerol A Extra	ZZZZZZ	C
Vet Ded D V Paste	NI	6
Vat Keu K h laste	14	_
Cvananthrol B G A O O	N	c
Vat Pad Violet DDV Pasts	D.T	C
Vat Red Violet RRE Paste	N	-
Immedial Purple C	N	С
Hydron Sky Blue EK Posts	TAT	C
Vat Red R K Paste Cyananthrol B G A O O Vat Red Violet RRK Paste Immedial Purple C Hydron Sky Blue FK Peste	NNN	-
	N	C
Cibanone Orange 6 R Powder	N	C
City of the control o	74	č
Cibanone Orange & K Powier	N	C
Cibanone Blue 2 G Powder	N	C
Chiaman Park (Law B	N	ĕ
Chlorantine Fast Grey B	N	C
Chemicals Imported in July		
		-
Developer Z Dyes Imported in August		C
Dyes Imported in August		
Wast Past Black B I	BT .	0
WOOI Past Dive to L	14	-
Celatine Blue	N	Č:
Celatine Blue Diazo Fast Violet 3RL		13
Diazo Fast Violet 3KL	N	
Rhodamine 6G Extra	N	C
17 . D. 1 DIZ D		
Vat Red RK Paste Vat Violet BN Paste Indanthrene Yellow G Double Paste	N	C
Vat Violet BN Paste	N	C
Indenthrana Vallow C Double Paste		C
Indanthrene reliow (Double Paste	-	C
Soudan O B	N	C
Soudan A B	N	(*
Soulan V D	TM	-
Chamberle Township by Assessed		
Chemicals Imperted in August		
T - f - ab -		0
Jacinthe		C
Phenyl Acetic Aldehyde		C
C. diam Talida and Cununcal		Č.
Sodium lodide and Guayacol		-
Sodium Iodide Salicylate & Colchicine		C
Sodium Iodide and Guayacol		c
Sodium lodide Salicylate		0
Methyl Methyle Anthranilate	N	C
Methylacetophenone	-	0
Methylacetophenone		-

The Oil Market

Current Spot Quotations of Oils, Tallows, Greases, page 1271

TALLOW AND PALM OIL HIGHER

Active Demand and Limited Supplies Strengthen Market—Rise in Tallow Affects Red Oil and Stearic Acid —Coconut Oils Higher—Linseed Oil Advanced—Castor Oil Up—Chinawood Oil Lower—Fish Oils Firm— Turpentine Easier—Rosins Higher

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands) Advanced

Castor Oil, 1/2c lb.
Coconut Oil, 1/2c@1/4c lb.
Cottonseed Oil, crude, 1/2c lb.
Greases, 1/2c@1/2c lb.
Lard Oil, 1/2c@1/2c lb.
Linseed Oil, 3c gal.
Neatsfoot Oil, 1/2c lb.
Palm Oil, 1/2c@1/2c lb.
Red Oil, 1/2c@1/2c lb.

anced
Stearic Acid, 1/2c fb.
Tallow, 1/3c fb.
Tallow Oil, 1/3c fb.
Rosins, 10c@25c unit
Oleo Oil, 2-3c fb.
Soya Bean Oil, 1/3c fb.
Sperm Oil, 5c gal.
Menhaden Oil, crude, 11/2c fb.

Declined

Chinawood Oil, 4c@1/2c fb. Corn Oil, ref., 1/2c fb. crude, 1/2c fb. Sesame Oil, 1/2c lb. Turpentine, 1/2c gal.

Tre	nd of t	he Ma		_		_
	Today		Last		War Peak	Pre. War
Cod Oil, N. Fgal.	\$.62	\$.62	\$.59	\$.70	\$1.26	\$.261/2
Degras, American, bbltb.	.0434	.0434	.0454	.0334	.23	.031/
Lard No. 1gal.	.95	.92	.88	.79	2.90	.92
Menhaden, crd. bblsgal,		.523/	.50	.50	1.20	.33
Neatsfoot, 20 deg. c.tgal.	1.35	1.31	1.45	1.24	3.45	.95
Red Oil, distilled fb.			.091/2	.091/2	.17	.07
Stearic Acid, T. P tb.		.13	.131/2	.141/2	.33	.12
Coconut, Cey on, bblstb.		.10%	,103/8	.10	.90	.14
Cottonseed, crude, tks tb.		.0834	.081/8	.091/2	.25	.08
Linseed, crudegal.		1.03	1.02	.95	1.85	.57
Olive, denaturedgal.		1.25	1.25	1.10	4.50	1.05
Peanut, retinedtb.		.17	-17	.151/2	.30	.08
Soya Bean, bbls			.123/4	.11	.191/2	.07
Average	0.501	0.492	0.496	0.467	1.30	0.362

Considerable inquiry and increased activity in the market for fatty oils was reported in practically all quarters during the week which produced numerous advances in animal, vegetable and fish oils. Supplies in a number of oils, especially palm oil, have been decidedly small and far from satisfying the demand. As a result tallow has been in demand and prices rose sharply at the close of last week. Following in the wake of the tallow rise were advances in red oil and stearic acid while neatsfoot oil, lard and lard oils and oleo oil also contributed to the upward trend. Activity in coconut oil resulted in a sharply higher market. Linseed oil was again advanced, this time 3c, in the face of a bumper flaxseed crop of 29,200,000 bushels, in the Northwest. Crushers have little oil for prompt delivery and the shortage has resulted in the higher quotations. In contrast to this is the easier position of chinawood oil due to speculative operations. Crude cottonseed oil gained slightly. Castor oil has been advanced. Fish oils continue firm owing to limited supplies. Turpentine is easier while rosins have advanced.

Vegetable Oils

Castor Oil—Higher prices and limited supplies of seed have caused crushers to advance prices and they now quote No. 1, 17½c@18c lb. and No. 3, 17c@17½c lb.

Chinawood Oil—Owing to speculative operations and reported short selling, buyers have held off and the market has eased off from the recent high. Spot oil in

cooperage named at 16c@164c lb.; Nov.-Dec. arrival, N. Y., in barrels, 154c lb. and tanks, 15½c lb.; Coast, tanks, 14½c@144c lb.

Coconut Oil—Consumers are showing more interest and buying has been on a broader scale. Prices are stronger and all grades are reported selling at higher prices. Ceylon in tanks, N. Y., 93/c lb. and bbls., 111/4c lb.; Cochin, tanks, N. Y., 101/2c lb.; Manila, spot, 93/4c lb. in tanks and at the Coast, 91/2c lb.

Corn Oil—An easier tone is reported in this oil with crude sales at 10c lb. at the mills, buyers' tanks. Refined in bbls., 13½c lb., spot.

Cottonseed Oil—A steadier market has been noticeable during the week and net changes in the P.S.Y. market were negligible. Crude oil at the mills gained slightly to 834c@9c lb. P.S.Y. quotations ranged from 10½c@11c lb. as to position. Refined winter yellow held at 13c lb.

Linseed Oil—In spite of the large flaxseed crop fore-cast of 29,200,000 bushels, as against 17,400,000 bushels last year, linseed oil continues to advance. Spot supplies are decidedly scarce and crushers have advanced their prices for all positions. Most buyers are covered for nearby delivery and are not interested in the far positions. Spot oil in carlots, \$1.06 and in small lots \$1.09. Nov., \$1.01@\$1.03; Dec.-April, \$1.00. Flaxseed prices in the Northwest are slightly lower. Winnipeg, opened the week, Oct., \$2.36; Nov., \$2.26; Dec., \$2.22. Duluth, Oct., \$2.45; Nov., \$2.47; Dec., \$1.27; Minneapolis, Oct., \$2.41; Nov., \$2.40½; Dec., \$2.46. Buenos Aires, higher, \$2.21.

Olive Oil—Sale of a carload of denatured olive oil is reported at \$1.25 gal. Smaller quantities up to \$1.30 quoted. Olive oil foots continue firm, 9½c@9½c lb., spot and 9½c lb. for shipment. The outlook is for firm prices owing to an expected short crop in two European producing countries.

Palm Oil—Although over 2,500 casks arrived at New York last week this was almost wholly sold to arrive and did not relieve the situation. Spot stocks are scarce and increasing demand has forced prices up further. Lagos held at 9c@91/4c lb. and Niger, 85/6c lb., spot.

Peanut Oil—Limited supplies and firm prices with refined oil held at 17c@171/2c lb. in barrels.

Rapeseed Oil—Refined is firm at 94c@95c gal. and blown at \$1.02@\$1.05.

Soya Bean Oil—Supplies are not too plentiful and a stronger fone is reported with crude oil higher at 11½c lb. in tanks, Coast, 11½c lb., N. Y. Barrels, spot, 13½c lb. Refined, 14c@14½c lb.

Animal Oils

Lard Oil—All grades have advanced following the sudden rise in lard and tallow. Edible is higher, 2056c lb.; extra, 151/4c lb.; No. 1, 123/4c lb.

Neatsfoot Oil—Advances were recorded in all grades and improved buying is reported. Cold test, 20°, named at 18c lb.; pure, 154c lb.; extra, 134c lb.; No. 1, 124c lb.

Red Oil—Following the rise in raw material, makers have advanced their prices and are now quoting tank car business, 9½c@9¾c lb.; distilled and saponified, barrels, 10½c@10½c lb., carlots.

Stearic Acid-Higher costs of production owing to

the rise in tallow, has forced makers to advance prices. Single pressed named at 11c@11½c lb.; double pressed, 11½c@12c lb.; triple pressed, 13½c@14c lb.

Tallow—Limited supply of palm oil has brought in buyers and supplies have been well taken up. Sales to Western oils made at 936c lb. while in the East sales are reported at 93/2c@958c lb. for the extra loose.

Tallow Oil—Producers quoting higher prices on fair business. Acidless, in tanks, N. Y., 9½c@956c lb.; bbls., 1234c lb.

Fish Oils

Cod Oil—Fair routine demand is reported with prices firm and steady. Tanks held at 55c@57c gal. and bbls., 62c@65c gal., N .Y.

Menhaden Oil—Reports from the fishing points are far from encouraging as to catches and yields. It is expected that fishing companies will not wait till the end of the regular season to cut out the boats. Little oil is available and sales of crude have been made at 54c with producers asking 55c at mills. Refined oils are firm with light strained, 68c@70c lb.; yellow bleached, 71c@72c lb.

Sperm Oil—Buying has shown improvement and with supplies somewhat limited prices have advanced 5c gal.; 38° cold test oil, N. Y., held at 92c@93c gal. and 45° oil, 90c gal. in bbls.

Naval Stores

Turpentine—Savannah price dropped to 80c at which level it held steady for the greater part of the week. Little interest was shown last week by domestic buyers. Foreign buying is expected to improve. New York prices steady, 87½c@88c gal. for spirits.

Rosins—Demand has been holding up well and advances from 10c@25c were recorded in all grades during the week. New York quotations: B to H, \$7.00; I, K, \$7.05; M, \$7.10; N, \$7.25; WG, \$8.00; WW, \$8.65.

TURPENTINE LOWER AT SAVANNAH

(Special Correspondence to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Savannah, Ga., Oct. 20.-Turpentine closed the week steady, 80c, slightly lower than a week ago, when the price was 8034c. The price touched 811/2c early in the week, but declined quickly to 80c, where it appears firmly fixed. While there has been a steady amount of buying for early shipment, buyers have been showing indifference in supplies or prompt delivery. Shipment of about 14,000 barrels on one tank steamer for British account is expected within the next week or two. Receipts for the first half of October at the various markets showed a decline of about 45 per cent. Receipts for the week, 2,861 bbls.; sales, 1,406 bbls.; p. t. sales probably 1,000 bbls.; shipments, 3,160 bbls.; stock, 12,407 bbls. Rosins closed firm following an active week during which prices advanced from 30c to 60c in different grades due to small offerings. Prices appear to have reached the top but may be sustained by better European buying, especially for German account. Receipts for the week, 9,733 bbls.; sales, 6,639 bbls.; shipments, 12,042 bbls.; stock, 104,057 bbls.

Jacksonville, Oct. 18.—Turpentine closed firm 803/4c

Jacksonville, Oct. 18.—Turpentine closed firm 8034c with a bid of 8034c for 77 bbls. being refused. Stocks, 31,743 bbls. Rosins closed firm with buyers bidding

freely. Stocks, 116,420 bbls.

The fishing schooner, Virginia, bound for Baltimore heavily loaded with menhaden oil, sprung aleak and is reported beached and full of water about two miles above Cove Point on Chesapeake Bay. It is believed the cargo is a total loss.

John Lucas, director of John Lucas & Co., Inc., and a grandson of the founder of the business, died in his fortieth year on Oct. 11 at Mamaroneck, N. Y.

PAINT MFRS. TO SIMPLIFY CONTAINERS (Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Atlantic City, N. J., Oct. 22.—The National Paint, Oil and Varnish Manufacturers' Association, through its educational bureau, in convention at the Ambassador Hotel, decided to co-operate with the Committee on Simplification of Production formed by Herbert Hoover, Secretary of Commerce. One of the things suggested by the bureau which will come up for decision later at the full sessions of the association, was the elimination of certain ungainly sizes of paint and varnish containers.

The effort to develop a domestic supply of tung oil for use in the manufacture of many paints and varnishes and make the industry independent of China for its supply of the oil was reported to be meeting with great success. Millions of Chinawood seedlings planted on a large tract at Gainesville, Fla., have developed satisfactorily, after twelve years of experimenting, and in five years the promoters of the plan expect to produce a supply to meet all demands.

a supply to meet all demands.

E. H. Hancock, of Louisville, Ky., former president of the Varnish Association, declared that unfair practices, such as commercial bribery, misrepresentation of goods, short weights and measures had been practically

eliminated.

S. B. Woodbridge said that the work of the unfair competition bureau maintained at Washington would be continued on a large scale to keep the industry clean.

Officers chosen by the Varnish Association are: S. B. Woodbridge, Wilmington, president; Charles J. Roh, Newark, first vice-president; L. Valentine Pulsifer, New York, second vice-president; George Heckel, Philadelphia, secretary.

Members of the board of directors are: Ford M. Clapp, Cleveland; J. Warren Armitage, Newark; Clare H. Hall, Milwaukee; O. C. Hayward, Chicago; L. M. Ducommun, San Francisco; and Wells Martin, Chicago.

The Paint Manufacturers' Association of the United States closed its convention with the election of the

following officers:

Dr. D. A. Kohr, Dayton, O., president; L. P. Moore, Brooklyn, retiring president, now first vice-president; Charles R. Cook, Kansas City, second vice-president; George B. Heckel, Philadelphia, secretary-treasurer.

Board of directors: E. S. Phillips, New York City; A. M. Woodward, Detroit; Frank L. Sulzberger, Chicago; E. A. Warfield, Louisville, and F. M. Brininstone,

Los Angeles.

Arthur S. Somers, New York, delivered the opening address at the meeting of the National Paint, Oil and Varnish Association on Tuesday. Other speakers were Granville N. Breinig, Hoboken; Charles J. Roh, Newark; Ernest T. Trigg, Philadelphia.

MENHADEN SEASON IS POOR (Special to Drug & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Baltimore, Oct. 22.—Menhaden fishing in Chesapeake Bay continues poor. The present season is said to be the worst in twenty-five years. The fish are plentiful but cannot be rounded up in large schools. Unfavorable weather earlier in the season was blamed, but better weather recently has brought no improvement. Some time ago a number of the steamers quit because they could not make expenses. The catch last week is put at 3,000,000 fish, or 300 tons of fish scrap for the entire fleet of the Reedville section.

The Government October forecast of the domestic flaxseed crop of 29,200,000 bushels compared with the September forecast of 29,000,000 bushels. Last year 17,400,000 bushels were harvested and the 1918-22 average was 9,900,000 bushels.

Chemicals for Consuming Industries

Heavy Chemicals, page 1256, Tan and Dyestuff, page 1273, Fatty Oils, page 1271

CHEMICAL MARKET AWAITS ELECTION

Buyers Continue to Hold Off "Till After Election"— Lack of Demand and Pressure Does Not Weaken Prices—November Should See Heavy Buying—May Force Up Prices

"We are not going to buy any raw materials until after election." This appears to be a routine reply to solicitation for chemical contracts over 1925. Apparently, if the right man is elected on Nov. 4, the buyers will enter the market en masse. November should see rather heavy buying of chemicals, if this is the case, and likewise higher prices. If the wrong candidate is elected, it is evidently the intention of many chemical consumers to close up shop, and spend the next four years fishing. Outside of the "till after election" hesitation, the market appears fundamentally strong. Lack of demand and the refusal of many contract buyers to sign up just yet, has not weakened prices. Values resist pressure very well and are unquestionably in a position to respond to any marked expansion in buying, either from spot stocks or for 1925 delivery.

Agricultural Chemicals

Trend of the Market

	Today	Last	Last			
Acid Sulfuric, 66°ton	\$14.00	\$14.00	\$14.00	\$15.00	\$55.00	\$20.00
Ammonium Sulfate, 100 lbs.					7.75	2.65
Arsenielb.		.0634	.0734	.12	.18	.04
Copper Sulfate100 lbs.	4.60	4.60	4.60	5.00	20.00	4.50
Paris Green	.25	.25	.25	.29	.50	.11
Potash Muriate, 90% ton	31.10	31.10	31.10	35.55	475.00	39.57
Potash Suifate, 90% .ton	41 27	41.27	41.27	45.67	440.00	48.07
Phosphate Rock, 68%ton	2.25	2.25	2.25	3 25	11 00	3 00
Phosphate, Acid, 16%-ton	8.75	8.75	8.25	8.00	21.00	15.00
Sodium Nitrate100 lbs.	2.40	2.40	2.45	2.45	5.00	1.00
Average	10.734	10.734	10.677	11,780	103,54	13 84

Trading in fertilizer materials was restricted last week and confined mainly to small quantities. Recent high prices have tended to cause buyers to hold off but prices showed slight reaction to the lack of interest. Supplies in a number of items continue small and consequently prices remained firm. Fish scrap, especially, has been scarce and prices are firm. Ammonium sulfate is in limited supply.

Fertilizers

Ammoniates—No change is reported in the market for fish scrap. If anything supplies are smaller than ever and holders are firm in the quotations of \$4.80 for dried scrap at works; acid scrap, \$4.25 and 50; dried blood at N. Y. held at \$3.75@\$4.00, and Chicago, \$3.90@\$4.00; steamed bone meal, Balt. basis, \$24.00@\$26.00 ton; tankage is a trifle easier at \$2.40 and 10, N. Y. high grade, Chicago, \$3.85 and 10.

Ammonium Sulfate—While prices are unchanged and supplies and production small, little interest was shown by buyers during the week. Producers have little to offer as contract deliveries are taking care of present production. Prices are named at \$2.55@\$2.60 for bulk at works. Export business was quiet owing to the high prices asked, \$2.90@\$3.00, f.a.s., in double bags.

Sodium Nitrate—Little activity is reported in this material. Prices are inclined to be a trifle easy and though generally quoted at \$2.40 for spot goods, this price is being shaded in some quarters. Futures are quoted at \$2.42½.

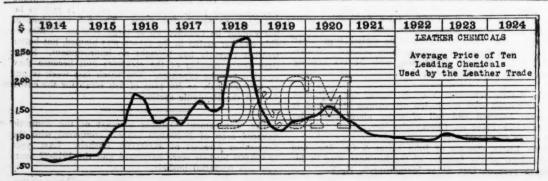
Phosphate Acid—Shipments are going out regularly and prices are holding firm with 16% material held at 8.75.

Potash Salts—Little new in the situation. Shipments are arriving steadily from abroad for domestic accounts and new business is steady. Consumption of potash is expected to show considerable increase this year. Prices are holding at recent schedule with discounts according to quantity. Potassium muriate, 80%, \$34.55 ton; sulfate, 90%, \$45.85; double manure salt, 48%, \$26.35; 30% manure salt, \$17.03; 20%, \$10.55. Prices c.i.f. Atlantic and Gulf ports.

Insecticides and Fungicides

Arsenicals—Demand for white arsenic is confined mainly to industrial uses at present. Offerings are plentiful and prices are holding around 6½c@7c lb. according to seller and quantity. No interest is being shown in calcium arsenate at present.

Copper Salts—Domestic buying is practically at a standstill except for occasional small lots for industrial consumption. Some fairly good buying has taken place for South American account to be shipped during the next month. Copper metal has strengthened and is fractionally higher, but has not and is not expected to



INDUSTRIAL CHEMICAL SECTION

have any effect upon the sulfate. Prices are holding at \$4.60 for carlot quantities and up to \$4.90 for jobbing lots. Imported held at \$4.40@\$4.50, spot. Copper carbonate has been moving well for use in the wheat belt. Prices are named at 16c@17c lb.

Leather Chemicals

lres	d of t	ht Mar	ket			
Acid, Acetic, 28%	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.38	\$17.00	\$1.50
Acid, Lactic. 22% daik		.12	.13	.12	1.501/2	.07
Potassium Bichromate	.083/4	.083/4	.0834	.093/	-65	.063/4
Epsom Salt, tech Sodium Prussiate, Imp	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.75	3.75 1.25	1.00
Soda Ash, 38% wks	1.38	1.38	1.38	1 45	4.10	69
Sodium Bichromate Sodium Hyposulfite, pea	.063/4 2.50	2.50	.07 2.50	2.75	.45 3.75	1.80
Sodium Sulnde, 60% wks	031/2	.031/2	.031/2	.043/		.0234
Average	.925	.925	.925	.989	3.267	.528

With the tanning industry still waiting for increased consumption of leather materials the demand for leather chemicals and tanning materials is slow. Limited stocks of a few tanning materials are keeping prices firm, while chemicals are not expected to go lower. Vegetable and animal oils continue to move toward higher levels. Fish oils are also stronger. Higher cost of corn is making for higher prices in lactic acid.

Acids—Sellers of mineral acids have advanced their prices for trucking business in carboy quantities. Sulturic and hydrochloric acids are 15c higher, and nitric, 25c higher. Acetic acid is in good demand and steady at \$3.12@\$3.37 or 28% in barrels; 56%, \$5.85@\$6.10; glacial, \$11.01@\$11.76; formic is moving at 11½c@12c lb.; oxalic is quiet but unchanged, 9½c@10c lb.; recent

advances in the corn market have increased the cost of production of lactic acid and higher prices are anticipated in this item; dark, 22%, now named at 5c@5½c lb., and light, 6c@6½c lb.; 44%, dark, 10½c@11c lb., and light, 12½c@13c lb.

Alkalis—No intimation as to when next year's contract prices will be announced has been given out but they may now be expected any day. Deliveries on contract are well up to normal for this time of the year, according to manufacturers. Caustic soda is held at \$3.10 for 76% solid in carlots at works on contract and 10c higher spot works; 1/c/1 business in metropolitan district going on at \$3.76@\$3.91, delivered, for solid and \$4.16@\$4.31 for ground and flake. Soda ash on contract is named at \$1.25 in carlots, bulk, \$1.38 in bags, and \$1.63 in barrels, for 58% light. Spot business in 1/c/1 quantities, \$2.04@\$2.19 in bags, delivered, and \$2.29 @\$2.44 in barrels.

Chemicals—Bichromates are holding at recent levels with new business being taken on at 834c lb. for the potassium salt and 634c lb. for the soda; sal ammoniac moving at 64c lb. for the imported, and 74c@74c lb. for domestic; Glauber's salt is firm at \$1.25 for domestic while imported is offered at 90c; Epsom salt is easier at \$1.35 spot for imported; domestic holding at \$1.75; red arsenic held at 15c@15½c lb.; formaldehyde, 9c@94c lb.; potassium titanium oxalate, 25c@30c lb.; sodium hyposulfite unchanged, 2½c@234c lb.; sodium sulfide crystals, 2c@2½c lb.; solid, 3c@3½c lb.; sodium prussiate, 9½c @934c lb., spot, and shipment, 87%c lb. duty paid.

Tanning Materials—Showing fair movement but far from satisfactory from sellers' viewpoint. Prices are firm with myrobalans \$46@\$48 ton for J1, and \$34@\$36

THE CLEVELAND-CLIFFS IRON COMPANY, CLEVELAND, OHIO

FLOTATION OILS

DISTRIBUTING WAREHOUSES

NEW YORK
BOSTON
BALTIMORE
PHILADELPHIA
PITTSBURGH

CLEVELAND DETROIT CINCINNATI LOUISVILLE MINNEAPOLIS BURLINGTON CHICAGO ST. LOUIS KANSAS CITY LOS ANGELES

PLANTS Marquette and Antrim, Mich-

for J2; sumac is scarce \$170 ton; wattle bark is firm, \$37@\$39 ton; extracts moving at 2c@3c lb.; gambier, common, 15c lb., and liquid, 12c@14c lb.; osage orange, 7c@8c lb.; quebracho, 3c@3½c lb.

Oils—Crushers have advanced linseed oil 3c gal. to \$1.09 for small lots; castor oil is higher, 17c lb. for No. 3; neatsfoot oil has advanced to 1234c lb. for pure; crude menhaden oil is higher at 54c gal. but refined oils are unchanged at 68c@70c gal. for light strained; cod oil is firm, 62c@65c gal. in barrels; sperm oil is 5c higher, 92c@93c gal. for 38°; degras held at 3½c@4½c lb.

TANNERS COMPLAIN OF FOREIGN CALF

Manufacturers of calf leather are organizing to present a petition to President Coolidge or to Congress seeking to have full protection extended in the tariff laws to offset the handicap under which the industry is laboring from the severe competition now being encountered from the cheap material which is being manufactured in Belgium, Germany, Austria and Czechoslovakia, which is being imported here in increasing quantities.

"How can we compete successfully against this invasion," asked Sylvan Barnett, of Barnett Leather Co., who returned from Europe last week, "when one figures the cost of labor and materials and the cost of living abroad with what we have to pay here? Compared with America they have every advantage. They are preparing there for a big consumption of calfskin leather here. The tendency is to stabilize economic conditions, due to the settlement of the reparation problem. The cost of labor abroad is only one-quarter to one-third of what it is here."

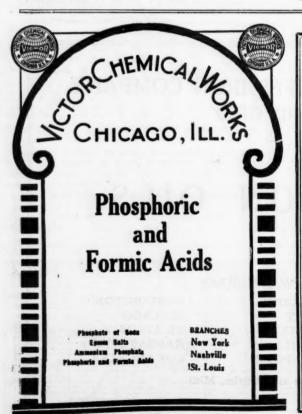
The Federal Reserve Bank of Boston finds that the hide and leather trade of New England continues to improve. Surplus stocks have been greatly reduced and the industry draws nearer to a stable basis. The paper business shows further increase and from now on more rapid strides are anticipated, particularly in the lower grades. A decidedly better tone is noted in the unbleached sulfite market with slowly advancing prices.

Conditions in the textile and shoe and leather industries of eastern Massachusetts are showing considerable improvement, according to a statement made to President Coolidge by Charles E. Littlefield, of Lynn, Mass., invited by the chief executive to become a guest of the White House over the week-end that he might give the President first hand information as to his visits to Massachusetts industrial centers.

Paper Chemicals

Tre	nd of	the Ma	rket			
	Today	Last Week	Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Aluminum Sulfate					\$5.50	\$1.50
Bleaching Powder	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.25	9.50	1.50
Casein	.101/	.105/	.105/2	.151/2	.28	.20
China Clay, Dom			10.00	10.00	25.00	8.00
Chlorine c/l Cyl			.051/2	.041/2	.50	.08
Salt Cake		19.00	19.00	21.00	80.00	11.00
Sodium Silicate, 40°	.80	.80	.80	.80	1.75	2.00
Soda Ash		1.38	1.38	1.45	4.10	.69
Sulfur		18.00	18 00	18.00	65.00	20.00
Rosin F grade	7.00	6.75	6.35	5.85	4.50	20.25
Average	6.00	6.00	5.960	6.414	13.30	5.50

While consumption of paper chemicals is showing a gradual improvement, buyers are still hesitant in antici-





pating their future requirements and sellers are delaying announcement of contract prices in several items. Announcement of 1925 prices in alkalis and bleaches within the next few weeks. Miscellaneous chemicals are holding steady.

Alkalis—No intimation as to when next year's contract prices will be announced has been given out but they may now be expected any day. Deliveries on contract are well up to normal for this time of the year, according to manufacturers. Caustic soda is held at \$3.10 for 76% solid in carlots at works on contract and 10c higher spot works; 1/c/1 business in metropolitan district going on at \$3.76@\$3.91, delivered, for solid and \$4.16@\$4.31 for ground and flake. Soda ash on contract is named at \$1.25 in carlots, bulk, \$1.38 in bags, and \$1.63 in barrels, for 58% light. Spot business in 1/c/1 quantities, \$2.04@\$2.19 in bags, delivered, and \$2.29 @\$2.44 in barrels.

Bleaches—The first half of October was reported satisfactory and shipments were above those for the first half of Sept. Makers are not yet ready to announce prices for next year but the period for booking business is close at hand and announcement may be expected any day. Present prices are firm with bleaching powder held at \$1.90 in carlots of large drums at works; less than carlots, \$2.05. Liquid chlorine is held at 4½c lb. in tanks at works; carlots of cylinders, 5½c lb.; less carlots of cylinders, 6½c lb.; less carlots of cylinders, 6½c lb.; ton lots and less, 7½c lb.

Chemicals—Aluminum sulfate is steady at \$2.25@\$2.35 for the iron-free and \$1.35 for the commercial; salt cake is holding at \$18@\$20 ton; blanc fixe, \$75@\$80 ton; satin white, \$1.45@\$1.50.

Sizings-Competition is keeping the market unsettled

with offerings of odd lots around 10c lb. though generally held at 10½c lb. Rosins have been in good demand and all grades have advanced. Quotations New York: B to H, \$7.00; I, K, \$7.05; M, \$7.10; N, \$7.25; WG, \$8.00; WW, \$8.65.

Rubber Chemicals

Tre	nd of	the Ma	rket			
		Last	Last	Last	War	Pre-
	Today	Week	Month	Year	Peak	War
Antimony Sulfide Crim	\$.39	\$.39	\$.39	\$.35	\$.45	\$.35
Carbon Bisulfide	.06	.06	.06	.06	.50	.10
Carbon Black	.09	.09	.12	.15	.30	.14
China Clay, Imp	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	20.00	14.00
Hexamethylene	.821/2	.821/	.821/2	.97	1.35	
Iron Oxide, Span	.03	.03	.033/2	.04	.043/2	.05
Lithopone	.065%	.0634	.0614	.06	.08	.04
Sulfur	3.05	3.05	3.05	2.50	6.50	2.75
Whiting, Dom	14.00	14.00	14.00	18.00	30.00	11.00
Zinc Oxide, Amer	.08	.08	.083/4	.07	.091/2	.09
		.08	.083/4	.07	.091/2	.0

Average 3.458 3.458 3.464 3.820 5.931

Expansion in demand for rubber chemicals was noted during the week. Inquiries have not affected the entire line as yet. Activity in carbon black keeps up in spite of the reported over-production. The low prices for this item have stimulated buying, but whether the large amounts disposed of have fallen into speculative hands has not been ascertained. Sellers think that most of the material has gone into consuming channels. Imported barytes is firm, and stocks are said to be scarce.

Acid—Acetic is in steady demand at unchanged prices. Quoted at \$3.12@\$3.37 cwt. for 28 per cent material; \$5.85@\$6.10 for 56 per cent; \$7.20@\$7.45 for 70 per cent; \$8.19@\$8.44 for 80 per cent, commercial; \$9.98

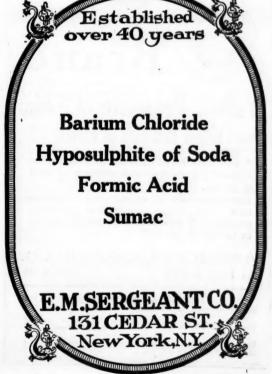
HE&G.

Nickel ₄ Anodes Nickel Salts

The HARSHAW, FULLER & GOODWIN CO.

Hanna Building, Cleveland

New York Philadelphia Chicago Cincinnati St. Louis Los Angeles



@\$10.23 for 80 per cent, pure; and \$11.00@\$11.75 for glacial goods.

Accelerators—Makers report a steady demand for their products. Aniline oil is named at 16c@17c lb. works, and 17c@18c lb. spot as to quantity. Diphenyl-quantidine is quoted steady by makers at \$1.10@\$1.15 lb. spot as to seller and quantity. Hexamethylene is moving in fair quantities at 82½c@85c lb. spot as to quantity. Litharge is active at 10½c@11c lb. spot. Quincidine is easy at 40c lb. spot in drums. Thiocarbanilide remains unchanged at 27c@29c lb. spot.

Colors and Compounding Materials—A broadening in demand has been noticed. Antimony sulfurette is active at 19c@24c lb. spot for golden, and 39c@50c lb. for crimson material. Blanc fixe is steady at 4c@4½c lb. f.o.b. New York. Carbon black is active at 5¾c lb. works in c/l, and 9c@10c lb. spot in lc/l for ordinary, 10c@11c lb. for air floated, and 9c@10c lb. for compressed material. Magnesium carbonate is easy at 6½c@7c lb. spot as to quantity, and calcined at 4½c@5c lb. Talc is steady at \$14@\$15 ton works or \$25@\$26 ton ex-warehouse for domestic; French, \$40@\$45 ton; and \$23@\$25 ton for imported goods. Whiting is active at \$18@\$19 ton for imported, and \$13@\$15 ton for domestic. Zinc oxide is in small demand at 8½c@9c lb. &pot.

Mineral Rubber—Steady at \$35@\$75 ton spot as to seller and quality.

Solvents—Goods are moving in spite of the keen competition. C.P. acetone steady at 16c@17c lb. works in c/l. Pure benzene is scarce and firm at 25c gal. works in tanks, and 30c gal. in drums. Ninety per cent material quoted at 23c gal. in tanks, and 28c gal. in drums.

Carbon bisulfide is in steady demand at 6c@6½c lb. spot. Carbon tetrachloride is in keen competition, but stocks are gradually moving at 6½c@7c lb.

Sulfur—Demand routine only at \$3.05@\$3.30 cwt.; and superfine, \$2.50@\$2.90. Sulfur chloride is in active demand at 6c@7c lb. for red, and 5c@6c lb. for yellow material.

RUBBER CRUDE MATERIALS ADVANCING

Reduction in tire prices by leading manufacturers has come at a time when the trend of crude rubber and fabric is upward, and this situation presents a new problem for the industry. Within the last week crude rubber has been reaching new highs on the recovery and is selling at 32 cents a pound, compared with a recent low of around 24 cents. Meanwhile fabric and cord tires are selling at the lowest prices in years. Manufacturers have been operating on a narrow profit margin and the latest price cuts, 3% to 6%, will add to their difficulties. At the same time the advance in crude rubber affects the cost of producing mechanical and footwear lines.

In its first preliminary semi-annual survey of automobile tires and inner tubes held by United States dealers on Oct. 1, the Department of Commerce states casings totaled 1,127,306, according to reports from 21,801 dealers, against 1,648,993 casings held by 17,500 dealers on April 1.

The Falls City Dyeing Co., incorporated for \$100,000, will operate a silk dyeing plant at Paterson, N. J.



Yellow Prussiate of Soda Yellow Prussiate of Potash

A new method of production ensures the highest purity, in small crystals as well as large.

Raw materials, all of our own manufacture, and large production capacity, guarantee a dependable source of supply, at favorable prices.

AMERICAN CYANAMID CO.
511 Fifth Avenue New York

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Henry W. Peabody & Co., 17 State St., New York LES AGENTS:
For shipment to other countries:
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Coronation House, 4
Lloyd's Ave., London,
Cable Address:
Blagdenite, London



Textile Chemicals

Trend of the Market	Trend	of	the	Market
---------------------	-------	----	-----	--------

	Today		Last Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre. War
Acid, Acetic, 28%	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.12	\$3.38	\$17.00	\$1.50
Acid Oxalic	.091/2	.0914	.091/2	.113/4	.70	.073/2
Bleaching Powder	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.25	9.50	1.50
Copper Sulfate	4.60	4.60	4.60	5.00	20.00	4.50
Epsom Salt, U.S.P	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	4.25	1.50
Glauber's Salt	1,25	1.25	1.20	1.30	2,50	.80
Potash, Caustic, Imp		.07	.063/4	.071/4	.87	.12
Soda Ash, 58% wks	1.38	1.38	1.38	1.45	1.10	.69
Soda Caustic, 76% wks		3.10	3.10	3.161/2	9.50	1.80
Sodium Bichromate	.063/4	.063/4	.067/8	.071/8	.45	.043/4
		_				
Average	1.778	1.778	1.778	1.808	4,800	1.42

Although numerous textile mills have resumed operations, buying is taking place on a conservative scale and the increased consumption of chemicals going into the textile industry has been hardly perceptible. Nothing important in the way of price movements has taken place. Mineral acids are slightly higher for small quantities. Caustic potash continues firm at the recently

higher quotations. Potassium permanganate is easier.

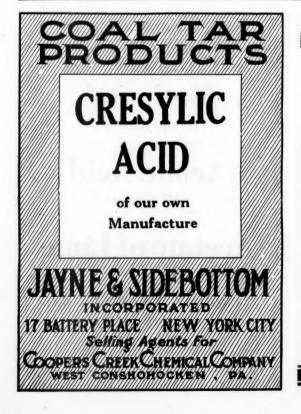
Acids—Sellers of mineral acids have advanced their prices for trucking business in carboy quantities. Sulfuric and hydrochloric acids are 15c higher, and nitric, 25c higher. Acetic acid is in good demand and steady at \$3.12@\$3.37 or 28% in barrels; 56%, \$5.85@\$6.10; glacial, \$11.01@\$11.76; formic is moving at 11½c@12c lb.; oxalic is quiet but unchanged, 9½c@10c lb.; recent advances in the corn market have increased the cost of production of lactic acid and higher prices are anticipated in this item; dark, 22%, now named at 5c@5½c lb.,

and light, 6c@6½c lb., 44%, dark, 10½c@11c lb., and light, 12½c@13c lb.

Alkalis—No intimation as to when next year's contract prices will be announced has been given out but they may now be expected any day. Deliveries on contract are well up to normal for this time of the year, according to manufacturers. Caustic soda is held at \$3.10 for 76% solid in carlots at works on contract and 10c higher spot works; 1/c/1 business in metropolitan district going on at \$3.76@\$3.91, delivered, for solid and \$4.16@\$4.31 for ground and flake. Soda ash on contract is named at \$1.25 in carlots, bulk, \$1.38 in bags, and \$1.63 in barrels, for 58% light. Spot business in 1/c/1 quantities, \$2.04@\$2.19 in bags, delivered, and \$2.29 @\$2.44 in barrels.

Bleaches—The first half of October was reported satisfactory and shipments were above those for the first half of Sept. Makers are not yet ready to announce prices for next year but the period for booking business is close at hand and announcement may be expected any day. Present prices are firm with bleaching powder held at \$1.90 in carlots of large drums at works; less than carlots, \$2.05. Liquid chlorine is held at 4½c lb. in tanks at works; carlots of cylinders, 5½c lb.; less explots of cylinders, 5½c lb.; less explose of cylinders, 6½c lb.; ton lots and less, 7½c lb.

Chemicals—Bichromates are moving at 834c lb. for the potash salt and 634c lb. for soda; imported sal amnoniac is offered at 634c lb.; domestic, 7½c lb.; copper sulfate is quiet and unchanged, 434c@47&c lb.; Glauber's salt is firm at \$1.25@\$1.50; imported Epsom salt is easier, \$1.35; lead acetate is higher, 15½c lb. caustic potash, 7½c lb., firm; potassium permanganate now quoted 1234c@13c lb.; sodium prussiate, 9½c@9¾clb.; potash prussiate, 16½c@17c lb.; sodium hydrosulfate, 24c lb.; sodium sulfide crystals, 2c@2½c lb.





MOHAWK BROWN

An excellent product when used as a self shade for Tans and Combinations on Vegetable Tanned Leather, also in combination for producing the popular Cordovan, Log Cabin shades.

MOHAWK ORANGE

Another excellent product when used as a self shade for Tans and Combinations on Vegetable Tanned Leather.

RESORCINE BROWNS

These products are used for Chrome and Vegetable Tan. Also excellent for Violet Leather.

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For dope solutions, excellent for solubility and brilliancy.

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"STANDARDS EVERYV/HERE

LEVINSTEIN SEES BRITISH DYE TRADE DECLINING OWING TO MISMANAGEMENT

Plants in British Dyestuffs Corp. Have Lost Earning Capacity They Possessed When In Private Ownership—Explains Why Government Directors Sought to Force Agreement With Germans In Spite of Their Severe Terms

Dr. Herbert Levinstein, speaking at Bradford, England, before the Society of Dyers and Colorists, on Oct. 9, said in part: "Today the companies now amalgamated in the British Dyestuffs Corp. are weaker than before the war, less dangerous competitors, and a source of great anxiety to all concerned with our great industry. For this reason, no doubt, the Board of the British Dyestuffs Corp. have, as you know, proposed an agreement with the I. G. Last April at the annual meeting the chairman stated that the board will resign if they are not encouraged to complete the agreement, as outlined. The color consumers have definitely stated that they disapprove of the agreement, that they will prevent it if they can and will welcome an entire reorganization of the management.

"In 1918 you had in my firm a dyestuff manufacturing company employing 3,000 hands, analogous to, but smaller than the large German factories. The analogy lay in these three points:—(1) The business was managed by those who had created, or had grown up in it. (2) It was a company with three large factories, large assets, but with a small nominal capital. (3) It had a contented and permanent, not a nomadic, staff and a harmonious board.

"I was urged by the president of the Board of Trade in the critical stage of the war, not as a matter of business, but as a matter of patriotism, to amalgamate our business with the British Dyes Limited. Why? Our business was not for sale. By fusing this business with the British Dyes, Ltd., it was hoped so rapidly to increase production that at the Peace Conference we could be independent. That was the argument. In fact the Amalgamation actually led to a considerable increase in production. The Germans never were able to use the dyes question as a diplomatic weapon.

"I was not willing to sell. In a measure it was a

"I was not willing to sell. In a measure it was a national not a personal possession. We never did sell our business, but we consented to put what we considered to be our duty before our inclination or our profit, and we exchanged our holding in Levinstein Limited for, in round figures, some £800,000 shares in the British Dyestuffs Corp. These shares are now worth

less than a quarter of their nominal value.

"Now consider the following figures: The British Dyestuffs Corp. have recently recovered about £1,000,000 in E.P.D. from profits earned by Levinstein Ltd. before the amalgamation. Further, they are entitled to receive, or have already received, from the du Pont company the sum of £250,000 in cash, on account of the American rights for the Levinstein processes acquired by the du Pont company. The British Dyestuffs Corp. thus obtained their factories, outstandings, stocks, processes, royalties due and goodwill for a little over three quarter million in shares, and have regained therefrom about £1,250,000 in cash, and the present market value of what is left is about £180,000.

"I would commend to your consideration the answer to this question: If this particular dyestuff business has in the last two or three years furnished about £1,250,-600 of hard cash into the coffers of the British Dyestuffs

HEAVY CHEMICALS

The industries that use chemicals are vitally interested in the prices, tax and tariff rulings, and other news that affects their production costs.

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Acetate of Lime

Seaboard Chemical Co. 90 WEST STREET NEW YORK

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Corp. out of past profits and in royalties for their processes, why is the market value of their property today only £180,000, a tiny fraction of the cost of the factories, large, modern, up-to-date, and complete? The great factories and laboratories carefully designed in all ways are there intact: I will venture on the answer.

"Simply because the value depends on the earning capacity. This dyestuff works has lost the earning capacity it formerly possessed when in private ownership. While these factories are stagnant, in spite of the protection of the Dyestuffs Act, their trade is passing to other hands, those of people who know the aniline dye industry. Others in this country are busy working and enlarging their plants to take over a part of the business formerly held by Levinstein Limited. There appears, therefore, to me to be no doubt that you have an asset which has diminished to a startling extent. You must remember that in addition to the factories at Blackley and the Claus plant at Clayton, this figure of £180,000 also includes the value of the indigo works at Ellesmere Port. This plant was designed, erected, and owned prior to the war by the Germans. It has now double the pre-war capacity, possesses the complete monopoly for the manufacture of indigo in this country and is amply enough to supply the whole British demand.

"If this picture does not fit in with the complacent words of the chairman at the annual meeting of the British Dyestuffs Corporation it is not my fault. It appears to harmonize with and to explain the anxiety of the Government directors and the board to get through an agreement—I might almost say any agreement—with the Germans. It tends to justify the severity of the terms demanded by the Germans. We may surmise that it influenced the decision of the board to retire if they are not encouraged to complete the German

agreement."

DEMAND RESALE OF ATLANTIC DYESTUFF

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Boston, Oct. 22.—The second hearing on the application by creditors of Atlantic Dyestuff Co. to have set aside the sale to interests representing the treasurer of the company, on the ground that the sale was incomplete and unjust, was held at Portsmouth on Thursday of last week. Evidence was presented by attorneys representing Sherwin-Williams Co. and Noil Chemical & Color Works showing that the sale at \$36,000 for the entire plant and stock was unjust in that it did not represent a fair value of the plant and that there were offers of considerably more money.

It was shown that certain New York interests had offered \$200,000 for the property and it is claimed that this offer was not brought to the attention of the court when it was endeavored to have the sale allowed.

The total liabilities of Atlantic Dyestuff Co. amount to \$1,000,000 and it was estimated by the creditors attorneys that there were actual assets sufficient to pay between forty and fifty cents on the dollar. Should the sale at \$36,000 be allowed there would be practically nothing for the creditors. One of the large creditors whose claim amounted to \$36,000 has made a settlement with one of Atlantic Dyestuff Co. officials, who guaranteed the account when it was contracted, but aside from this the \$36,000 would not be a drop in the bucket.

Albert C. Burrage, treasurer of the company, who made the bid of \$36,000, is to make a strong fight to have the sale allowed on the grounds that it was a public auction, properly advertised and that his bid was the high bona fide bid made at the sale. It is understood that Mr. Burrage holds Atlantic Dyestuff Co. notes for \$300,000 for money loaned to tide the company over various financial difficulties.

LINSEED OIL OUTPUT IN 1923 HEAVY

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)
Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—Manufacturers of linseed oil, cake and meal report to the Census Bureau that the value of output in 1923 was \$113,221,318, of which amount \$76,751,818 represents linseed oil; \$29,259,243, linseed cake and meal; and \$7,210,257, other products, consisting chiefly of oils other than linseed. The rate of increase in the total value of products compared with 1921, the last preceding census year, was 59.4 per cent.

The statistics refer only to the output of those establishments which were engaged primarily in the manufacture or refining of linseed oil for the trade, and do not cover the value of the oil made and consumed by the same establishments in the manufacture of paint, and of linoleum, nor the output of linseed oil, cake, and meal as secondary products by establishments in the paint, linoleum, and other industries. The total value of commodities produced outside the linseed-oil industry in 1921 was \$3,002,687, an amount equal to 4.2 per cent of the total value of products reported for that industry. The total output of linseed oil during the calendar year 1923 amounted to 633,563,870 pounds.

ISSUE ESTIMATE ON COTTONSEED OIL

Cottonseed crushed in the two-month period, Aug. 1 to Sept. 10, amounted to 377,332 tons, compared with 304,304 tons in the same period last year, and cottonseed on hand at mills Sept. 30 amounted to 380,443 tons, compared with 421,746 tons a year ago, the Census Bureau announces.

Cottonseed products manufactured during the period and on hand Sept. 30 were: Crude oil produced 109,-678,383 pounds, compared with 85,651,931, and on hand, 44,115,692, compared with 34,620,024; refined oil produced 70,073,850 pounds, compared with 52,827,568, and on hand 50,343,673, compared with 41,649,527; cake and meal produced 173,742 tons, compared with 140,310, and on hand 47,711, compared with 47,351; linters produced 69,690 bales, compared with 57,517, and on hand 65,766, compared with 35,596.

Exports during the two months were: Crude oil 741,-785 pounds, compared with 774,280; refined oil 1,531,765, compared with 1,335,259; cake and meal 17,398 tons, compared with 16,827, and linters 9,562 bales, compared with 7,567.

POTASH SYNDICATE OPENS NEW AGENCY

Baltimore, Oct. 22.—Potash Importing Corp., the American organization for the distribution of German potash in the United States, has opened a branch office in the Citizens' National Bank bldg. Werner Duehrssen is in charge. Traveling representatives will cover this city, Maryland, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, North Carolina and Virginia. The new agency will co-operate with the branch of H. J. Baker & Bro., New York, already established here under the direction of Alexander Hoffmann. W. C. Geoghegan will cover New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania.

Werner Duehrssen is twenty-two years old, son of Mr. Duehrssen, who headed the German Potash Syndicate's Baltimore offices before the war, afterward going to New York to take charge there. The elder Mr. Duehrssen had a paralytic stroke recently, by a now

The Amoskeag Manufacturing Co., for the first time since 1840, which was nine years after it was founded, passed the dividend due Nov. 1 on its common stock. The company has paid quarterly dividends of 75c on this stock since 1923, previous to which it paid \$1.50 quarterly on the stock, which in April, 1920, was increased by a stock dividend of 100 per cent.

OUOTATIONS ON CHEMICAL STOCKS Closing Prices for Week Ending Oct. 18

Bid Asked	. Bid Asked
"Air Rediction 2134 82	Hercules Powder 84 85
*Allied Chem. & D., 7134 7134	Hercules Powd., pf104 106
*Allied Ch. & D., pf.1161/4 1161/2	Heyden Chem 3 -
*Am. Ag. Ch 11/4 13	Hooker Electro 10 12
*Am. Ag. Ch., pf 33 34	Hooker Electro, pf 35 45
*An: Unicle 1 31/2	*Household Products. 337/8 341/4
*Am. Chicle, pf 75 85	"Int. Agricult 1/8 11/4
Am. Cyan 91 95	*Int. Agricult., new 57/8 63/4
*Am. Cyan., pf 761/2 78	"Int. Agricult., pf 8 91/4
*Am. Druggist, S 53% 534	*Int. Nickel 18 1834
Am. Glue 34 35	*Int. Nickel, pf 90 91
Am. Glue, pf101 104	*Int. Salt 681/2 761/2
*Am. Linseed 171/2 18	*Mathieson Alk 341/2 35
*Am. Lasced, pf 39 40	*Mathieson Alk., pf. 881/2 -
*Am. Metai 47 48	MacAnd. & Forbes147 150
*Am. Zine 71/2 71/2	MacAndrews &
"Am. Zinc, pf 26 27	Forbes, pf 99 101
Archer DanMid 18/2 211/2	Merck & Co., pr 59 62
Archer-DanMid., pf. 86 88	Merrimac 81 85
*Atlas Powder 45 4514	Mulford Co 29 32
*Atlas Powd., pf 83	*National Lead1501/2 152
By-Prod: (a 35 40	*National Lead, pf116 1161/2
By-Prod Co., pf100 103 Canad Ind A 28 30	N. J. Zinc157 160
Canad. Ind A! 28 30	Niag A., pf 80
Canad. Salt 95 100	Parke, Davis & Co 77
Casein Co 60 67	Penn Salt 7834 7832
Celluloid Co 55 60	*Peoples Gas, Chi107 10714
Celluloid Co., pf 98 100	Procter & Gamble105 -
Charcoa Iron 35 50	Procter & Gam., pf106 108
Ches. Mfg 481/2 50	Royal Bak. Po145 150
Ches. Mfg., pf110 115	Royal Bak. Po., pf 981/2 100
Clark Co., Fred 2 31/2	Shawin gan 4 6
Cleve. Cliffs Iron 75 -	Shawinigan H130 132
"Com'l Solv. A 68 69	Sherwin-Williams 281/4 281/4
Do B 64 641/2	Sherwin-Will., 1st pf.103 10556
*Corn Products 35 3345	"Sterling Prod 61 · 621/4
*Corn Products, pf11978 1211/2	Swan & Finch 42 47
*Davison Chem 4434 45	*Tenn. C. & Chem 73% 8
Dow Chem non par. 52 54	*Tex. Gulf., Sul 7734 7836
Dow Ch . pf 94 98	Union Carbide 5934 -
Dow Drug Co150 175	*Un. Drug 931/8 931/4
Dow Drug Co., pf 104 106	*Un. Drug 1st jf 4934 501/2
*Du Pont de Nem126 1267/8	*Un. Dyewood 3352
*Du Pt. de Nem. Db 921/2	*Un. Dyewood, pf 88
*Eastman Kodak109 110	Un. Gas Imp 79 791/4
*Eastman Kodak, pf.1101/6 -	Un. Gas Imp., pf 57 -
Freeport Tex 8 814	U. S Gypsum114 116
"Gen! Asphalt 40 4058	*U. S. Indus, Al 71 711/4
*Genl. Asphalt, pf 81 83 *Gold Dust 3554 37	*U. S. Indus, Al., pf.10214 10478
	*Va. Car. Ch 11/2 13/4
Grasselli, pf1231/2 124	*V. Vivaudou 8 81/2
O. a. a. a	Will & Baumer 12 15

*Listed on New York Stock Exchange Unlisted Stocks Through Courtesy Pynchon & Co.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE Par	Current
Great Britain (pound sterling)\$4.86	6 - \$4.48
France (franc)	3 .052
Italy (lira)	3 .045
Germany mark) per hundred23 80	
Czechoniowekia (crown) per hundred20.30	.029
Poland (zlo'y)	3 .192
Japan (yen)	
Holland (florin) 40	2 .390
Spain (bese-a)	3 .134
Beigium (franc)	.048
Swi're" and (franc)	3 .191
Norway (krone)	8 .142
Sweden (krone)	8 .26
Denma-k (k-one)	
Argentina (neso)	
Brazil (milrets)	
India (***nee)	5 .337
China (Silver dollar-Hongkong)	9 .554
(Tre'-Shanghai, silver)	6 .781
(Tae!-Pekin7, silver) 1.15	6 .808

DRUG AND CHEMICAL JUDGMENTS FILED

A judgment for \$2,689.38 against American Medical Products Co., Inc., has been filed in New York County by M. J. Burnett.

Devoe & Raynolds Co. has filed judgment for \$100.83 in New York County against G. Albert Moulton.

Radio Active Toilet Preparations is the debtor in a judgment for \$243.83 filed in New York County by W.

Schieffelin & Co. have entered judgment for \$675.70 in Bronx borough, New York, against Spencer H. Travis.

New Incorporations

In the Chemical, Drug, Oil Producing and Consuming Fie'ds

E S. Hall, Inc., Malden, Mass., \$50,000. To make extracts and pharmaceutical preparations. Stedman G. Bixby, Malden; Alice M. Creamer, Westboro; John C. Bills, Jr. Waverly.

Falls City Dyeing Co., Paterson, N. J., \$100,000. Joseph T. Carrell, Francis Zeliff, Florence Fathorne.

United Ammonia Co., Wilmington, Del., \$300,000. A. W. Marshall, John P. Shea, Greenwich, Conn.; John R. Dolan, Brooklyn, N. Y. Corporation Trust Co. of America.

Cereal Soaps Co., New York, 100 shares common stock, no par alue. H. Waldman, B. Markowitz, E. Rothman. Attorney, S. M. value. H. Waiuman, Levy, 277 Broadway.

Rayonon Silk Co. of America, Dover, Del., \$6,000,000. Registrar and Transfer Co., Dover.

Rocky Mountain Paint Co., Wilmington, Del., \$800,000. Colonial Charter Co.

National Lead Battery Co., Wilmington, Del., \$150,000. Corporation Trust Co. of America.

Genero Corp., Wilmington, Del., \$150,000. Drug stores. Representative, Artemes Smith, Wilmington.

Ramos Laboratories, New York, \$150,000. Toilet preparations. J. L. Bissell, R. L. Weaver, C. A. Klots. Attorney, S. Ryan, Albany, N. Y.

Chanel, New York, 100 shares common stock, no par value. T. McErlean, F. Borchmann, G. L. Knust. Attorneys, Briesen and Schrenk, 50 Church St.

Awa-N Products Corp., New York, \$20,000. To make chemicals. E. J. Feinberg, J. Michel, B. Hennesy. Attorney, A. W. Feinberg, 30 E. 42nd St.

Floreine Benedictine Perfumery Co., New York, \$10,000. J. Rialland, M. Horowitz. Attorney, W. Greenberger, 1133 Broadway. Metropolitan Cleansing Products Co., Dover, Del., \$150,000. Brause, E. Levinson, John T. McGovern, New York. De Registration Trust Co.

Brown Herb Co., Dover, Del., \$100,000. Medicinal products. Lyman Brown, Robert A. Brown, Sea Gate, N. Y.; Edgar Beekman, Bronxville, N. Y. U S. Corporation Co.

Lem-N Blennd Co., Dover, Del., \$50,000. To make soda fountain drinks. E. J. W. Keagy, R. S. Gibson, J. R. Alexander, Pittsburgh. Capital Trust Co. of Delaware. Naphthalene, flakefb. .05 05 .05 .06½ .16 .03

Cleansit Chemical Corp., Wilmington, Del., \$100,000. Delaware Charter Co.

Clegg Chemical Co., New York, \$10,000. Oils and paints. C. and L. Clegg, S. Isaacs. Attorney, A. W. Feinberg, E. 42nd Sr.

Perfums de France, New York, 200 shares preferred stock, \$100 each; 300 shares common, no par value. P. M. Bentayou, B. Leigh, L. P. Arnaud. Attorney, F. J. Knorr, Albany.

National Waterproof Products Manufacture, Dover, Del., \$1,000,000. U. S. Corporation Co

Sanitate Paint Renovating Corp., Wilmington, Del., \$100,000. To nanufacture products by formula. Corporation Trust Co. of America.

CANADIAN INCORPORATIONS

Cheramy Linutee, Montreal, \$300,000. To manufacture perfumes and toilet articles. Paul St. Germain, Leopold Guerin, Achille Raymond, Montreal.

Dunnville Woolen Mills., Ltd., Montreal, \$25,000. To manufacture textiles. William Hodger and Henrietta M. Coyle, Montreal; Thomas D. Bailey, Toronto.

Gloss Products, Ltd., Calgary, Alta., \$75,000. To manufacture colishes. Robert Hutchison, Louis A. Brown, John M. Finlayson, Calgary.

Ritchie & Ramsay, Ltd., Toronto, \$1,000,000. To manufacture aper. Alfreda G. Hughes, Edith W. Verity, Ethel Moncrieff, Toronto.

Report of Chile Copper Co., including Chile Exploration Co., for the six months ended June 30, 1924, showed net income of \$5,395,588 after all charges and accrued Federal tax, except depletion, equal to \$1.23 a share (\$25 par value) on the \$109,776,500 capital stock outstanding compared with net income of \$9,424,851, or \$2.15 a share in the corresponding period of 1923.

Sandoz Chemical Works has filed judgment for \$120.39 in New York county against Litchfield Paper

Keystone Varnish Co. has filed judgment for \$182.10 in New York County against Francis Grandjohl.



Development of the Quinine Monopoly

How the Dutch Have Gained Control of Ninety Per Cent of the World's Supply of this Drug Staple

Through perseverance and hazardous commercial risks, the Dutch have built up over a period of years a monopoly in the world's quinine. From transplantations from South America originally, the great cinchona estates of Java have been developed. Ninety per cent of the bark is to-day produced by the Dutch owned estates, while the remaining ten per cent is grown on estates financed by British quinine manufacturers and by the only Japanese quinine producer.

Following the authorization by the last Congress of an investigation of essential raw material monopolies controlled without the United States, a report on the history, production, and marketing of cinchona bark and quinine has been compiled by Commercial Attache Samuel H. Cross at the Hague, and has just been made public by the Chemical Division of the Department of Commerce. The sections of the report dealing with the rise of the Dutch monopoly, and with the market situation and trade practices have been selected for publication by Drug & Chemical Markets. The second portion of the report will be published next week in the Oct. 29 issue.—The Editors.

HE original source of supply of cinchona bark was South America, where the various varieties of cinchona trees are native to the Andean forests between 10° north latitude and 19° south latitude. While small supplies are still obtained from these districts, especially Bolivia, their yield is insignificant in comparison with the Javanese output. About 1860, efforts were made to introduce cinchona culture into British tropical possessions; by 1885, Ceylon was the principal source of world supply, but was speedily replaced by Java, which now supplies some 90 per cent of the world output. The production of bark in British India is now estimated at 1,500,000 pounds. The development of cinchona culture in British possessions is dealt with in a subsequent section.

In view of the predominance of the Netherlands East Indies, the position of the Dutch factories, both at home and in Java, is of particular interest for an understanding of the industry, and circumstances arising from the war have signally contributed to confirming Dutch control. The two original Dutch factories are the Amsterdamsche Chininefabriek, at Amsterdam, and the Nederlandsche Kininefabriek, at Maarssen, founded in 1881 and 1894, respectively, and until 1896, quinine output was largely controlled by the older plant in conjunction with the German producers. In 1892, in fact, the European manufacturers formed a syndicate which pushed quinine prices upward but at the same time depressed the prices of bark from 6.3 to 4 and then to 2.5 Dutch cents (100 Dutch cents equals 1 florin; 1 florin equals 46.2 cents United States currency) per unit (5 grams), with the result that many Java planters were threatened with ruin. The result was the organization, in 1894, of the Bandoengsche Kininefabriek in Java, which began pro-duction about two years later. The factory, which was destined to become the most important factor in the industry, was first established on the modest capital of

400,000 florins, of which only 100,000 florins was placed; it was later raised in 1910 to 700,000 florins, and in 1920 to 4,000,000 florins, of which 800,000 florins is common and the balance in 9 per cent preferred stock.

Bandoeng Factory Established

Prior to the foundation of the Bandoeng factory all bark was transported to Europe for quinine extraction, and it was the original intention of this plant to prepare quinine sulfate for account of the Java planters at a fixed manufacturing cost, a policy which at the time appeared to promise advantageous results because of the considerable spread between the prices on bark and on the drug. The European producers, however, naturally saw in the Bandoeng enterprise a dangerous incipient competitor, but no sooner had the latter commenced production when the bark price in Amsterdam began to rise by leaps and bounds, until in 1900 it passed 12 cents per unit.

passed 12 cents per unit.

This reaction of prices was not due so much to any action of the European manufacturers as to the decrease of bark shipments from Java following the collapse of the bark market in December, 1896, when bark prices in Amsterdam dropped to 2.17 cents per unit. During the next year (1897), as consumption was sustained, competitive buying was particularly heavy at the auctions, and by November the unit price had risen to 7.90 cents. Higher quotations naturally encouraged planters to ship larger quantities of bark, with the result that prices weakened during 1898, stiffened during the earlier part of 1899 on decreased bark shipments, and then maintained higher levels owing to a strong temporary demand for bark of large cinchonidine content. It was at this stage that the Bandoeng factory began to sell quinine sulfate under the European market. In the course of 1900 the first eight months showed lower bark shipments, with the result that the maximum unit price

of 12.25 cents was recorded in September. The margin between bark and quinine prices was entirely wiped out, and there was thus no longer any advantage for the planters to turn their bark over to the Bandoeng factory for transformation rather than consigning it to Amsterdam.

From 1900 to 1905 annual bark shipments from Java to Europe increased from 5,390 tons to 7,699 tons. Though during this period demand was fully sufficient to absorb European quinine production, apprehension of overshipment of bark from Java, coupled with sharp competition among quinine manufacturers, depressed unit prices by over 50 per cent. After the Russo-Japanese War quinine consumption fell off, and the unit price weakened further, despite smaller bark shipments in 1906, when the average was 4.31 cents. The year 1907 once more began with smaller shipments and a higher unit price (6.78 cents in January), but excessive shipments during the rest of the year pushed it down 45 per cent, to 3.71 cents in December. Meanwhile the Bandoeng factory changed its policy and went over to the buying of bark and its transformation for its own account. The policy of the Bandoeng factory was undoubtedly one of the principal factors, if not the factor par excellence, contributing to keeping unit prices down. In 1908-9 it thus guaranteed planters a better price than they could get in Europe but at the same time continued to sell quinine under the European parity.

The prices guaranteed by Bandoeng so increased the offer of bark in Java that the factory was obliged to refuse all lots of bark not previously contracted for. The quinine sales of Batavia were at this time abolished (1910), after the factory had been forced to buy up a good proportion of the quinine thus offered in order to will its obligations to the growers when the finished product did not meet with a receptive market, for the reason that American demand fell off in 1908-10 after being the mainstay of the Bandoeng enterprise.

The management of the Bandoeng factory then decided to produce other compounds beside sulfate (especially bi-sulfate, hydrochloride, tannate, and sugared pills), and also to undertake the direct marketing of these preparations. It further adopted the expedient of buying bark at the Amsterdam parity minus a fixed differential for freight and handling costs saved, and thus was able to operate on a satisfactory paying basis.

Java Planters' 1909 Dissatisfaction

At the close of 1909 the Bandoeng factory had in stock 33,000 kilos of quinine sulfate, while the colonial government also held a considerable stock of this drug originating in this plant, amounting to some 67,000 kilos. In the next two years, however, all this stock was worked off more or less at a sacrifice, but meanwhile weighed heavily on the bark market, with the result that prices at Amsterdam hovered constantly between 3. and 3.3 Dutch cents per unit, and dissatisfaction among the planters was aggravated. The Bando-eng factory, having had a bad influence on the market for some six years, was then invited by its European rivals to join in the quinine accord (in contradistinction to the various conventions, referred to in Dutch as Overeenkomsten), which entered into effect on January 1, 1913. During this period various means were discussed for making cinchona culture more profitable for the plantation owners, since with bark at 3 cents few could show adequate earnings and some were even going over to tea culture. The failure of the owners to realize that their own disorganized overproduction was what cramped the market was one of the main obstacles to any accord. One solution proposed was the establishment of factories by the plantations or for their account, and even the erection of a Government factory in the Indies was seriously considered. Weighty technical objections existed to both these solutions, lying primarily in the difficulty of recruiting special personnel, as well as in the fact that most plantations were situated nigh in the mountains, so that the transport, both of materials for constructing the factories and of chemical and other supplies for their operation, would have been extremely difficult.

In the course of 1911-12, negotiations were begun between the European quinine manufacturers and representatives of the Javanese Society for Promoting the interests of Cinchona Culture, which developed a basis for agreement in the declaration of the manufacturers of their readiness to buy annually the bark equivalent of 500,000 kilos of quinine sulfate at 4 Dutch cents per unit, with prospect of a raise to 5 cents. The plantations, however, hesitated to accept this offer, and had great difficulty in arriving at a common accord.

The successful operation of such an agreement required a control office to check up on all the plantations and fix their individual bark delivery quota each year, and also demanded that 90 per cent of the plantations should be signatories. Some, however, still seemed to prefer the erection of their own factories. They proposed, however, to the manufacturers that, during the course of the projected contract, no additional factory should be erected except a Government test plant with a capacity of 12,000 kilos of quinine sulfate annually (The Government testing station at Tjinjiroean, Java, was founded in 1911). The manuacturers were, however, firm in their determination that if there was to be a convention there should be no new factory.

Workings of the Convention

Quinine prices in 1912 rose slowly, and a better figure was paid for bark in consequence. The negotiations were also brought to a satisfactory conclusion on the basis of a minimum unit price of 5 cents for a period of five years, and the factories obligated themselves to take over jointly the bark equivalent of 515,000 kilos of quinine sulfate. The convention was further worked out during the first half of 1913. Prior to the 1913 accord and convention an unrestricted competition had prevailed among the bark producers as well as among manufacturers, with the result that prices of both raw material and finished product constantly declined. The main cause of this situation was an excess of production over consumption with the result that large quantities of bark in first and second hands were warehoused at Amsterdam, while the manufacturers were fully supplied, and there was also in London a large stock of both bark and quinine. The primary difficulty in the way of concluding an agreement was that the manufacturers, while not objecting to the payment of a fair price on bark, could not bind themselves to accept all bark produced without the assurance that what bark they did not take would not be thrown on the open market below the conventional price.

Regulations were thus necessary governing old stocks and prohibiting the plantations from selling bark to other than the contracting factories, while the quantity which the latter had to take on was rigidly fixed. These difficulties were further complicated by the efforts of one group of planters toward inducing the colonial authorities to erect a factory on the Government plantation at Tjinjiroean. Finally, however, the quantity to be bought in by the manufacturers was fixed annually at 515,000 kilos of quinine sulfate (bark equivalent), while the manufacturers also promised to take up durthe first contract year 50,000 kilos out of the first hand stocks at Amsterdam, and an association was formed to take over the other stocks, which were to be financed by the aid of the Netherlands Trading Co. The East Indian Government was authorized to put up a factory to supply itself and the native population, with a capacity

of not over 12,000 kilos per year, which was to be deducted from the 515,000 kilos to be taken by the other factories. The minimum price was fixed at 5 Dutch cents per unit, to be raised, if quinine prices increased, with half the factory sales price over 16.50 florins per kilo.

CRAMTON BILL NOW IN BORAH'S HANDS

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 22.—E. E. Kemp, of the Proprietary Association, calls the attention of members of the association to the fact that Senator Brandegee of Connecticut, who died here last week, was chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the Senate, which had charge of the Cramton bill.

Senator Borah, of Idaho, will become the chairman of the committee, and Mr. Kemp is urging members to communicate with him and protest against the bill and the way in which it was handled at the last session.

"The situation is somewhat acute, and of the utmost importance," says the bulletin. "If the proponents of the Cramton bill had succeeded in their desperate effort to jam this bill through the Senate in the closing days of the session, we would now feel the crushing effects of the stipulation which it was proposed to surcharge upon permits to withdraw alcohol."

VOTE AGAINST THE CRAMTON BILL

Supporting the position taken by the Committee on Industrial Alcohol of the American Chemical Society and the American Institute of Chemical Engineers, the Administrative Board of the American Engineering Council in session in Chicago, last week, declared its hostility to the Cramton plan of transferring jurisdiction from the Bureau of Internal Revenue to an agency which it declared was "invested with despotic powers and responsible only to the Secretary of the Treasury."

The council demanded that the control of industrial alcohol be separated from the enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment. In a resolution it declared that "the Cramton bill is inimical to the chemical industries of the country and is not necessary to prohibition enforcement."

The vanilla crop in Mexico will be of a much better quality and a little larger than last year, according to Vice Consul Willys A. Meyers, who says: "While the rains have not been so plentiful, the weather has been very warm and the vanilla beans have matured rapidly. The locust pest has just made its appearance in the Gutierrez Zamora vanilla district, and unless more efforts are made to exterminate the pests than have been made in other parts of the state of Vera Cruz the present crop may be damaged."

Sales of Monsanto products during July were 12 per cent greater than last year and those for August this year were 20 per cent larger than last, according to John F. Queeny, chairman of the board of Monsanto Chemical Works, St. Louis, who says that all through this year sales have shown a constant increase over 1923.

"Pecebo" has been incorporated under New York state laws, by Edward Plaut, Robert Plaut, and J. Plaut, of Lehn & Fink, of which company Edward Plaut is president, and Robert Plaut, treasurer. The stock of the new company, which takes over the tooth paste patents, consists of 1,000 shares common stock of no par value.

Dr. Charles H. Herty, president of Synthetic Organic Chemical Manufacturers' Association, is the guest of William J. Hale of Dow Chemical Co. in Michigan, for ten days hunting.

The Editor's Correspondence

Emerson Defends Doone Transactions

Editor, DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS:

Articles continually appear in your paper concerning the Doone bankruptcy case and contain many false and exaggerated statements concerning the examination of Harry Bennett, president of the Emerson Chemical Corporation of New York City.

as a matter of fact, the writer knows that the information stated in your last article concerning the hearing held on October 9th was obtained through some unfortunate creditor who had extended credit to the Doone Cosmetic Company, which was controlled by one, Horowitz.

It is and was impossible at this time to have any report as to the testimony offered at this last hearing outside of a report by such a creditor, as the minutes of this meeting have not as yet been transcribed.

In all of the said publications it would appear that the writer refused to answer questions put to him by counsel representing creditors of this bankrupt. This is wholly incorrect, as the writer has done everything in his power to furnish the creditors' attorneys with whatever information they desired, whether or not it was relevant to this matter; but as to questions of bookkeeping, it cannot be expected of any man to remember the contents of his books, especially so where he is not a bookkeeper and does not handle the books.

You have stated in one of your articles that the merchandise purchased from the Doone Cosmetic Company,

been sold through my concern at prices sharply lower than market. This is also untrue. We have, of course, sold merchandise at market and also slightly below market, the same as other concerns have done and still are doing. We purchase merchandise under market and sell under market. In fact we have sold merchandise in their original packages to some of the members of the Creditors Committee, including the Industrial Chemical Company, who at the last meeting flatly denied purchasing any merchandise from us or anybody else below market. Our records are open to investigation to corroborate this point.

The transactions that my concern has had with the Doone Cosmetic Company has been nothing else but legitimate and in the ordinary course of business. Before my concern had any business at all with the Doone Cosmetic Company the writer drew a financial statement on the concern and satisfied himself that the firm was of good financial standing. What more can be expected of anyone?

At one of the former hearings, our counsel, Mr. Indig, offered Mr. Dannenberg, representing the creditors of the defunct company, an examination of all our books but the offer was not accepted.

At the last hearing on October 9th we again consented to submit our books to an examination and at this time it was agreed that the accountant for the Industrial Chemical Co. was to meet our accountant to make such an examination. An arrangement was then made but the examination has been called off by the creditors.

If your reporter will take his time to investigate the minutes of these hearings and not depend upon outside information, I am sure that a paper of your standing would never print such libelous articles.

We have offered every assistance possible to the creditors and have given them all the information we pos-

(Continued on page 1251)

The Fine Chemical Market

Current Spot Quotations for Fine Chemicals, page 1254

Shipment Named at \$25 bbl. c.i.f. and Up-Strychnine Advanced by Makers-Imported Bromides Closely Held-Statistical Position of Menthol Too High-Buying of Imported Glycerin Heavy-Alcohol Active -Fusel Oil Firm-Castor Oil Higher

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands) Advanced

Bromides, Sodium, Imp., 2c lb. Iodine. Tincture, U.S.P., 10c gal. Castor Oil, U.S.P., 12c lb. Strycmine, Alkaloid, 8c oz

Bay Rum, Porto Rican, 5c gal. Podophyllin, Second Hands, Glycerin, C.P., Drums, ½c lb. 10c lb.

Trend of the Market

	Today	Week	Month	Last Year	War Peak	Pre- War
Acetanilid	\$.35	\$.35	\$.35	\$.32	\$2.00	\$.20
Acid Citric, Import	.451/2	.451/	.451/2	-48	1.25	.45
Catteine Aikaloid	3.50	3.50	3.50	4.00	18.00	3.65
Calomel American	1.22	1.22	1.22	1.40	3.43	90
Camphor, Jap., sef		.63	.67	.86	3.55	.41
Iodine, Resublimed	4.75	4.65	4 65	4.55	5.00	3.75
Menthol	12.75	12.75	13.50	15.00	13.50	3.00
Potassium Bromide, Cryst.	.38	.38	-38	-40	4.30	.80
Quinine Sulfare, Imp	.50	-50	.50	.50	.50	.25
Sodium Salicylate		.40	.40	.40	4.25	.27
Strychuine Suliate	.491/2	-491/	.491/2	.84	2.05	50
Average	2.31	2.32	2.38	2,59	5.92	1.56

Activity in codliver oil has featured the fine chemical market during the week. Imports last week were over 400 barrels. Most of this was sold before shipment, and the balance was disposed of on landing. Spot stocks are scarce, and reports state that supplies are becoming reduced in Norway. With the firm chemicals tending higher, consuming interest appears to be increasing, although with shipment prices so high, importers are afraid to buy for forward delivery except on actual Imported bromides are in small supply on spot, and shipments are firmer with tendency to offer in small amounts only. Acetylsalicylic acid, saccharin, and iodine are also in active demand. Bay rum, glycerin, and podophyllin are lower.

Acetanilid-While makers name 32c@36c lb. spot as to seller and quantity, resellers are inside at 4c@35c lb. Demand is fair, but sellers state that they can take care of more business without any trouble.

Acid, Acetylsalicylic-Makers name 75c@85c lb. spot as to seller, and resale quoters are offering 721/2c@75c lb. Acid, Benzoic-U.S.P. in small demand at 70c@75c lb. spot by second hands, and 75c@85c lb. from manufac-

Acid, Citric-Stocks of imported material are becoming reduced, but the trade thinks that when little demand is coming from consumers, one pound is as good as 1,000 pounds. Quoted at 451/2c@46c lb. spot for imported material, and 46c@47c lb. for domestic goods. Imports last week at New York were 60 kegs.

Acid, Phosphoric-Domestic makers name 16c@17c 1b. spot. Demand has been active for the past four months,

Acid, Salicylic-Makers report an active market for U.S.P. material at 35c lb. spot, while goods in resale quarters are named at 32c@33c lb.

Acid, Tartaric-Demand is small with imported named at 26c@27c lb. spot with the probability of shading these prices on quantity business owing to the rather

CODLIVER OIL FIRM AND ACTIVE ON SPOT heavy supplies carried in this market. Last week saw an additional 500 kegs entered at New York. Replacement values are close to spot prices, allowing little margin of profit.

> Alcohol-Market is firm and makers view the situation with a tendency to higher prices owing to advancing cost of raw materials as well as a good consuming demand. The advances in raw material have been greater and more numerous than those of the finished product, covering a period of three years. No. 1 specially denatured named at 571/2c@591/2c gal. spot in drums, and No. 5 completely denatured at 561/2c@581/2c gal.

Aloin-Market is firm at 86c@88c lb. spot.

Amidopyrine-Little call from consumers at \$4.35@ \$4.50 lb. spot for imported, and \$4.60 lb. for domestic

Antipyrine—Demand routine in character only at \$1.05 @\$2.00 lb. spot.

Bay Rum-Porto Rican has declined and now quoted at \$1.05@\$1.15 gal, spot as to quantity. Supplies are becoming more plentiful, and competition somewhat keener. St. Thomas also lower at \$1.05@\$1.15 gal.

Bromides-Supplies are scarce, and what little imported sodium is on spot, is higher at 38c@40c lb., while potassium is named at 30c@32c lb. Ammonium is practically off the market. Shipment prices are so much higher that importers are not inclined to buy at the moment at least. Domestic quoted at 44c@45c lb. spot for ammonium; sodium, 38c lb.; and potassium, also

Camphor-Japanese spot market is easy 68c@69c lb. for 21/2c lb. slabs. Consuming industries appear to be taking on supplies to carry them for short time only. Imports last week at New York were 297 cases from China. Domestic, while quoted at 80c lb. spot in bulk, is in steady demand from regular customers.

Castor Oil-Market has advanced and now quoted at 171/2c@181/2c lb. spot as to quantity for U.S.P. material.

Cocoa Butter-Firm at 24c@25c 1b. in bulk, and fingers at 33c@35c lb.

Codliver Oil-As soon as supplies come into this market, they pass directly into consumption. Stocks tending scarce in America as well as in primary market. Reports are heard that some of the largest buyers are still uncovered. Last week saw 400 barrels and 88 casks imported at New York. Spot quoted at \$25.50@\$26.50 bbl. as to brand, with shipment named at \$25.00 bbl. c.i.f. New York and up.

Cream Tartar-Imported market quiet at 201/2c@21c 1b. spot, and domestic 211/4c@211/2c 1b. Last week saw 100 cases entered at New York.

Epsom Salt-A fair consuming demand for U.S.P. ods at \$1.75@\$2.25 cwt. as to quantity for imported, and \$2.10@\$2.50 cwt. for imported.

Formaldehyde-Makers are firm at 91/4c@93/4c lb. works in c/l, and 101/2c lb. in carboys. Competition has become less keen during the past two months.

Fusel Oil-In active demand at \$3.15@\$3.25 gal. spot for crude, and \$3.50@\$3.75 gal. for refined material. Last week saw 15 barrels imported at New York.

Glycerin-C.P. quoted lower at 181/2c@19c lb. spot in drums, although some refiners still adhere to the 19c price as the inside. Dynamite also named lower at 18c @181/2c lb. at point of production. Reports are heard

DRUG AND FINE CHEMICAL SECTION

that some large sales of crude have been made in France to be shipped to America via England. The price of imported crude has advanced such that the laid down cost in America is about equal to domestic material. Imports last week at New York were 100 drums and 20 cases.

riexamethylene—Imported in steady demand at 65c@ 67c lb. spot, and domestic 75c@77c lb.

Iodine—U.S.P. tincture higher at \$4.20@\$4.30 gal. spot.

Menthol—Spot quiet at \$12.75@\$13.00 lb. with Jan.-March shipment named at \$8.75 lb. c.i.f. New York. Some of the importers say that the statistical position of menthol is much lower, since the same position last year was quoted at \$6.00 lb. c.i.f., compared with the ./5 lb. price. They also state that the lower figure

was quoted last year in spite of the confirmed cables on the crop shortage. Domestic makers will probably make some menthol to supply those customers who say that they prefer the American made menthol to the Japanese.

Mercury—Spot market quoted easy at \$71.00@\$71.50 flask with London naming £11 10s 6d per flask. One New York importer thinks that the market will go lower before advancing, and that the market will then react upward, and then go still lower. Last week saw 290 bottles entered at New York, but reports are that this supply is mostly disposed of already.

Podophyllin—Resale quarters have dropped their prices and now quote \$4.90@\$5.00 spot, and makers \$5.20@\$5.40 lb.

Potassium Permanganate—Market is dull with domestic named at 123/4c@13c lb. works as to quantity, and 13c@131/2c lb. for imported material.

Saccharin—U.S.P. goods in active demand at \$1.90@ \$2.10 lb. spot as to quantity.

Strychnine—Makers advanced price sharply owing to advancing manufacturing costs and now quote 81c oz. for alkaloid; 74c oz. for granular; and 71c oz. for powdered material.

USE ACETYLENE GAS AS ANESTHETIC

"Narcylen" is the name of a new anesthetic discovered by Prof. C. J. Gauss, of Wurzburg, Germany, and Dr. H. Wieland, of Koenigsberg, according to a wireless message to the "Philadelphia Public Ledger." It is a mixture of acetylene gas of the utmost purity, with sufficient oxygen to enable the patient to breathe. "Narcylen" is said to be free from detrimental effects caused by ether and chloroform, and its application is not restricted in respect to time.

During a recent operation, in which "narcylen" was used, a record of three and a half hours' anesthesia was established. Breathed in light doses, it cuts off the spinal column's sensibility, leaving the brain awake. Heavier doses bring an unconsciousness not physiologically different from natural sleep. The doctors report that 1,000 experiments with animals and human beings show acetylene may be used safely for patients who have heart disease or lung disease, or who are anemic and incapable of enduring ether or chloroform.

The Bandoeng Quinine Factory, Java, has been called upon to pay florins 599,000 arrears in taxes for the year 1919, along with a penalty of 100 per cent of this amount. Last year's balance sheet closed at florins 735,000, according to reports. No dividend was paid during the fiscal year. An application to the Board of Appeal in Batavia has resulted in the cancellation of the 100 per cent penalty.

GERMANS BUYING ACTIVELY IN LONDON

Marked Improvement Noted in Crude Drugs and Fine Chemicals—American Peppermint Oil, Cloves, Oil of Cloves, Cocoa Butter, Sandalwood Oil, Almond Oil and Linseed Oil Higher—Arsenic and Soya Bean Oil Lower

(Special Cable to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

London, Oct. 22.—A marked improvement appears this week in the markets for crude drugs and fine chemicals. Germany is buying spices, almonds and oil almond. Prices have advanced on American peppermint oil, cloves, oil of cloves, cocoa butter, sandalwood oil, almond oil and linseed oil.

The market is firmer for oil eucalyptus, Japanese mint oil and permanganate of potash.

Salicylic acid, Japanese camphor, and balsam tolu are easier.

Arsenic and soya bean oil are lower.

London, Oct. 11 (By Mail)—Business in drugs and chemicals has been quite satisfactory, although the demand in general still leaves something to be desired and there is a tendency on the part of sellers to be accommodating. In oil of lemon still higher prices are coming over from Sicily. Spot quotations vary from 2s 11d to 3s 2d per lb., which latter price is now asked c.i.f. present shipment.

Peppermint oil, American—There is an easier tendency in sympathy with lower cabled prices from the United States. Buyers are holding aloof until something more definite is ascertainable as to Michigan stocks, there being doubt as to whether the recent advance can be maintained. A retail business is passing at 27s 6d per lb., while in one quarter that price is asked for supplies now afloat.

Japanese mint oil is fairly steady, with sales at 17s per lb. on spot. Present shipment 14s 6d per lb. c.l.f. Senega is arriving freely and 2s 9d per lb. is asked

on spot and 2s 8d per lb. c.i.f.

Cascara sagrada is firming up in sympathy with higher offers from the United States. New crop is fetching 85s per cwt. and 2 year old is quoted at 110s per cwt.

Shellac—Deliveries again have been well in excess of arrivals and sellers are firm in keeping with the Calcutta market. T. N. Orange closes higher at 325s per cwt. on spot.

Codliver oil still shows signs of improvement and offers have been received up to 115s per barrel, while it is still possible to buy in one quarter at 108s. The market for refined medicinal quality is firmer from the fact that fairly large quantities of unrefined oil have recently passed into consumption for technical purposes.

Sugar of milk is exceedingly firm and it is anticipated that future supplies will not be obtainable long under 85s per cwt. c.i.f.

Carbolic acid crystals 39°/40° is quoted 6d per 1b. in quantity, being easier.

Pyridine is quiet and lower at 19s per cwt.

Chloral hydrate is on the easy side and tannic acid and chloride of barium are lower, the last named being offered cheaply from the Continent at £13 per ton.

Alex. H. Pickering, president of Alex. H. Pickering & Co., London, is on a month's visit to this country. While in New York Mr. Pickering will make his head-quarters at Alex H. Pickering & Co.'s office.

William Neuberg, New York, importer of citric and tartaric acids, has returned to his office after having been confined to his home for two weeks owing to a serious infection in his leg.

The Crude Drug Market

Current Spot Quotations for Crude Drugs, page 1263

DANDELION ROOT CUT SHARPLY ON SPOT

Quoted at 28c Pound, Against 40c Pound Last Week— Agar Agar Advances—Roman Chamomiles Lower— Insect Powder Easier—Ergot Higher—Musk Root Scarce—Mexican Sarsaparilla Firmer—Lycopodium Higher

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands) Advanced

Agar Agar, No. 1, 5c lb.
Balsams, Copaiba, S.A., 3c lb.
Candelila Wax, 2c lb.
Cloves, Zanzibar, 1½c lb.
Damiana Leaves, 1c lb.
Ergot, 1c lb.

Henbane Leaves, U.S.P., 2c fb. Lycopodium, 1c fb. Mandrake Root, 1c fb. Musk Root, 40c fb. Sarsaparilla Root, Mexican, 2c fb.

Anise Seed, Spanish, 1/4c tb. Chamomile Flowers, Roman, 5c tb. Dandelion Root, 10c tb.

Declined
Deer Tongue Leaves, 1/2c tb.
Helonias Root, 3c tb.
Insect Powder, 1c tb.

Trend of the Market
Last Last Last
Today Week Month Year \$.50 .89 1.75 .03½ .38 .62 2.10 .06½ 8.00 \$.90 4.00 9.00 .85 4.50 1.00 4.50 .14½ 30.00 \$.42 .85 2.10 \$.39 .76 .90 .03 .31 .80 .03 .31 .46 2,40 .05 12.00 .46 2.75 .05 12.60 .35 1.15 .08½ .35 1.16 .08½ 1.45 Average 1,56 1.56 1.62 1.36 5.28

While spot business in crude drugs has been on the increase during the week, forward delivery has not shown any improvement. Manufacturers are not anticipating their requirements, although now is the time when buyers usually come into the market for Winter needs. The reduction of spot supplies has caused a number of advances, and with higher replacement costs in these items, a bullish market appears in the offing. Practically all sources of supply are firm owing to the increasing competition among first hands due to the better conditions in Europe, where stocks have been materially depleted for some time. Mexican sarsaparilla root has advanced on higher import costs, and now first hands are inside at 20c per pound. Insect powder has eased off owing to small demand and tendency to keener competition among sellers in Japan. Reports have been heard that cascara sagrada sales have been made on spot as low as 12½c pound. The market for this item is now somewhat firmer.

Aconite Root—Spot sellers name 35c@37c lb. as to quantity, and leaves 10c@12c lb.

Agar Agar—Has advanced and now quoted at \$1.60@ \$1.65 lb. spot for No. 1 quality, and \$1.40 lb. for No. 3 owing to higher replacement costs as well as active demand on spot. Stocks are becoming somewhat reduced. Last week saw 10 bales imported at New York.

Aletris Root—In small demand at 43c@44c lb. spot as to quantity.

Aloes—Curacao steady at 10c@10½c lb. spot as to quantity with replacements about equal to these figures. Imports last week at New York were 350 cases. Cape also firm at 9c@9½c lb. spot. Exports from Union of South Africa during May were 105,487 pounds, valued at £880, compared with 38,065 pounds, valued at £206, for a like period in 1923.

Anise Seed—Spanish has declined and now quoted on spot at 14½c@14¾c lb. as to quantity, although some houses still adhere to 14½c lb. as the inside figure. Star, 11c@11½c lb.

Arabic Gum—Amber sorts in steady demand at 111/2c @12c lb. spot as to quantity.

Asafetida—Market is firm with holders naming 22c@ 24c lb. spot for whole, and 36c@40c lb. for powdered material.

Balsams—Copaiba, South America, has advanced and now quoted at 40c@42c lb. spot as to quantity. Para named at 29c@31c lb. Little interest shown in either Canadian or Oregon firs. Quoted at \$10.25@\$11.25 and 90c@\$1.00 gal., respectively. For other balsams see "The Essential Oil Market."

Benzoin Gum-Sumatra lower at 22c@23c lb. spot.

Buchu Leaves—Market is dull with holders naming 76c@78c lb. spot in bales, and 81c@83c lb. for less. London is quoting 2s 11d per pound for good green round. Exports from Union of South Africa during May were 24,384 pounds, valued at £2,916, compared with 15,442 pounds, valued at £1,919, or a like period in 1923.

Candelila Wax—In active demand and higher at 25c @26c spot.

Cannabis—Stocks of "Vhang" are offered at \$4.00 lb. spot. American, 40c@45c lb. for no assay, and 70c@85c lb. for U.S.P. goods.

Caraway Seed—Dutch named at 10c@10½c lb. spot with future delivery tending higher. African, 9½c@ 10c lb.

Cardamom Seed—Market strong and active at \$1.75@ \$2.00 lb. spot for bleached, and \$1.70@\$1.85 lb. for decorticated material.

Cascara Sagrada—This year's peel is steady at 14c@ 15c 1b. spot as to quantity. The market has been somewhat weaker, sales having been made as low as 12½c lb. on spot. Old bark ranges from 18c up to 23c lb. spot as to age.

Celery Seed-Firm and active at 311/2c@32c 1b. spot.

Chamomile Flowers—Roman quoted lower at 35c@ 37c lb. spot as to quantity owing to easier import costs. Crop this year is reported much larger than last. Hungarian, 7c@7½c lb.

Cinchona Bark—Broken in active demand at 24c@25c lb. spot, and quills 48c@50c lb.

Cloves—Zanzibar sharply higher at 29c@30c lb. spot as to seller and quantity. Supplies in the New York market are becoming reduced, and shipment prices are also advancing.

Damiana Leaves—Market stronger at 14c@15c 1b. spot as to quantity. Demand active.

Dandelion Root—Has declined sharply and now quoted at 28c@32c lb. spot as to quantity and seller. Some houses, however, are asking much higher prices. Import cost said to be 23c lb. c.i.f. New York.

Deer Tongue Leaves—Has eased off and now quoted at 81/20@90 lb. spot.

Elm Bark—Spot supplies are scarce and closely held at 26c@27c lb. spot for select material, and 23c@25c lb. for powdered.

Ergot—Has advanced to 32c@33c lb. spot on active buying and higher replacements.

Fenugreek Seed—New arrivals quoted at 6c@6½c ib. spot as to quality and quantity. Imports last week at New York were 703 bags.

Golden Seal Root—In small demand at the moment at \$3.70@\$3.80 lb. spot for whole, and \$3.90@\$4.00 lb. for powdered material. Export demand, which has been active for some time past, has eased off.

Helonias Root-Lower at 67c@68c lb. spot.

Henbane Leaves—Higher at 29c@30c lb. spot as to quantity.

Insect Powder—Has eased off further and now quoted at 45c@47c lb. with shipment named at 33c lb. c.i.f. New York and up. Last week saw 25 bales entered at New York.

Japan Wax-Market easy at 161/2c@17c lb. spot.

Lycopodium—Market much firmer at 35c@36c lb. spot as to seller and quantity.

Mandrake Root—Spot has firmed up somewhat at 12c@13c lb. spot.

Musk Root—Quoted higher at \$2.50@\$2.75 lb. spot as to quantity owing to scarcity. Reports state that only one spot holder exists.

Rhubarb Root—Firm and active at 35c@37c lb. spot for whole, and 40c@42c lb. for powdered material.

Sarsaparilla Root—Mexican sharply higher at 20c@ 22c lb. spot as to quantity. Supplies in this market are tending scarce and furthermore are closely held. Honduras, 58c@60c lb., and quiet thereat.

Senega Root—Quoted spot at 57½c@58½c lb. Export demand active last week.

Senna—The pod market is still quoted at 15c@17c lb., although on a large quantity order, these prices might be broken through.

Spikenard Root—Competition keen among holders at 23c@24c lb. spot as to quantity.

Turmeric Root—Madras in steady demand at 121/4c@ 13c lb., and Aleppy 103/4c@11c lb.

Turpentine—Venice true in active demand at 15c@16c lb. spot, and artificial 11c@13c lb.

Valerian Root—Slight firmer at 10c@10½c lb. spot. Import costs have advanced.

Wild Cherry Barks—All grades easy with thin green rossed quoted at 12c@13c lb. spot, and thin natural 8½c @9½c lb.

Worm Seed—Levant quoted firm at \$2.75@\$4.00 lb. as to test and seller.

The drug and chemical section of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation at its October luncheon meeting decided to submit to its members a questionnaire on whether or not they approve the efforts being made by the United States through its representatives in the narcotic committee of the League of Nations to obtain world-wide limitation of the production of raw opium and coca leaves to the amount necessary for medicinal and scientific purposes. The questionnaire was mailed to the members on Oct. 14 by William F. McConnell, secretary of the section.

The Druachem Club, New York, will hold its fourth annual frolic and banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria on Wednesday, Nov. 17. B. M. Spencer, of B. M. Spencer & Co., and B. J. Gogarty, of S. B. Penick & Co., are in charge of arrangements. It is understood that each member will be restricted to two guests this year, although the committee has made arrangements for larger quarters than last year's frolic at the Hotel Brevoort.

H. B. FRENCH DIES SUDDENLY

(Special to DRUG & CHEMICAL MARKETS)

Philadelphia, Oct. 22.—Howard Barclay French, former president of the Chamber of Commerce, prominent manufacturer and for many years a leader in civic and business affairs, died suddenly at his summer home in Radnor on Oct. 17. Mr. French, who was in his seventy-seventh year, had been suffering from a strained heart resulting from an automobile accident last May.

He was born in Salem, O., September 3, 1848, and came to this city in his early childhood. Mr. French was born of wealthy parents, and when, filled with ambition to make his own way, he applied for a position with a druggist, having matriculated in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, he met with his first rebuff.

"You are a rich man's son and there is not much

chance of your making good."

Three times when he applied for a position that was the reply he received. He obtained a diploma in pharmacy in 1871, and went into business with his father, a member of the firm of French, Richards & Co., wholesale druggists and paint manufacturers, which was established in 1844. Thirty years later he became president of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. He was president of the National Paint, Oil and Varnish Association, Philadelphia Paint Manufacturers' Club, and Paint Trade Mutual Fire Insurance Co., at various times.

MAKES RULING ON WHISKEY STOCKS

James E. Jones, acting prohibition commissioner, has ruled that stocks of whiskey carried over by wholesale druggists from one quarter to another are not deductible from the allotment of the succeeding quarter, excepting for the last quarter of the year, although at no time may the amount of whiskey on hand exceed the amount allowable under the bond. Mr. Jones' interpretation of the law follows:

"In accordance with the provisions of section 1252 of regulations 60, revised, a wholesale druggist who, subject to the 10 per cent rule, procures his allotment of whiskey in quarterly periods, may carry the same over into successive quarters within the permit year without reducing the allotment for such succeeding quarter, but he shall at no time exceed the quantity allowable under his bond, and it is, of course, understood that this rule of accumulation does not apply to the first quarter of a new permit year."

BURR TO ADDRESS CHEMICAL SALESMEN

The Salesmen's Association of the American Chemical Industry will hold its monthly meeting and dinner at the Druachem Club, 15 John st., New York, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 28, at 6.30 P.M. George L. Burr, president of the Guaranty Trust Co., will be the guest of honor and will talk to the salesmen on "The Cash Value of an Order."

The annual election of officers of the Druachem Club, New York, will be held at a luncheon meeting on Nov. 6 at the club quarters, 15 John st. Selection of 1925 officers will be made by mail ballot prior to this time, and the results will be annual meeting.

The suit brought by McKesson & Robbins in the Court of Custom Appeals at Washington for a reappraisement of the price of homatropine hydrobromide has been dismissed upon stipulation.

Robert A. Hevenor, of Fuller-Morrisson Co., Chicago, wholesale druggists, was in New York last week on a short visit.

The Essential Oil Market

Current Spot Quotations of Essential Oils, page 1277, Aromatic Chemicals, page 1200

OIL LEMON HIGHER ON REDUCED STOCKS

Some Houses Inside at 88c lb. Spot—Oil Almond, Sweet, Sharply Higher—Oil Cassia, Redistilled, Scarce—Oil Limes, Distilled, Lower—Oil Cedar Wood Firm and Active—Coumarin and Vanillin Active

PRICE CHANGES IN NEW YORK (Stocks in First Hands)

Oil Almond, Sweet, 15c tb.
Oil Cassia, Redistilled, 10c tb.
Oil Cedar Wood, 2c tb.
Oil Lemon, Italian, 2c tb.
Oil Lemongrass, 10c tb.

Oil Geranium, Algerian, 50c fb. Oil Limes, Distilled, 5c fb. Oil Wormseed, 25c fb.

	nd of Today	Last	Last	Last Year	War Peak	Pre. War	
Oil Bergamot	\$3,40	\$3.35	\$3.40	\$2.75	\$7.00	\$5 (4)	
Oil Citronella, Ceylon		.73	.75	.85	.02	,60	
Oil Cloves		1.85	1.95	2 25	3.70	1.40	
Oil Lemon, Italian		.85	.82	.70	1.70	2.00	
Oil Peopermins, Nat		5.75	6.00	3.05	9.00	2.25	
Oil Sandalwood, E I		6.15	6.15	7.25	13.00	5.25	
Oil Sassafras Artif		.35	.35	.38	1.00	.26	
Benzaldehyde, U.S.P		1.50	1.50	1.50	5.15	1.50	
Coumarin		3.25	3.25	4.50	31.00	3.10	
Methyl Salicylate, Cans	.47	.47	.47	.47	1.00	.90	
Vanillin		.49%	.491/2	.40	.95	.20	
Average	2.25	2.24	2.28	2.20	6.83	2.05	

Although several advances have occurred during the week in the essential oil market, buying has declined, placing importers in a difficult position in regard to replacements. Spot values have advanced on scarcity in a number of instances, showing the general low state of spot stocks. With the season for soap makers now at hand, the future in the essential oil market is not encouraging for the consumer. The spot market has been cleaned out of oil bois de rose and little oil cassia remains in dealers hands. The position in oil cedar wood changed over night last week. Sellers were anxious to sell on Wednesday of last week at 62c per pound, but on Thursday they were inside at 70c per pound in drums. No business was put through at this figure up to the close of the week, but the market remains firm and little is coming out of the South. Oil cloves is firmer on strength of spice.

Essential Oils

Oil Almond—Sweet has advanced sharply and is now quoted at 55c@60c lb. spot as to quantity and seller owing to higher replacements as well as active demand on spot. Bitter is named unchanged at \$3.15@\$3.25 lb. spot, and ffPA at \$3.25@\$3.50 lb.

Oil Angelica Root—Sellers name \$32 lb. up to \$36 lb. Demand is small at the moment.

Oil Anise—Quoted on spot at 47½c@49½c lb. as to quantity for technical, and 50c@52c lb. for lead-free material. Prompt shipment is named at 49½c lb. c.i.f. New York. Supplies on spot are ample for present needs.

Oil Bay—In steady demand with sellers naming \$2.20 @\$2.30 lb. spot.

Oil Bergamot—Coppers quoted firm at \$3.40@\$3.50 lb. spot with replacements about equal to these figures. Consumers do not appear to be anxious to take on supplies at the moment. Artificial, \$2.20@\$2.35 lb.

Oil Bois de Rose-Market is now nominal at \$5.00 lb. owing to spot holders having been cleaned out of stocks.

Nothing is enroute, according to a leading authority.

Oil Camphor—Japanese in steady demand at 13½c@ 14c lb. spot for drums, and 14c@14½c lb. for cases. Last week saw 100 drums entered at New York from Kobe and 25 drums from Shanghai.

Oil Caraway—Spot market is quoted at \$4.00@\$4.50 lb. spot as to seller and quantity. Prices have been holding steady in view of the large crop of seed.

Oil Cardamom—In small demand at \$28@\$30 lb. spot. Oil Cassia—Redistilled higher at \$2.85@\$3.00 lb. spot with shipment named at \$1.80 lb. c.i.f. New York. Supplies are closely held at high prices. Some cheap material is now afloat, but will not reach this market for another month.

Oil Cedar Leaf-In small demand at 90c@\$1.00 lb. spot.

Oil Cedar Wood—Has advanced again and now quoted at 70c@72c lb. spot, although some business was put through last week at 65c lb. spot. Country is quoting 60c lb. the first of last week, but probably will not do this figure now. Demand for export still active, although exporters are not willing to pay present prevailing quotations.

Oil Cinnamon Leaf—In small demand at \$1.40@\$1.50 lb. spot.

Oil Citronella—Ceylon is easy on spot at 73c@80c lb. as to seller and quantity. Prompt shipment named at 68c lb. c.i.f. New York, and is firm thereat owing to the advancing exchange rates. Little buying for future delivery has been reported. Java still remains scarce and is nominally quoted at \$1.40 lb. in drums.

Oil Cloves—Has advanced and now quoted at \$1.90@ \$1.95 lb. spot in cans, and \$2.00@\$2.05 lb. in bottles.

Oil Cubebs-Little activity at \$5.00@\$5.25 lb. spot.

Oil Eucalyptus—Quoted slightly higher at 57c@59c lb. spot in drums, and 59c@61c lb. in cases as to seller and quantity. Buying has been good, and reports state that a number of consumers are still uncovered.

Oil Geranium—Bourbon has declined and now quoted at \$7.00@\$8.00 lb. spot, and Algerian at \$7.25@\$8.00 lb. owing to easier shipment figures. Some of the importers say that shipment prices are still too high.

Oil Lavender—U.S.P. goods firm at \$5.50@\$6.50 lb. spot as to quality. Spike named at 85c@\$1.25 lb.

Oil Lemon—Italian has advanced and now quoted at 87c@95c lb. spot as to quantity and seller owing to reduction of spot stocks and higher replacement values. American, 75c@80c lb.

Oil Lemongrass-Quoted higher at 85c@\$1.00 lb. spot.

Oil Limes—Distilled has declined and now sellers are offering at \$1.05@\$1.10 lb. Expressed, \$2.40@\$2.50 lb.

Oil Mustard—Although supplies are scarce, sellers are naming \$3.00@\$3.25 lb. spot as to quantity for artificial. Natural, \$14 lb.

Oil Orange—Italian in small demand at \$2.70@\$2.90 lb. spot, West Indian at \$2.50@\$2.60 lb. American, \$3.00@\$3.10 lb.

Oil Peppermint—Country is firm at \$5.50 lb. and up, while spot is named at \$5.75@\$6.00 lb. for natural, and \$6.25@\$6.50 lb. for redistilled material.

Oil Spearmint-Firm at \$3.30@\$3.40 lb. spot.

DRUG AND FINE CHEMICAL SECTION

Oil Wormseed—Quoted lower at \$4.25@\$4.50 lb. spot as to quantity. One house is not meeting the market, and will not sell for less than \$5.50 lb.

Oil Wormwood—In steady demand at \$3.60@\$3.75 lb.

Balsams

Peru—In small demand at the moment at \$1.75@\$1.80

Tolu—Market has eased off slightly, and is now quoted at \$1.80@\$1.90 lb. spot. Stocks are none too plentiful, but demand is unusually small. London cables report a lower market. Imports last week at New York were 10 cases.

Vanilla Beans

Bourbon—Steady at \$9.00@\$10.00 lb. spot. Reports are heard that this year's crop will be about 20 per cent larger than last year's.

Mexican—Whole named firm at \$11.00@\$12.00 lb. spot, and cuts at \$9.00@\$10.00 lb. The new crop will be larger than last year, according to reports, but the usual pests are destroying the beans.

Tahiti-Quoted nominally at \$7.00@\$7.50 lb.

Aromatic Chemicals

Coumarin—In active demand from consuming channels at \$3.25@\$3.45 lb. spot, and resellers are naming \$3.25@\$3.30 lb.

Methyl Salicylate—Makers report an active demand at 45c@47c lb. spot as to quantity, and resale quarters 44c@45c lb.

Vanillin—Market active with manufacturers naming 49½c@51c oz. spot as to quantity. Resellers name 47c@50c oz., and tending scarce thereat.

Emil Schlienger, senior partner of Bertrand Freres, Grasse, France, arrived on "La France" on Oct. 3. He will remain in this country about three months. Mr. Schlienger and P. R. Dreyer, New York, American agent for the French company, are now on a month's trip through the Middle West, returning about the first of November.

EMERSON DEFENDS DOONE TRANSACTIONS (Continued from page 1245)

sibly could, but in none of your articles does it appear that we volunteered to render assistance. This company did not have to be served and was not served with any subpoena on two or three different occasions, but nevertheless, the writer appeared at the hearings voluntarily to give information and answer questions that were put to him.

In view of such facts, we must ask that you publish another article to correct the wrong impression that your previous articles may have created among the creditors, and unless you do so, our credit may be injured and we will be compelled to take this matter up with our attorney to bring suit for damages against you.

EMERSON CHEMICAL CORP.

Undated. Rec'd Oct. 20.

H. Bennett.

[A representative—an experienced reporter of the regular staff—of Drug & Chemical Markets was present at the Oct. 9 hearing of the Doone Cosmetic bankruptcy case, and everything reported in the issue of Oct. 15 was strictly in accordance with the facts, in spite of the Emerson Chemical Corp. statement to the contrary. No "false or exaggerated statements" have been published by Drug & Chemical Markets regarding this case, and every statement can and will be proved if the occasion arises.—The Editors.]

IMPORTANT ESSENTIAL OILS HIGH

Lavender, Aspic and Vetivert Scarce and in Demand-Geranium Firm

The last few weeks have been signalized by extremely sharp advances in the price of several of the most important of the essential oils, according to Ungerer & Co. Chief among the items affected is French lavender oil. The prices set at the Digne Fair were unexpectedly and almost unreasonably high but in the face of active demand the market is being steadily bid up. Recent advices report that the end of the rise does not appear to have been reached even though good quality lavender oil is being actively bid for at 280 francs per kilo or higher at the points of production. Supplies of pure oil are extremely limited at any price although, as was the case last year, the market will probably be flooded with offers of badly adulterated oil at substantial concessions.

The advance on oil vetivert, Bourbon, has been even sharper, also on account of shortage of supplies. Prices in the Bourbon Islands advanced 20 per cent in a few weeks, and predictions made some time ago of an eventual figure of 400 francs per kilo have been surpassed. Inasmuch as vetivert is dutiable at 25 per cent the price here seems certain to go much higher. Cables received by Ungerer & Co. in the last few days state that holders are not anxious to sell even at present prices.

The market on geranium has been more quiet. The Bourbon grade has declined moderately in the Bourbon Islands in the face of the approaching crop while the African oil has held firm. No substantial declines are to be expected and with the active foreign demand, which comes into the market whenever the price looks even moderately attractive, there is a possibility of the same sharp rise which has been noted in lavender and vetivert.

Spanish aspic has gone up in sympathy with lavender, and because of a limited production, and prices are 50 per cent higher in Spain, having risen to 17 or 18 pesetas per kilo for good quality oil. Up to the present, the market here has not felt the effect but any active demand will push aspic above \$1 per pound and possibly much higher as large amounts will be used as a substitute for the unobtainable lavender oil.

A resolution passed by the Montreal Chamber of Commerce on Oct. 15 calls upon the Government of Canada to raise the tariff on all non-alcoholic toilet commodities. The resolution declared that these goods give employment to Canadian people, but their production has suffered from dumping of products, particularly from the United States. Importations of toilet preparations last year amounted to \$420,000.

Lum & Lemmermeyer, 549 West Washington boulevard, Chicago, will represent Burton T. Bush, Inc., New York, essential oils and manufacturers of aromatic chemicals, in the Middle West territory. Stocks will be carried in Chicago. Stuart Brothers, Montreal, will cover Canada.

Max Brown of M. Brown & Sons, Bremen, Ind., distillers of oil peppermint, is spending the present week in the New York trade. Mr. Brown is making his headquarters at the office of Charles L. Huisking, Inc., New York sales agents for the company.

Spike, lavender, rosemary, thyme, sage, marjoram, pennyroyal, and geranium are the important essential oil products of Spain. In 1923 121.696 tbs. of lavender oil were imported from Spain to the United States.

Monsanto Chemical Works, St. Louis, has sent a letter to the trade on coumarin, reproducing a picture of the new container.

Drug Consuming Industries

EXPLAINS FLUCTUATIONS IN MERCURY

Mercury will drop to £10 per flask, then advance on active buying, and then drop again to £8 10s per flask by June, providing no labor strikes are encountered in Spain or Italy, and the present rate of exchange is maintained, says Alex H. Pickering, London, who sells about 80 per cent of the production of the Spanish and Italian mines. He adds:

"Buying over the last four months has been about 25 per cent normal, and at the present time no actual shortage exists in the world. About six months ago, a shortage of 25,000 bottles existed, and as late as three months ago, the shortage had been reduced to 8,000 bottles.

"At present a slight accumulation of stocks is apparent, but if demand sets in, the mines will not be able to supply immediately. However, the production is increasing, and with large quantities of ore already prepared for the extraction process, the production is expected to increase so that by June, 1925, 45,000 bottles will have been mined. Last June the Spanish mines had a stock of only 5,000 bottles. Spain is now holding for £13 flask ex-mine, compared with £14 about two months ago. They stated at that time that they would not sell for less than £14 for the balance of the year. Whether or not they will drop from £13 per flask remains to be seen."

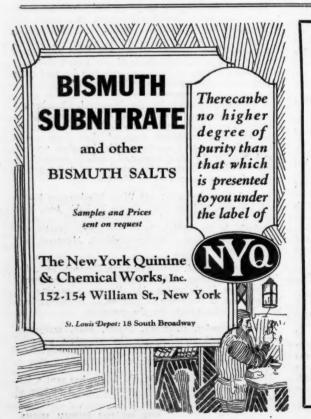
Domestic quicksilver production during 1923 was 7,937 flasks (75 pounds), compared with 6,175 flasks

in 1922, according to a report by the United States Geological Survey, which says: "The price declined from \$77 per flask the first of 1923, to \$59.35 per flask the last of the year. However, early in 1924 the price improved materially, resulting in operators increasing their production. The total known deposits of ore in this country are few, and most of them are so small or so low grade that they cannot be operated profitably, if at all, only under unusually favorable conditions."

Powers-Weightman-Rosengarten Co., Philadelphia, has issued to the trade a supplementary price-list, giving advances in acid succinic, thymol, and zinc phosphide; and declines in bismuth metal, oil cloves, potassium ferricyanide, potassium permanganate, sodium stannate, terpin hydrate, and tin oxide.

Cedar wood oil firmed up on large export demand, and now the price is 80c per pound. The last sale made was 70c per pound. One dealer stated that he would not be surprised to see \$1.00 oil before the end of November. Supplies on spot are said not to exceed 500 pounds.

Dandelion root for shipment has dropped to 22c per pound c.i.f. New York, according to a cable received on Tuesday of this week. At this attractive figure, the trade is expecting consumers to come into the market and buy in large volume.



PURITY UNIFORMITY AND RELIABILITY are a few of the imperative qualities of B&W LANOLINE MANUFACTURERS SINCE 1914

THE B & W CO.

BOPF & WHITTAM

ELIZABETH, N. J.

Importations of alcoholic preparations, including eau de Cologne, perfumed essences and extracts, hair dyes, lotions, and mouth washes, into Sweden are now allowed, according to an edict of the board of control, acting under a provision of the royal order of July, 1918. Consignments of eau de Cologne and hair lotions, however, must be accompanied by a declaration by the manufacturer that the product has been denatured by the addition of 0.3 gm. of colocynth per 1,000 c.c. The other products mentioned must also be denatured.

The spice market continues active with many advances due to the general scarcity here and the increased trade needs, according to John Clarke & Co., New York, who say: "Buying of Europe in primary markets has now overset all expectations and bids fair to achieve a fair amount of continuity and volume. And as to scarcity in this market, there is no longer any question of the menace of it; nor is this or any market report any longer a collection of predictions."

Free buying of European glycerin, both crude and refined, which has taken place during the last six months, is no doubt responsible for the reaction in the spot price, according to Parsons & Petit, New York, who say: "It would be well for sellers here to watch the foreign market carefully and not seek to obtain higher figures than those asked on the other side. During the past week a sale of dynamite was made in the Middle West at 18c pound."

Rochelle salt, U.S.P., has been reduced by domestic makers, and is now quoted at 20c per pound for either crystal or powdered material, owing to lower costs of raw materials. Seidlitz mixture is also lower at 161/4c pound in barrels.

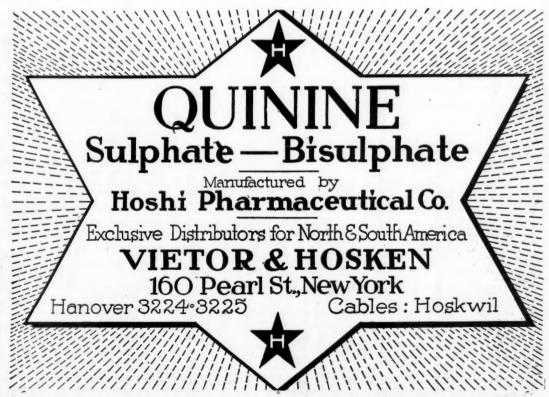
NATIONAL BISCUIT DISCOUNTS UPHELD

The right of manufacturers to market their goods when and where they see fit, allowing discounts in any manner they may choose so long as these methods are not used in restraint of trade or with the view of creating a monopoly, was again upheld in the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Federal Trade Commission against National Biscuit Co.

The Federal Trade Commission claimed discrimination since National Biscuit Co. allowed the chain store companies to base their claims for quantity discounts on the aggregate purchases made by all the stores, the amount of discount running up to fifteen per cent, which is the amount granted to practically all chain systems. On the other hand the dealer owning one store in most cases obtains no discount at all and cannot very well compete with the chain store. Furthermore the independent owners are not able to secure these discounts by co-operative buying.

The decision gives the producer the right to choose his customers, barring those who are not desirable. The ruling applies to drug manufacturers and others who have adopted similar discount methods.

The Board of U. S. General Appraisers gave a decision this week in favor of the P. and P. Chemical Co. sustaining a protest on tubes of barachol, contained in outside cases not marked with the country of origin. The tubes themselves were marked, but the appraiser reported the merchandise as not legally marked because the outside cases were not stamped, and an additional duty of 10 per cent was levied and collected.



Prices Current of Fine and Heavy Chemicals, Drugs, Essential Oils, Dyestuffs and Oils

CLASSIFICATION—Prices quoted herein are listed in the following groups: Chemicals, including heavy and technical chemicals, fine and medicinal chemicals, aromatic chemicals and isolates, crudes and intermediates from coal-tar, various fine alkaloids and miscellaneous products; Crude Drugs, Essential Oils, including oleoresins; Fatty Oils, including Animal, Vegetable and Fish Oils, Greases, Fats, and Tallow; Tanning and Dye Extracts, including miscellaneous natural tanning woods, extracts, etc. All groups are arranged in straight alphabetical order.

Packages—Prices are for large quantities in original packages of the customary trading units of weight or measure. A container given in connection with a price does not necessarily mean that this is the quantity on which the price is based. Containers named are the original packages most commonly sold in this market.

QUOTATIONS—Chemical prices quoted herein are those of American manufacturers unless otherwise specified. Quotations on imported chemicals are so designated. Where resale or "second hand" stocks of any chemical products are sufficient to be considered a factor in determining the market, prices for goods in this class will be quoted in addition to makers' prices available, and indicated as such. Chemical prices quoted herein are for goods spot New York or Metropolitan

District, f. o. b. or ex-store, for immediate shipment, unless otherwise specified. Numerous domestic made heavy or industrial chemical products are sold principally on a basis of f. o. b. works, and are thus quoted in the list herein, each instance of a "works" price, however, being specified as such.

Fatty Oils prices quoted herein are for goods spot New York unless otherwise noted; f. o. b. mills and Coast prices being designated as such. Crude Drugs and Essential Oils are quoted f. o. b. New York (Manhattan with limitations) for immediate shipment. Tanning and Dye Extracts are quoted spot New York unless otherwise noted.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES—All quotations are made on a basis of avoirdupois pounds and ounces, and American gallons. The following equivalents are given for the reference of exporters, importers, and foreign buyers:

1 Imperial Gallon (British)—1.20 American Gallons
1 American Gallon — .833 Imperial Gallon
1 American Gallon — .3.79 Liters
1 Liter — .264 American Gallon
1 American Gallon (Water)—8.35 Pounds
1 Pound (Avoirdupois) — .454 Kilogram
1 Kilogram — .2.20 Pounds

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Chemicals

ACETANILID, tech, 150 m bbls m	.26 : .2	Acid Carbello-(continued)				Acid, hydrofuerie-(continued)			
100 lb kgs lb	.27 : .3	Liquid USP, 1 h bot, h	.34	:	.35	60% 100 m cby., wks m			.14
USP 200 lb bbls lb	.32 : .3	Crude, 25% 50 gal. bblsgal	.33	:	.35	60% 300 lb dr., wks lb			.13
Second Hands	.34 : .3	10%, 50 gal. bblsgal	.27	:	.30	White Acid, 100 lb cby. wks. lb			
Lortic Anhydride	:	Carbonic, see Carbon Dioxide				White Acid, 10 cbys. wks ID		:	.25
85-89%, 107 m cbys m	: .4	Chloracetic.				Hydrofiuosilicie, 35% 450 lb bbls.			
90-95%. 100 b cbys b	: .4	mono 100 lb bbls, wks lb			.25	wks		:	.12
C.P. 100 D ebys	: .8	Di. 150 lb ebys wks lb			1.00	Hypophosphorous, USP 30% 5			
Lestone, CP 700 fb drs. e/l wks fb	.16 : .1	Tri. 425 lb bbls, wks lb			2.50	gal. demis			.85
700 m drs. 1e/1 wiss	.16%: .1	Chlorosulfonic, 1500 m drs.				USP, 10% 5 gal, demis'B	• • •		
350 lb drs. 1e/l wks lb	.1614: .1	wks	.15	:	.16				
Second Hands, spot To	.16%: .1	Chromic, USP 200 D drums . D			.40	LACTIC, 22% dark 500 m bbls. 70	.05		.05%
estine, 100 gal. drums, lb	: .3	85% Pure, 200 h drums lb			.35	22% light bbls	.06		.063
ectone Oils, light, drs. wksgal	1.40 : 1.4	Chromotropie, 300 m bbls m			1.35	44% dark, bbls		*	
Heavy, drs., wissgal	1.40 : 1.4	Chrysophanic, see Chrysarobin			1.00	44% light, bbis	.12		.13
combenetidin, 150 m bbls m	1.85 : 1.9	Cinnamic, 5 m cans m		. 1	3.93	66% bbls, dark, bbls Ib	.16		.17
Leetyl Chloride, 100 B cbys D	.40 : .4					66% light, bbls D	.26		
ACID. 1, 2, 4, 250 to bbls D	: 1.3	CITRIC, USP cryst. 230 B bbls. B	***	:	.46	USP IX 100 h cbysh			
Acette, 28%, 400 B bbis, c/1		Powd., USP, 200 m bbls. m	*****		.47	USP VIII 100 lb ebyslb			
win	: 3.1	Imported, crys. 112 h kegs h	.45%		.46	Laurent's, 250 m bbls m		:	.90
28%, 1c/1 vis100 m	: 3.3	Single kegs		:	.47	Metanilie, 250 lb bbls lb	.60	:	.65
56%, c/1 wis100 D	: 5.8	Cleves, 250 lb bbis	1.00	: 1	1.10	Mixed, sulfuric-nitrie			
56%, 1e/1 wks100 b	: 6.1	Cresylie, 95% dark dr. NYgal		:	.65	Drums, wis N Unit	.07	m/ .	.08
70%, bhis., e/1 wis100 h	: 7.5	97-99% pale, drs. NYgal		:	.75	Drums, wks S Unit	.01		
70% 1e/1 whs 100 B	: T.4	Crude, spot, drumsgal	.55	:	.60	Tank cars, wks,, N Unit	.06		.07
80% count, bhis., e/1 wks. 100 fb	: 8.1	Diethylbarbiturie, Dom., 25 m lots,				Tank cam, wks S Unit	.001		.01
80% coml 1e/1 wks100 fb	: 8.4	1 m bot m	10.00	: 15	2.00				
80% pare this, c/1 whs.100 h	: 9.9	Imp. 10 m lots	3.30	: 1	3.40	Molybdic, 85% pure 100 lb kegs lb	1.35		
80% pure le/I wks 100 m	: 10.2	Formic 85% tech, 140 h cbrs. h	.11%	:	.12	100% C.P. 100 b kegs b	2.00	:	2.10
Glarial, bbis, c/l wks100 fb	: 11.0	90%, 80 lb cbys. incl lb	.12	:	.1214	Monosulfonic F, Delta, 50 lb			
Garial, 10/1 wks100 lb	: 11.2	Gallie, USP, 150 m bbls D			.10	tins		:	2.20
Gacial USP chy. wks100 lb	: 11.7	Gamma, 225 m bbls, wks m			1.50	MURIATIC, 20° cbrs. le/			
Acetvicalievitie, 220 h bbls h	.75 : .8	Glycerophosphorie, 25% 1 h b. h	1.85		1.95	wks100 m	1.60		1.75
Second Hands ID	.72%: .7	H 225 h bbls wis		: '	.75	Ctrs. e/l wks100 m	1.20		1.25
Anthranille, tech., drs Ib	: .9	Hydriodic, 10% USP 5 b bet. b			.75	Tank cars, wks100 lb	1.00		1.10
99-100%, 100% drs D	: 1.0	Hydrobromie, 48% coml. 155 D				18°. 120 D cbrs.	2100		
Benneic, tech. 100 h bbls h	: .1	cbys. wks lb	.35	:	.40		1 00		1.10
Tork ten inte bils D	: .1	48% coml. 10 cbys, wks fb			.40	e/I wks 100 lb			
USP. 100 m bbls m	.75 : .8	40% USP 155 m cbys. wks. m			.46				***
Second Hands	.70 : .7	10% TISP 100 h elver, wks. Ib		:	.13	22°, 120 h ebys.			
Burle, crys. provid 250 lb bile. lb	: .0	1		•		c/1 wirs100 fb	1.75	:	2.00
Kem, 100B	.10 : .1	Hydrochloric, see also Acid Muriat CP, USP, 110 b cbys b		:	.11	Iron, free 20° cbrs.			
Browner's 250 th bbis Ib	: 1.3	HYDROFLUORIC, 30% 400 b bbi		•		e/1 wks100 lb		:	
Butyrie, 60% pure 5 m bot m	.40 : .5	wis		:	.07	Tank cars, wksnet ton			
C.P 10 B bot	1.25 : 1.5	30% hbls. e/l wks		:	.06	Muriatic, CP & USP, see Acid Hydr			
Camphoric, USF, VIII 1 m bot. m	5.90 : 6.0	30% 100 B cbrs. wks B		:	.07				
Cartelle, USP crys., see also Phenol		48% single 100 m cbys. wks. m		:	.11	Naphthienie, tech. 250 m bhis. m		:	.62
1120 tine	.26 : .2	48% 10 cbys. wks	***	:	.10	Refined, single bils		:	.65
98 % time	.28 : .2				.14	Nerile & Wintner's, 250 lb			
an the or bot	.30 : .3	52% 100 lb cby. whs lb	***		.11	bbla	1.05		1.10
10 bet	.35 : .3	. 12% 10 cuys. vas							2.40

PRICES CURRENT SECTION



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Hydrochloric uric Nitric

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Opium Hypophosphites Phenolsulphonates

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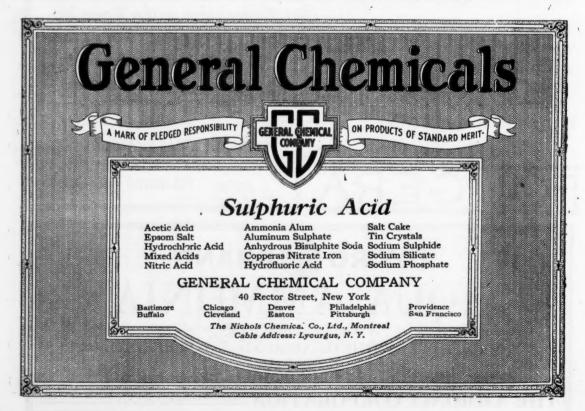
MADE FROM SYNTHETIC AMMONIA AND PURE WATER

26° BAUME

Shipments in Drums and Tank Cars from Niagara Falls, New York

THE AMMONIA CORPORATION 280 MADISON AVE., NEW YORK

ACID, NITRIC, 36° 135 D			ACID. Sulturie			ALCOHOL-(continued)	
le/1 ebys. wks160 lb	4.75 :	5.25	ic/l was 100 fb	1.50	: 1.75	Isopropyl, crude 50 gal. drsgal :	
Cbys. e/l wks100 lb	4.50 :		Drums. e/1 wks 100 fb	1 25	: 1 50	Refined, 90% 50 gal. drs. gal 6.90 :	
38° le/l chys. wks100 lb	5.25 :		Tank cars. wkspet ton	17.00	: 18.00		
Cbys., e/l wks100 lb	5.00 :	5.25	Contract cars. wkston			Ref'd, 99% drsgal 8.75 :	8.89
40° le/l chys. wks100 lb	5.75 :	6.00	Oleum, 40% drs lc/l wks.net ton		: 40.00	Methyl. ser Alcohol, Wood	
Cbys., c/l wks100 lb	5.50 :	5.75	Oleum, 60% drs., le/1 wks. net			Propyl, nml, erd, 50 gal, drms.gal :	
42° lc/l cbys., wks100 lb	6.25 :	6.75		60.00	: 70.00		
Chys., c/l wkz100 lb	6.00 :	6.25	Sulfurous, USP 6% 100 m cbys. m	.05	: .06	Refined, 16 lb cans lb :	.75
C. P. chys. single wks100 D	.13 :	.16	4% 100 D cbys	.04	: .05	Denatured	
Oxalie, 300 lb bbls., wirs lb	.09%:	.09%	USP, 5 gal. demis	.06	: .08		
Bbls., NY	.09%:		Tannie, tech. 300 m bbls m	.30	: .40	No. 1 Complete Denat. 188 Proof	
Kegs, 100 b NYb	.10%:		USP, powd 200 m bblsm	.75	: .80	50 gal. bbl. inclgal .651/3:	.61%
Imp., 560 lb easks lb	.09%:		USP, fluffy, 50 m bbls m	.75	80	50 gal. drums, extragal .581/4:	.60%
Phenylcinchoninic, domestic, Ib	8.50 :		Tartaric, USP cryst 300 m bbls m		: .29	No. 1 Special Denat, 190 Proof	
Imported, 5 Ib a Ib	7.00 :	7.35	USP, powd, 300 m bbls. m		: .29		
Phosphoric, 50% tech. 100 h			Imp. USP, 240 lb bblslb	.26	: .27	50 gal. bbl. inclgal .641/2:	.663
ebys D	.09 :	.10	Pow. 240 lb bbls lb	.26	: .27	50 gal. drums, extragal .571/2:	.593
USP, Syrupy 85°, 70 b.			Tobias, 250 lb bbls lb	.90	: .95	No. 5 Complete Denat, 188 Proof	
demis	.16 :	.17	Tungstic, 100 lb kegs lb		: 1.00	50 gal, bbls. inclgal .631/4:	.6534
Imported	:	***	Valeric, C.P., 10 h both	2.50	: 2.75		
Phthalic, see Phthalic Anhydride			Acoustine Alk. cryst 1 xx, vlsoz		: 30.00	50 gal. drums, extragal .56%:	.584
Pieramie, 300 m bbls	:	.65	Amorphous, 1 oz. vlscu		: 20.00	No. 6 Complete Denat. 188 Proof	
Pierie, 450 h bhls	:	80	Adens Lanae, hydrous 350 lb bbls, lb	.15	: .21	50 gal. bbls. inclgal .621/2:	.64%
Bbls, car lots wks	.20 :	.25	Aphydrous, 350 fb bbls fb	.18	. 23		
Pyrogallic, crys. 5 lb cans lb	1.25 :	1 30	Albumen Egg, edible	1.30		50 gal. drums, extragal .55%:	.57%
Resublimed, 5 fb cans Ib	1.55 :	1.65	Blood	.45		In addition to the regular author-	
Tech. powd., 200 m bbls m	:	.85	Vegetable	.60		ixed formulae for completely dena-	
Salicylie, tech., 125 b this b	.32 :	.53	Technical, see Dyers Sundries			tured alcohol, some 75 formulae for	
USP, 100 b bbls	:	.35	ALCOHOL, USP 190 pf. 50 gal.			specially denatured alcohol are au-	
Second Hands ID	.32 :	.33	bblsgal	4 00	: 5.01	thorized for special uses. Owing to	
Sulfanilie, 250 m bbls D	.16 :	.20	Second Hands, bbls, USP 190	4.02	. 0.01	the limitations of their uses however,	
SULFURIC, 66° 180 D chys.			pr			prices are quoted by the alcohol	
le/1 wks	1.50 :	1.85	Export, USP, 190 pfgal	.55		producers only to holders of per-	
Cbys., c/1 wks100 fb	:	1.35			: 5.10	mits allowing the use of specially	
1500 lb Drums, le/1				0.00	. 0.10	denatured formulae in products author-	
wks 100 m	:		WOOD, see Methanol			ized by the Dept. of Internal Revenue.	
Drums, e/1 wks100 fb	:		Alcohols also in 50 gal.			Aloin, USP, 100 h cases h .86 :	.88
Tank cars, wisnet ton	:	14.00	drams extra and returnable.			Alonn, USF, 100 ib Cases ib .50 :	.00
60° 1500 m Drums			Amyl, see Oil Fussi			Alpha-Naphthol crude 300 m bbls. m :	.65
le/1 wks100 fb	.75 :		Butyl, 50 gal. drume, wkslb		: .32	Refined	.80
Drums, c/l wks100 lb	.65	75	Tank cars, wks		: .30		
Tank cars, wksnet ton	9.00 :	9.50	Isobutyl, crude 50 gal, drums.gal	1.10	1 00	Alpha-Naphthylamine, 350 lb bbls. lb .35 :	.31
C. P. 175 b cbys100 b	.08 :	.09	Refined, 10 To can To	1.10	: 1.20	Ton lots, bbls, wks	.35



PRICES CURRENT SECTION

Chemicals

ALUM. Ammonia, lump 400 D bbls.			AMMONIA, anhyd. 100 lb cyl lb	:	.30	AMMONIUM-(Continued)			
wks100 m	3.15	: 3.75	Water, 26° 800 lb drs. wks lb	:	.06%	Persulfate, 112 m cases m	.35		.40
Imp., 500 lb casks100 lb			Drs. c/1 wks	:	.06%	Phosphate, dibasic 200 h bbls. h			.38
Ground, 400 lb bbls, wks. 100 lb	3.30		C.P., ebys ID	:	.14	Tech., powd. 325 lb bblslb Phosphate, mono, 325 lb bbls.lb		:	.18
			Imp., 800 lb drs.incl.spot. lb	.0614:	.06%	Salicylate, USP 100 lb keps lb	.70		.75
Powd. 380 lb bbls. wks. 100 lb	3.45		26° 100 m cbys. le/l wks. m	.07%:	.08%				
Chrome 500 lb cks. wks.100 lb	5.50	: 6.00	Chys., c/l wks	.07%:	.0814	Sulfate, bulk, c/l wks100 lb	2.60	:	2.65
Potash, lump 400 lb bbls.			20°, 800 lb drs. le/1 wks. lb	:	.05%	200 m double bgs., f.a.s. 100 m			2.90
wks	3.60	: 3.80	Cbys., le/l wks	.06%:	.07%	Bulfocyanide, tech. 100 b km. b	.50		.60
Bls. e/l wks100 lb		: 3.10	18°, 800 m drs. le/l wks m	:	.04%	CT. 25 D jars D	.60	:	.70
Imp. 650 lb cases s.p100 lb	2.75	: 3.00	Cbys., lc/l wks	:	.05%	Amyl Acetate, tech. 50 gal. drs.gal	3.00		3.15
Ground 400 lb bbls, wks. 100 lb	3.25	: 3.75	16°, 800 fb drs. le/1 wks fb	1	.04 14	Refined, 50 gal. drumsgal	3.60	:	
Imp. 650 lb casks100 lb	2.50	: 2.75	Cbys., lc/l wks	:	.05%	Alcohol, see Fusel till			
Powd., 380 h bbls, wks, 100 h		: 4.25	Ammonium Acetate, 100 lb kegs. lb	:	.37	ANILINE OIL, 900 TO drs To	.16	:	.17
Chrome, 700 lb cks wks.100 lb		: 6.00	Benzoate, USP, 1 lb bot lb	.90 .	.95	Antline Salt, 200 m bbls m	.18	:	.22
	5.50	. 0.00	Bifluoride, 300 lb bbls	.22 :	.23	Anthracene, 80-85%, 600 D casks			
Soda grd. 400 lb bbls. wks. 100 lb		: 4.00	100 lb kegs	.23 :	.24	wks	.80	:	.85
Bbls. c/l wks100 b		: 3.50	Bromide, 50 lb boxes lb	.44 :	.45	28-30%, Imp Ib	.02	:	.021/
Aleminum, metal, c/1 NY 100 lb	27.00	: 28.00	Imported, 112 lb boxes lb	:		Anthraquinone, subl. 125 m bbls m	1.00		1.15
Chloride, anhyd. 275 m drs m	.20	: .22	Carb., tech. 560 lb casks lb	:	.0834	Antimony metal, slabs ton lots. 100 lb			.11%
Crystals, 375 lb bbls lb.			Powd., tech. 385 m bbls. m	:	.09	Needle Powd., 100 m cases m	.083	4:	.09
30% sol. 120 b ebys b	.031/	: .04	USP, lump, 100 fb kegs fb	.12%:	.13 1/2	ANTIMONY CHLORIDE, anhyd 1000 B	•		
Sydrate 96% light 90 D bbls. D	.17	: .18	Powd., 100 fb kegs fb	.11%:	.12	dra	*::	:	.35
Heavy 62-64%, 220 lb bgs lb	.06	: .06%	Chloride, Demestic			50 lb erockslb	.45	3	.48
400 lb bbls, wkslb	.061/	: .07	White, 250 lb bbls., e/1lb	:	.0736	Sol'n, 130 lb carboys 33°lb		:	.06
SULFATE, Iron-free bags c/l			250 Ib bbls., le/l wks Ib	.07%:	.08	Oxide, 500 lb bbls	***	:	.10
wks	2.25	: 2.35	Imp wh. 250 lb casks spot. lb	.06 %	.0614	Salt, dom. 500 lb bbls lb	.34		.35
Emported, spot100 D		: 2.35	Gray 250 m bls, wks m	.08 :	0814	Imp., NY	.18	:	.19
Comm'l., %% iron, ben, e/l	2.00	. 2.30	Bbls., c/l wks	:	.07%	Sulfuret, golden 500 lb bbls lb		:	.21
wks		: 1.35	Imp. gray 250 lb casks lb	.07%:	.08	336 lb kegs		:	
Cont, bgs. e/l wks. E.100 b		: 1.35	Lump, 500 lb casks spot lb	.121/4:	.13	Crimson, 500 lb bbls lb		:	.38
Bags, c/l wks. W100 D		1.30	Ichthyolate, as to brand ID	4.85 :	5.00	336 lb kegslb		;	.36
Bbls., e/l wks. East. 100 fb		: 1.50	Iodide, USP, 25 b jarsb		5.20	Red, 500 m bbls		:	4.
Bulk, e/l cont. wiz. E.100 D		1		:		336 m kegs	* * *	•	.42
amidol, (see Diaminophenol)			Lactate, 500 lb bbls	.15 :	.16	Tartrolactate, 500 lb bblslb		:	.45
Amidopyrine, Imp. 10 lb boxes lb	4 95	: 4.50	Nitrate, tech. crys. 225 D bbls. D	:	***	Antipyrine, USP, 100 lb caseslb	1.95	:	2.00
Domestic, 10 lb boxes lb			Refined Crystals, bbls B	.21 :	.23	Apomorphine Hydchilde, 1/2 on. vis.os			22.75
		: 4.60	CP gran. 100 lb kegs lb	.35 :	.87	Arecoline Hybromide, 1 cs. vialcs	6.25		7.82
Aminoazobenzene, 110 lb kgslb		. 1.15	Oxalate, pure, 100 lb kees lb	.40 :	.42	Argols, red powd. 350 m bbls m	.06	:	.07



	Benziume Base, ary 250 lb bbis. lb	.78		.80 1	siamu i H— (Continues,			
	151/2 Benzidine Sulfate, paste 350 lb	-			Sublodide, 5 lb lots	***	:	4.50
White, 220 lb cases to 550 lb bbls. NY lb .06 1/2:	7 bhls	.70	:	.72	Subnitrate, USP, 25 m jars m		:	2,70
abestine					Second Hands			2.60
spirin, see Acid acetylsalicylic	Benzonaphthol, 5 lb boxes lb	3.50	. 2	3.60	Cones, 1 lb. bot		:	3.89
tropine, Alk. USP, 1 cs. vialos 5.00 : 5	Thomsen Chlorida 500 th dee Th			1.00	Subsalicylate, USP, 175 bbls Ib		:	2.95
Sulfate, 5 oz. cans03 2			-		Tannate, 1 D bot		:	2.63
Single ounce 2		1.55	-	1.75	above on basis 25 lb lots.			
ARIUM BINGXIDE, see Barium dioxide	Alcohol, 5 lb botlb	1.45	: 1	1.55	Smaller lots at an advance.			
Carbonate, precip., 800 m bbls. wkston 6\$.00 : 70	Benzoate, 5 lb botlb	1.60			lane Fixe, dry 400 lb bbls. wks. ton			80.00
Precip., 200 lb bgs., wkston 64.00 : 66		1.75	: 2	2.00	Imported, bblston	70.00	: 1	72 00
Imports, bbls. spotton 55.00 : 60			:	.25	Paste, 650 lb bblston	50.00	: 1	55.00
Chloride, 800 lb bbls., wkston 75.00 : 80		.25	:	.30 B	LEACHING POWDER, 700 D drs.			
200 lb bgs., wkston 73.50 : 78		.40	:	.45	c/1 wks100 Tb		:	1.90
Import, bbls., spotton 72.00 : 74 Dioxide, 88% 690 lb drslb .17 :	Formate, 1 D bot	3.00	: 3	3.25	Drums lc/l ex-warehouse100 h	2.35		2.60
	Berberine Hydchlide, 1 lb bot lb		: 22		Contract, e/l wks100 lb			2.15
	Berberine Hydenide, 1 ib bot ib				Drums, lc/l wks100 lb Imported, spot100 lb	2.05		2.30
Fodide, 5 m box	Sulfate, acid or neut. 1 lb bot. lb		: 22		lue Ointment, see Mercury		٠	
	BETA-NAPHTHOL, 350 Ib bbls, wks. Ib	.25	:	.26				
Ampoir Cabin Transfer	Carlots, wks		:	.24	Mass, see Mercury			
Donot/winter to be	8 Sublimed	.55		.60 B	one Ash, 100 lb kegslb	.06		.07
arytes, floated 350 lb bbls wks.ton 23.00 : 26	0				Black, 200 lb bbls	***	-	.06
Importedton 29.00 ; 33	Beta-Naphthylamine, tech. 200 lb	.65			orax, USP, crys. 400 m bbls m	.05		.05
ay Rum, Porto Rican, genuine			-	.67	Powdered, USP, 300 lb bblslb Kegs, USP, 100-150 lblb	.05		.05
Medicated salicyl. acid or tariar emetic 45 gal. bblsgal 1.05 : 1	Sublimed, 200 m bbls m		: 1		ordeaux Mixture, 16% pd. bbls. Ib			
Medicated quinine sulf. 45 gal.	Bichloride Mercury, see Mercury Bichl	ortde		B		.11%		.18
bblsgal 1.05 : 1	5 BISMUTH metal, 150 lb cases lb		: 2	2.00	Paste, bbls Ib			.10
Domestic synthetic, 50 gal.	Second Hands		: 2	2.00	orneol. 1 th bot		:	3.50
bblsgal .90 : 1	Ammon, Citrate, USP 5 lb brs, lb		: 5	1 60	romide, see potass. bromide, etc.			
St. Thomas Medicated salicy, acid or tartar	Betanaphtholate, 5 lb bxs lb		: 3	I R	romine, bot in 60 lb cs. wks lb		:	.39
emetic, 50 gal. bblsgal 1.10 : 1				1.85 B	romobenzene, 600 lb drums lb	.40	:	.42
ensaldehyde, tech. 945 lb drs.	Nitrada OFP days		: 1	IR	romoform, USP 5 D bot 50 D cs. D		:	1.65
wks 10 .70 :	Nitrate, 25 lb jars lb			I R	rucine Sulfate, 100 onsos	.15	:	.25
USP. 40 lb cbys lb 1.40 : 1.	-		-	IR	utter of Antimony, see Antimony Ch	loride		
FFC, 40 lb cbys lb 1.50 : 1	Thenomentonese, our came	***		.00				
ENZENE, 90% 8000 gal. tanks	Salicylate, 25 m brs				ADMIUM, metal 100 m bxs m	.95		
	8 Subcarbonate, USP, 25 lb bxs lb				Bromide, 50 lb cases jars lb			1.20
	6 X-Ray diag. 1 h bot h		: 3	.73	Iodide, 10 lb bot			4.45
	1 Subgallate, USP, 25 lb bxs lb			.65	Sulfide, cs	1.50		1.60

Ammonium Sulfate

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Ethylene Oxide

Paraldehyde

Glycol Diacetate Isopropanol

(Isopropyl Alcohol)

Ethylene Dichloride Ethylene Glycol

Acetaldol

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CAFFEINE ALK, USP 5D cam D		: 3.75	CAMPHOR, Amer. ref: 250 lb			Chalk, drop 175 m bbls	.0436	
Second Hands	3.40	: 3.45	bbls	:	.80	Precip. light 250 lb cskslb Precip. heavy 560 lb cskslb	.03 %	
Hydrochloride, 1 lb botlb	6.05	: 6,55	2½ lb slabs, 100 lb cs lb	:	.8114	Bulkton	5.00	
Sulfate, 1 lb bot lb	5.40	: 5.90		:	.81%	Precip. English, 7 lb bags lb		: .07%
Citrated, 25 lb cans lb	2.90	: 8.10	1 os tab., 1 lb etns.	:	.8514	Charcoal, Bone, see bone black	•••	
Hydrobramide, 11b bot D	4.65	: 4.90	14 oz. tab., 1 lb etns.		.00%	Wood, powd. 100 lb, bbls lb	.04	: .05
CALCIUM Acetate, 150 D bgs, e/l			100 m cs m	:	.86	Willow, powd. 100 m bbls m	.06	: .07
			Jap. ref., 21/2 lb slabs. 100 lb			China Clay, Dom., crudeton	6.00	: 8.00
10010		: 3.00	cs	.68 :	.69	Washed & Groundton	8.00	: 15.00
Arsenate, 100 B bbls. c/l wis. B	.08	: pom.	1 cm. tab., 100 lb es. 1 lb			Imp., Filler Clayton	18.00	: 15.00
Bromide. 100 D D		: .50	tins	:	.80	Chloral Hydrate, USP 100 lb drs lb	.75	80
Carbide, 220 D dr. c/l wks D		: .04%	1/2 or. tab., 100 lb cs., 1 lb	:	.83	25 m jars	.83	: .85
Drums, lc/l wks		: .05	Chinese ref. 214 D slabs 100 D		.00	Chinoidin, 140 lb drs		: .40
Carbonate, tech. 100 lb bags			ca. D	:		Chloramine-T, 5 D bot D	1.25	: 2.50
e/1100 m	1.00	: 1.10	Crude, 100 lb cs lb	.58 :	.60	Chloreosane, 5 lb bet	.55	: .78
USP, precip. 175 b bbls b		: .04		.00 .	.00	Chlorhydrin, Ethylene anhyd. 600 lb	.75	: .85
Chloride, solid, 650 m drs. e/l			Camphor, Monobrom., 100 B es B	1.75 :	1.85	40% soln. 100 lb cbyslb		: .30
f.o.b. NYton		: 24.50	Caramel, 50 gal. bblsgal	:	.70	CHLORINE, Liquid 2000 D cyl.		
Imp. shipmentton		: 19.50	Carbanol, 250 lb bbls	:	.50	c/l wks		: .0436
Gran. 350 h drs. e/l f.a.b.			arbon Bisulfide, 500 m drs., lel/NY m	:	.06%	Tank car lots, wks. Contract. ID		: .041/4
NYtoc		: 30.50	e/l drums, NY	:	.08	100 lb cyl. c/l		: .05%
Flake 380 D drs. c/l drs. f.o.b.			Carbon Black, 121/2 ID bags ID	.09 :	.10	100 lb cyl. lc/l wks	.08	: .07%
NYton		: 30.50	Carbon Dioxide, Liquid, 20-25cyl. Ib	:	.06	100 fb cyl. lc/l ex-warehouse fb	.08	09
anhyd., 350 m drs. f.e.b. NT. m	.13	: .20	Carbon Tetrachloride, 1400 D drs.			Chlorobensens, mone. 1000 lb drs.	.10	: .11
Ergerephosphate, 250 b bhis D		: 1.40	NY	.06%:	.06%	Drs. c/l wks	.08	.0814
			Drums, e/1 NY	:	.0634	Tank car lots wks	***	: .08
Hydrate, (see Lime)	-		700 lb drs. single NY lb	.07 :	.07%	CHLOROFORM, USP 50 D drs D		: .35
Hypophosphite, USP, 25 h came h	.60	: .65	Carmine, No. 40 510 boxes ID	4.75 :	4.85	Second Hands, 650 lb drs lb	.32	: .33
Iodide, 5 lb bot		: 4.40	Casein, edib., 100 lb keg lb	:	.45	Technical, 650 lb drumslb	.31	: .32
Lactate, tech. 500 lb bbls lb	***	: .181/4	Technical, 200 h bblsh	.10%:	.11%	Chlorophyll, Oil Sol	2.50	: 2.75 : 4.00
U.B.P	.50	: .60	Castoreum, 1 m boxesm	4.00 :	4.50	Chromium Acetate, 20° seln, 400 lb	3.75	. 4.00
Nitrate, 220 h bbls, c/l NY.ton	•••	: 40.00	Castor Oil, USP, 50 gal, bbls Ib	:	.17%	bbls	.07	: :08
Phosphate, tech. 350 h bbls. h	.09	: .10	Cases, 80 m 2 tinsm	:	.181/2	Fluoride, Powd. 400 D bblsD		: .30
Phosphate, precip. tribasic 200			Tech. see Fixed Oils			Solp. 400 lb bbls lb		:
Ib bols, wisIb	.11		Caustie Potash, see potash, caustie			Chrysarobin, USP, 5 D cans D	4.25	: 5:00
Phosphate, mone, 325 h bbls. h	.07		Soda, see soda, caustic	70.00		Cinchonidir alk., pwd. 100 oz. tieroz Crystal		: .66
Sulfocarbolate, 100 h keps h	.55	: .ST	Cellulose Acetate, 100 h casesh	1.75 :	2.00	Sulfate, 100oz. tinsos		: 40
Calomel, see Mercury			Cerium Oxalate, USP 100 D kees. To	.35 :	.38	Resale, 1,000 oz, lotsoz		: .39

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Comparison Com	vialos. 9 drs. wks. lb drslb	.35	: .25 : .50 : 10.25 : .36 : .86
Sulface 100 on tine on on 12.87 13.37 13.50	vialos. 9 drs. wks. Ib drs Ib bbls Ib	.35	: 10.25 : .34
Sulfate, 100 on tins os	drs. wks. Ib drs Ib bbls Ib	.35	: .34
Citrine Olitment, see Mircury Coal Tar, See Tars Cobalt metal, 100 lb kegs lb 2.50 : 3.00 Cobalt metal, 100 lb bbis lb : 2.10 Cobalt Oxide, 500 lb bbis lb : 5.65 Code oxide, 500 lb bbis lb : 5.65 Code oxide, 100 lb bbis lb 5.65 Code oxide, 100 lb circ 5.65 Code oxide, 100 lb circ 5.65 Code oxide, 100 lb circ	drs lb l		
Coal Tar, See lars Cobalt metal, 100 lb kegs lb 2.50 : 8.00 Cyanide, 100 lb drs lb .49 : .50 Dinitrobenzene, 400 lb coalt Oxide, 500 lb bbis lb : 2.10 Oxide, red 160 lb bbis, ton lots lb .16\frac{1}{2}: 17	bbls 1b		: .50
Cobalt metal, 100 lb kegs lb 2.50 : 3.00 Cyanide, 100 lb drs lb 5.65 Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cobalt Oxide, 500 lb bls lb : 2.16 Oxide, red 160 lb bls. too lots lb 1636 Life to Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb 1636 Life to Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 100 lb drs lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. too lots lb Dinitrobensene, 400 lb Cyanide, 500 lb bls. Dinitrobense		.16	
obalt Oxide, 500 m bbis m .: 2.16 Oxide, red 1660 m bbis, ton lots m .16 1/2: .17 Dinitrochlorobenzene, 400	In bbls. In		: .17
		.18	: .19
10 lb ting, 200 lb cases lb : 2.45 Sub-Acetate, verd, 440 lb bbls, lb .23 : .28 Dinitronaphthalene, 350	Ib bbis. Ib	.32	: .34
Distrophenal SECTA bit	dr D	.32	: .35
COGAINE alk., USP, 1 oz. vial. os : 10.00 SULFATE. crys. 450 lb bbls. le/1 Hydrochloride, USP—1 oz. vials.	bblsTh	.19	: .20
25 023			
In % on vials on . : 7.50 Carlots, bbls. delivered 100 lb 4.75 : 4.90 Dipherylamine, 250 lb b		.48	: .50
In crystais, granutar, powder, Imp. 550 in cass spot100 in 4.40 : 4.50			
or flaky crystals as desired. Powdered, 350 m 5 bblsm 5.50 : 5.75 Diphenylguanidine, 170 m			: 1.15
Cocoa Butter, bulk, 200 m bales. m .24 : .25 Copperas, bulk e/l wkston : 15.00 Dover's Powder, USP 5 m			: 2.30
Fingers, cakes, etc. 12 ib bxs lb .33 : .35 200 lb bgs, e/l wkston : 18.00 Dubcisine Sulfate, 1 ex. 400 lb bbls. e/l wkston : 20.00	viales .		: 39.07
CODEINE, alk., 1 cz. vis. 10 cs. Powdered, bils 100 fb 1.90 : 2.00 EARTH, Diatomaccous. see	e Kieselguhr		
lots	visea		: 1.30
Hydrobromide, 1 cs. vis. 10 cs. Corn Syrup. 42 deg. 50 gal. Hydrolide, USP 1 cs.	vial os 17.	.00	: 17.50
lots og : 7.92 bbls, 100 m : 4.26 15 gr. vials			: .75
Hydrochloride, 1 oz. vis, 10 cs. 43 deg. 50 gal. bbls100 m : 4.31 EPSOM SALT. tech. 300	0 Ib bbls.		
lots0s 8.77 44 deg. 50 gal. bbls100 lb 4.88 NY			: 2.15
Nitrate. 1 or. vis. 10 oz. lots.oz			
Phosphate, 1 oz. rls, 10 oz. Cotton Soluble, 100 m bbls. wet. m .40 : .42 Imp., 220 m bgs.		.70	: 1.75
lots 02 : 7.42 Coumarin, 25 m tins m 3.25 : 3.45 NY			: 1.40
Salicylate, 1 cm. vls, 10 cm. Second Hands			: 2.50
lots			: 2.15
Sulfate, 1 oz. vis. 10 oz. lots.oz: 7.92 bbls			: 2.00
Small Sizes, ½ oz. vials, 50c extra. Imp. powd. USP, 224 bbls. 1b .20½; .21 100 b kegs			: 2.28
44 oz. 30e extra, singles 7e extra Creosote, USP, 42 lb cbys lb : .45 Ergotin, Bonjean, 1 lb lb			: 6.35
per oz. —25 oz. lots, 10c oz. cheaper Carbonate, 1 lb bot. 25 lb lb 1.70 : 1.80 Eserine alk., 1 oz. vial.			: 24.07
than above. Less than 10 one, 15c oz. Cressote till, 50 gal. drsgal .26 : .30 Salicylate, USP 1 oz.			: 16.07 : 11.07
Crest, USF, 400 B Grund 2525			: .13
COD LIVER UIL, Norwegian, 30 gal.		• • •	
bbls			
Newfoundland, 30 gal. bbls. bbl Dichlorobe reach. 1000 b dru b 06 : .07 Washed, 55 lb drums.	D .		: .32
Colchicine alk USP 1 oz. vialoz: 15.07 Diethylaniline, 850 m drs b .58 : .61 Motor, 1 m cans		.24	: .27
Salicylate, 1 oz. vialoz : 15.07 Diethyl Phthalate, 25 m cans m .40 : .45 Ether, Nitrous, 1 m bot	t	.92	: .95
Collodion USP 30 lb drums lb: 32 1000 lb drs	0 lb drs. lb 1.	.15	: 1.25



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Carlots, drums gal .95 Carlots, drums gal .90 Refined Arums .90 Refined								_	_	
S5% Extext 100 gal, dru, gal .95 Carlots, drums gal .92 .92 .92 .92 .92 .93 .93 .94 .94 .95 .94 .95 .94 .95 .94 .95 .94 .95	Ethys Accuse, 99%, 50 gai. drs.gal	1.15 : :	1.18	Geratin, USP silver lbl. 100 m cs. m	.65 :	.68	Hydrastinine Hydehiide, ESP 15 er			
Estimated Caramas gal		:	.95	Gold Label, 100 h cases h	:				:	1.60
Tanks Cars gal 1.79 1.90 Refined Arms gal 1.77 1.90 Remed 115 D drs. D 40 Promide 115 D drs. D 40 Seronda 115 D drs. D 40 Sero	Carlots, drumsgal	:	.92							
Refined, drums	Tanks Carsgal	:	.90		PS.				•	
Rromide 115						1 08				10
## Childride 15 D erj.				950 % bble e/l whe 100 %			100 m) 145% above			
Methyl Ketone, 50 gal, drums, b. 25 25½				Phis 100 miss 100 m						
Morphine, see Morphine, Ethyle Exprise Romphine, 6000 for, 62 60				Bols. 10/1 WKS				.05	:	
Elaylere Rromide, 600 D dra. 22		.20 :	.20 1/2	Imported, bolk., spot100 ID			100 vol. 145 lb cbys lb		:	.48
Collectories 1.40	Morphine, see Morphine. Ethyl				:	1.25	USP tot. 4 oz. casesgross	8.00	: 1	8.25
Giprod	Ethylene Bromide, 600 h drs @	:	.60		:	1.75	Bot. 8 cz. casesgross	11.75	: 1:	2.00
Chlethydrin, abryd. 50 gal dru D. 75 85 ang. Solution, 50 gal dru D. 75 85 ang. Solution, 50 gal dru D. 20 25 ang. Dichlerde, 50 gal dru D. 25 25 ang. Dichlerde, 50 gal dru D.				USP, 300 lb bbls. e/l wks. 100 lb	:	1.40	Bot. 16 oz. casesgross	19.75	: 20	0.00
Solution	Chlorhydrin anhyd 50 cal des Th			Calcined, see Sodium Sulfate				1.40		
Dichlordefe, 50 gal. drs. D 20 25										
Syrup, Dr. & bbls, c/N Y 100 b 4.26 4.45 Syrup, Dr. & bbls, c/N Y 100 b 4.26 Syrup, Dr. & bbls, c/N Y 100 b 4.26 Syrup, Dr. & bbls, c/N Y 100 b 4.26 Syrup, Dr. & bbls, c/N Y 100 b 4.26 Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y 100 b 4.26 Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y 100 b 4.26 Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y 100 b Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y 100 b Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y 100 b Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y 100 b Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y 100 b Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y 100 b Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y 100 b Syrup, Dr. & condition white, bbls, c/N Y					4 20 .	A KA				
				Syrup Drs & bble e/l NV100 B			Wine one 1 on wiste on			
Edispar, Dulk				le/ NV 100 B						
Medium white, bbls. D 20 24				CINE num white bhle						
French, Chilluripe, tech. crys. 475 lb bbls. lb lb lb lp of do	Feldspar, bulkton	20.00 : 23	5.00							
### 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	FERRIC CHLORIDE, tech. crys.									
Imported			07	French, bbls			Sulfate, 1 oz. vial		: 20	0.07
Second Hands Description					.35 :	40	INDOL, C. P., 1 oz bot os	6.00	: 1	8.50
Second Hands Description					.10 :	.12	Iodides, see Potass, Iodide, etc.			
Neut. Sci's 40° 140 b cirys B .08				Fish, bbls gal						9.07
As 140 etys. b				GLYCERIN, C P. 550 m drums, m						
USF Soin 125 b etys. b										
Sapondication, tanks				Dynamite 100 th dee th						
Soap Lyp Lanks D 12 12½	USP Sol'n 125 m chys m	:	.051/	Concedimentary towns			Carboys	4.35	: 4	4.45
Ferroits Sulfide, 1000 lb bbls. 100 lb 2.50 3.00	Ferrous Chloride, crys. tech.			Suporanication, tanks			Iodoform, powd, 10 lb bot lb		: 1	5.50
Concerning Sulfide 1000 fb bbls 100 fb 2.50 3.00	475 m bbls	.06 :	.0634	Soap, Lye tanks ID	.12 :	.121/4	Crystals, 10 lb bot		: 1	6.50
Flake White, see lead, white Fluorspar, 95% 220 h bgs. ex. 96% bgs.			3.00	Goa Powder, see chrysarobin			Iridium metal 10os lotsos			
Fluorspar, 95% 220 h bgs. ex. 60ck				Graphite, crude 220 h hage ton	15.00 .	25.00				
dock				Flake 500 m bble m				.00		1.00
98% bgs. ton 33.50 98% bgs. ton 35.00 98% ton 35.00 100 bcl. bbs. bgs. ton 35.00 99% told told USP, 25 bcs. bbs. bgs. ton 35.00 100 bcl. bbs. bgs. ton 35.00 100 bcl		. 01		Ground lump bble B						-
98% bgs. ton				Custonel Hould IVED ON The care To						
Carbonate 5 lb boxes.				Bonnette 17 bet						
Second Hands D 0.09 0.	98% bgston	: 35	5.00	Contract, 1 III DOC						
c/l wiss. b .09% .09% .09% .09% .09% .09% .09% .09%	FORMALDEHYDE, TISP 400 Th bbis.			Carmonate. 5 to boxes In			Citrate, USP VIII 25 lb cans lb	.99	: 1	1.01
Carboys, 100 D 1c/1 wiss. D 1045 Biblin, 400 D 1c/1 wiss. D 10 15 Second Hands D 10 1045 Second Hands D 10 1045 Balazone, 5 D bot. D 2.75 3.25 Halazone, 5 D bot. D 2.75 3.25		0934 •	0086	Second Hands	3.35 :	3.40	Chloride, see ferrie or ferrous			
Imported 5 gr. cases 10 1.0				HAARLEM DIL, Dom. 6 gr. cs.gross	3.75 :	3.00	Hypophosphite, 5 fb cans lb	1.50	: 1	1.60
Halszone, 5 lb obt. 10 2.75 3.25 Formal filtor 10					4.00 :	4.25			:	.30
Rexamethylenetetramins USP 100 b drums D 150 b drums D				Halszone, 5 m bot B	2.75 :	3.25				
Tour				Hexamethylenetetramine, USP						
Imported Declaration Dec		***	.04	100 th drums th	75 .	771/			:	
Rubber Makers, Impalp. Pd. Imported, 230 m bags NY ton 35.00 : 40.00 Imported, 230 m bags NY ton 35.00 Imported, 230 m bags NY	Formandline	:	.50	Imported %						
mines	Fuller's Earth, 200 h bgs. c/1			Dubben Makes Your to Da	.00 :	.67				
Imported, 230 lb bags NYton 35.00		15.00 : 11	00.7	Rubber Stakers, Impaip. Pd.						
Turfural. 800 m bbls m 25 : .30 Tissel Oil, refined, 50 gal. drmgal 3.50 : 3.75 Crude, 50 gal. drm				ars ID	.82 1/9 :	.85	Oxide red, Spanish	.03 1/	6:	.07 16
Pasel Oil, refined, 50 gal. drumgal 3.50 : 3.75 Crude, 50 gal. drumgal 3.15 : 3.25 SALT, powte 350 mb bbls. basis Hydrawiste Alk, USBP, 1 cs. vial.e. 14.87 Hydrawiste Alk, USBP, 1 cs. vial.e. 14.87 Prophosphate, USP 25 mc cans mb .79 : 81 Prophosphate, USP 25 mc cans mb .79 : 81				Homatrepine Hydrobrom, USP 1 on.			& Ammon. Oxalate 25 lb bxs. lb	.42	:	.45
rusel Oil, refined, 50 gal. drmgal 3.50 : 3.75 Crude, 50 gal. drm				vial	:	14.5T	& Potassium Gralate, 25 lb bxs. lb	.45	:	47
Crude, 50 gal. drumgal 3.15 : 3.25 Hydrarente Alk., USP, 1 cs. vial.os 14.00 :14.57 Phosphate, USP 25 m cansm .79 : .81 Hydralente, USP 25 m	Pusel Oil, refined, 50 gal. drmgal	3.50 : 3	.75	Five one, 1 on vials on					:	48
SALT, paste 350 m bbls. basis Hydehlide, USP, 1 oz. rialon: 14.57 Pyrophosphate, USP 25 m	Crude, 50 gal. drumgal	3.15 : 3	.25	Hydrastine Alk., USP, 1 on vial or						
100 m 00 a 05 malesta 2 m al-1				Hydehlide, USP, 1 on vial on						
06. ; 26. D ELD ELD		.60 :	.65	Sulfate, I on vial				94		
	20070 111111111111			***************************************	*** 1	10.07	CROSID	.04		.00

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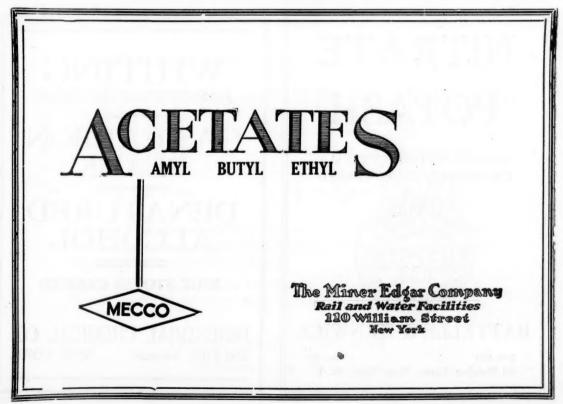
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JALAP MESIN, tump 5 lb tins lb	3.25	: 3.35	initiation, 5 lb oot	6.25	6.75	Manganese-(continued)			
Powa um		: 3.50	Litharge, see lead oxide			Glycerophosphate, 5 lb tins lb			2.95
Kapoc, 200 h double bales h	.25	: .26	Lithium Carb. USP, 100 lb kgs lb	1.50	1.60				
KIESELGUHR, 95 m bags NYton	60.00	: 70.00	Bromide, 100 lb cs	1.75	1.85	Hypophos. USP VIII 5 lb cans. lb			1.40
LANULIN, see Adeps Lanae			Citrate, USP, 100 h kegs h	1.70	1.75	Iodide, 1 lb bot		:	6.65
LEAD, metal c/NY100 lb		: 8.25	Iodide, 5 lb bot		7.50	Ore, bulk, NY	.40		45
Acetate white crystals 500 lb			Lithopone, 400 lb bbls, lc/l wks. lb	:	.06%				
bbls. wks lb	.1416	: .151/4	Bbls. c/l wks	:	.06%	Sulfate, 600 lb casks NY lb			
100 to 250 lb kgs. wks lb	.15	: .16	Bags, c/l wks	:	.06%	Marble Flour, bulkton	10.00	:	12.00
White, broken, bbls, wks. 100 h	13.90	: 14.90	Imported, 400 m bbls m	.05%:	.08	See also Calcium Carbonate			
	14.15		Litmus Cubes	.90 :	1.00	MENTHOL, USP, 60 m cases m			12.75
	15.25		Luminal, see Phenylethylmalonylurea			Less cases, 5 lb tins lb			13.00
Kegs, wks ID	.15%		MAGNESITE, crudeton		: 15.00	Domestic, USP, 60 lb cases lb			10.00
Brown, broken, bbls, wks Ib	.131/2		Calcined, 500 lb bblston		55.00				
USP, 100 lb kegs lb	.16		Magnesium mtl., sticks 100 D cs. D	1.25		MERCURY, metal, 75 lb flasks.flask			
Arsenate 100 ft obis. le/l wks. Ib	.21		Carb. tech. 70 lb bags NY lb			Less Flanks, 5 lb jugslb		:	1.10
Bbls c/l wks Ib	.17		75 lb bbls, NY	.08		Bichloride, cryst, 25 h bxsh		:	1.13
Paste, 100 & 600 m bbls m	.10		USP. 60 lb bbls	.12		Gran, powd., 200 h kegs h	***	:	.98
Iodide USP VIII 5 b bot b	3.20		USP, blocks 100 m es. 1, 2, 4	.12	.14	Bisulfate, 25 lb boxes lb			.96
Nitrate, 500 lb bbls. wks lb	0.20	.12		.19 :	.23				
Oxide, littige, 500 lb bbls lb			Ozs	.18	20	Blue Mass, 25 lb boxes lb			.66
100 lb kegs, wks		.15	Chloride, fused 575 lb drs. e/l			Powdered, 25 lb boxes lb		:	.68
Oxide red 500 lb bbls, wks Ib	***		wks ton		34.00	Blue Ointment, USP 25 h cans			
100 lb kegs, wks			Flaked, 350 lb drs. wks e/l.ton		36 00	50%	***		.86
Peroxide, 100 lb drs lb	.25		Imp., fused 900 lb bbls NY ton	26.00 :	28.00	7.0			
White basic carb. 500 lb bbls.	.20	: .30	Fluosilicate, crystals 400 lb bbls.			USP, dilute 25 m cans 30%. m			.66
wks D			wks	.12 :	.15	33½% Mercury		:	.14
Bbis. c/l wks	***		30% soln. 500 lb bbls, wks. lb	.07	.0734	Calomel, 50 lb bxs		:	1.22
	• • •		Soln. bbls. c/l wks ID			Citrine Ointment 25 lb jars lb		:	.51
100 fb kegs, wks ib	•••	.14%				Iodide, green 25 lb jars lb		:	4.10
White, suifate 500 lb bbls.wks. lb			Glycerophosphate, 5 lb tins lb	:		Red. USP 25 lb jars lb		:	4.20
Bels c/l wks	***		Hypophospnite, 5 lb canslb	:		Yellow, USP VIII 25 lb jars. lb		:	4.10
Licorice Ext. Mass, cases ib	.25		Oxide, USP light 100 lb bbls lb	:					
Compound powder, bbls 1b	.11		USP, heavy 250 lb bbls lb	:	.50	Oxide, Yellow, USP, 25 lb bxs lb		:	1.68
Powdered	.38		Peroxide, 5 lb cams	:	2.40	Red Precip. USP, 25 lb bxslb		:	1.38
Sticks, 1 oz. 100 m casesm	.45	: .50	Perborate, 1 lb tinslb	:		Powder, USP 25 lb bxslb			1.48
LIME (Salts, see Calcium Salts)			Salicylate, 100 lb kegs lb	.70 :	.75	White Precip. USP 25 lb brs lb			
Live, 25 fb bbls. ton lots, wks. fb		: .01%	Sulfate see Epsom Salts			Powdered, USP 25 lb bxslb			1.30
Single bbl. wks			Manganese Chloride, 600 lb csk.			With chalk, USP 25 lb bxs lb			.66
Hydrated. 167 m bbl, ton lots,			NY	.0934	.10				
wks		: .011/4	Borate, 30%, 200 h bbls h	.0073		Meta-Nitraniline	.70		.80
			100 lb kegs			Meta-Nitro-para-Toluidine, 300 b			
Single bbl. wks B	***				.20	bbls		:	2.20
eyster Shell, 150 m bbl. single. m			Dioxide, 80-84% 900 b bbls.			Meta-Phenylenediamine, 300 lb			
Sulfur. dry 200 fb drs. NY fb	***		NYton		85.00	bbla	.90	:	.98
Drs. e/l NY D		: .08	85-90%, 900 lb bbls. NY.ton		90.00	Meta-Toluylenediamine, 300 fb			
33° Soln. 50 gal. bbls., NY.gal	.15	: .16	Hydrated, precip, 100 lb kgs. lb	.15 :	20	bbls	.85	:	.88



METHANOL (Wood Alcohol)			Musk Ambrette, 1 b cars	15.00 : 16.00	Ortho-Toluidine, 350 lb bbls lb	.14 :	: .16
95%, tanks		: .67	NAPHTHA, See Solvent Naphtha		Orgail, USP, 5 D bot D	2.00	3.00
Drums c.lgal		: .70			Purified, 5 lb bot	1.50	2.50
Drums, 1c/1gal		: .72	NAPHTHALENE, Plake, 175 D bbls		Creside 5 th host th		1.25
97% tanksgal		: .69	wks				
Drums, c/lgal		72	Bbls., c/1 wks		PALLADIUM, metal 10 oz. lotsos		: 76.00
Drums, lc/lgal		74	Bbls., second hands NYI		Pancreatin, USP 510 bot10	1.25	1.40
			Balls, 250 lb bbls. wks I		Papain, 10 h bot. USP, Powd h	2.15	2.25
Pure, Acetone free, tksgal	***	: .75	Bbls., c/1 wks		Crude, 150 D cases D		1.85
Drume, e/lgal		: .77	Bbls., second hands NYI		Paraffin, ref'd 200 lb cs. slabs	1.00	
Drums, lc/lgal		: .80	Crushed, chipped, bgs., wks I				: .06
Bbls. incl. 5e higher			Crude, imp., bags	: .02	123-127 Deg. M. P		
Methyl Acetone, 100 gal, drums.gal	.75	: .80	Nickel Metal, electrolytic 100 B		128-132 Deg. M. P		
Tanks, carsgal	.70	: .75	kees		133-137 Deg. M. P	.06%	
Caloride, 90 m crl		: .50	Ingot, 100 lb kegs		138-140 Deg. M. P	.07%	: .07%
Salicylate, USP, 50 lb cases lb		: .47	Salt. single 400 lb bbls. NY. I		Para-Aminoacetanilid, 100 B		
500 b drums D		: .45	Double, 400 D bbls, NYD		keps	1.10	: 1.15
Second Hands, cases ID	.44	: .45	Oxide, 100 lb kegs NY		Para-Aminophenol, 100 h kegs 10	1.16	: 1.25
Methylene Blue, tech, 100 m kgs. m	1.25	: 1.50	Sulfate, 450 m bhis		Hydrochloride, 100 m keg m		
USP, medicinal 5 m cans m	2.00	: 2.80				1,00	
The second secon	2.00		Nicotine, Free 40%, 8 h tins h		Para-Dichlorbenzene, 150 m bbls.		
Michler's Ketone, 225 lb bblslb		: 3.75	Sulfate, 10 B tins, 40%		vis	.17	
Milk, powd. 150 h bbls h	.14	: .15	Nitre Cake, bulk wksto	m 5.50 : 6.00	25-50 lb kegslb	.18	
Milk Sugar, see sugar of milk			500 lb bbls,to	n 13.00 : 14.00	Paraldehyde, 100 gal. drs Ib	******	
Mineral Oil, see oil mineral			Nitrobennene, crude, 1000 lb da		Paraformaldehyde, USP 100 h cs. h	.421/4	: .45
Mineral Rubberton	35.00	: 75.00	via		Para-Nitroncetanilid, 300 lb		
Memoacetine, 100 gal. drums D		: .50	Redistilled, 1000 D drs. wks. I		100m	.50	: .55
Monochlorobennene, see chlorobennene					LANA-MILHOVALTIME, OOOD DOR		
Monoethylaniline, 900 lb drs lb	.90	: 1.00	Nitronaphthalene, 550 lb bbls I		wks. ton	.68	: .73
Monomethyl paramidophenol sulfate			Nitrotoluene, mixed 1000 lb dri		Para-Nitrochlorobensene, 1200 m drs.		
100 b drs b	2 05	- 4.20	wis		wks	.20	: .30
	0.00		Ochre	: .031/4	Para-Nitro-ortho-Toluidine, 300 h		
MORPHINE Sulfate, USP 5 oz. tins			Cil Fuel, see Fusel Cil		bbls	2.75	: 2.85
10 06		: 1.35	OIL MINERAL, wh. 50 gal. bbls.ga	d 1.00 : 1.25	Para-Nitrophenol, 185 lb bbls lb	.55	: .60
Acetate, 5 on time 10 on lots.on		: 7.35	011 Mirbane, see nitrobensene		Para-Nitrosodimethylaniline, 120 b		
Hydrobromide, 5 os, tins 10 os.			Opium, see crude drugs		bbls		: .95
lots		: 7.35	Grange Mineral, 800 lb casks NY. I		Para-Nitrotoluene, 350 m bbls m		: .42
Hydehlide, 5 on, tine 10 as.			500 fb bbls. NY	b : .14	Para-oxy Bennaldehyde, 100 lb		
lots		: 7.35	Ortho-Aminophenal, 50 h kegs I	2.40 : 2.50	kems	1.50	: 1.60
Ethyl Hydehlide, 1/4 cz. vls. 10			Ortho-Anisidine, 100 lb drs	3.00	Para-Phenetidin, 500 B drs B	1.55	: 1.80
OK		: 11.45	Ortho-Dichlorobenzene, 1000 h dr		Para-Phenylenediamine, 350 lb		
Small Sizes: 1/4 oz. vials, 50c			wks	D .051/4: .06	bbls	1,30	: 1.35
34 s 25c extra; single os via.,	7c ex.		Ortho-Nitrochlorobenzene, 1200 h		Para-Toluene-Sulfonamide, 175 lb		
tra, over price for 5 os. tins.	25 cs.		drs. wks		bbls	.40	: .41
lots in 5 os. tine, 10e os. lowe	r than		Ortho-Nitrophenol, 350 fb 1	b : 1.00	Para-Toluene-Sulfonchloride, 410 B		
above schedule. Less than 10 c			Ortho-Nitrotoluene, 1000 lb drs.		bbls. wks	.18	: .80
15c on, higher than above sched	fule.		wks	D .09 : .10	Para-Toluidine, 350 lb bbls, wks. lb	.75	: .80

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Arsenic Basis, 500 lb kegs lb	.25 : .30	Piperidine, 25 ca	1.10 : 1.25	Chlorate, crys. 1121b kgs. c/l		
Kits, 56, 28, 14 lbslb	.32 : .33	Pitch, Coal-Tar, wkston		wks.	.08 :	.08%
Packages, 5 and 2 lbslb	.36 : .37	Plaster Paris, tech 250 lb bbls.bbl		Imp. 112 h kegs, NYh	.06%:	
Packages, 1 D, 1/4, 1/4 D D	.39 : .43			Powd., 112 lb kegs wkslb Imp., kegs NYlb	.0816:	.09
Paris White, see whiting, French		True Dental, 300 bblsbbl	: 4.50	Gran. Imp. 112 b kgNY. b	.1014:	.11
Pepsin, USP, 5 lb botlb	2.25 : 2.50	Platinum, metal soft 10 on. lotsos	:118.00	Pyrotechnic, fine powd, NY ID	:	.07
PETROLATUM, green 300 m bbls. m	.0214: :03	Podophyllin, 5 lb bot lb	5.20 : 5.40	USP, fine crys. 110 lb keeps		
Dark Amber, 300 lb bbls lb	.0314: .04	Second Hands	4.90 : 5.00	NY	.07 :	.07%
Light Amber, 300 lb bbls lb	.04%: .05	POTASH, CAUSTIC, solid 88-92%		Citrate, USP 10 D cans D	.63 :	.06
Cream White, USP 300 lb bbls. lb Lily White, USP, 300 lb bbls. lb	.07 : .071/4	700 lb drs. wks lb	: .071/4	Cyanide, 110 D cases D	.60 :	.65
Snow White, USP, 300 lb bbls, lb	.121/4: .13	Imp., 88-92% 700 lb drs. NY. lb	.0714: .0714	Glycerophosphate, 75% Soln. 25 lb		
Phenol, see also acid carbolic	122/21 120	USP, by alcohol 5 h cansh	.46 : .48	tins	1.35 :	1.50
Makers, 900 D drums, was D	.24 : .25	cases	.30 : .35	Gualacol Sulfonate, 5 h cans,		
Small drums, 100-240 D Ib	.25 : .27	POTASSIUM Acetate, USP, 100 To		10 D	2.00 :	2.25
Open market, drs	: .25	kegs	.29 : .30	Hypophosphite, 10 lb cans lb	.80 :	.85
Natural, 240 lb des drs. wks lb		Bicarbonate, crys. 320 b bbls. b	: .101/4	Iodide, USP, 100 D cases D	3.75 :	2.80
Imported, 336 lb des drslb	:	Bichromate, crys. 900 lb caskslb	.08%: .09	Second Hands, cases b	8.60 :	3.70
Phenolphthalein, USP, 100 lb drs. lb	1.30 : 1.40	Powd., 900 lb casks wkslb	: .12	Lactophosphate, 4os botes	:	.90
5 lb cans, 100 lb lots lb	1.40 : 1.50	Binoralate, 300 h bblsh	.25 : .28	Metabisulfite, 300 lb bbls lb	.18 :	.20
Phenyl-Alpha-Naphthylamine 100 lb		Import, 112 b bblsb	.18 : .20	Imp., 550 lb bbls lb	.10 :	.13
kegn	:	Bisulfate, C.P., 5 h cans h	: .30	Muriate, 80%, 200 lb bags, NY		
Phenylethylalcohol, 1 lb bot. Dom lb	8.00 : 10.00	100 lb kegs	: .22	K ₀ 0 unit	*** 1	.61 1/4
Imported	7.00 : 7.75	Bromate, 100 lb cs	: .75	Nitrate, see Saltpetre		
Phenylethylmalonylurea, on. pksoz	: 5.50	BROMIDE, USP, cryst. 450 D		Oxalate, neutral, 100 lb kegs lb	.35 :	.40
Phosgene, 100 lb cylinders lb	:	bbis	: .38	Perchlorate, 112 lb kegs lb	.0914:	.10
Phosphorus Oxychloride, 175 D cyl. D	.35 : .40	Granular, 300 lb bbls lb	: .38	PERMANGAN, USP, crys. 500 m		
Phosphorus, red 110 lb cs. wks. lb Imported, 112 lb cases lb	90 : 1.00	Cases, 100 lb	: .39	& 100 lb drs., wkslb	.12%:	.13
Yellow, 110 lb cs. wkslb	.35 : .371/2	Imported, USP, 220 lb cslb	.30 : .32	Imp. 112 lb drs	.13 :	.131/4
Imported, 112 lb caseslb	!	CARBONATE, 80-85% calc.		Prussiate, red, 500 lb casks lb	.38 :	.40
Phosphorus Trichloride, 175 lb cyl.		800 lb cks	.0514: .0514	Prussiate, yellow, 500 lb casks. lb	.17%:	.18
. wks	: .45	80-85%, hydrated, 800 D		Salicylate, 25 lb cans lb	.60 :	.65
Phthalie Anhydride, 100 lb bbls. lb	.23 : .28	cks	.05%: .05%	Sulfate, 200 lb bags, NY.K.O unit	:	.85
Pilocarpine Hydchlide, USP 25 oz.		90-95% cale. casks ID	.05%: .06	USP, VIII, 100 h kegs h	.15 :	.18
lots, 1 cs. vialsoz	3.00 : 3.32	96-98% calc. casks Ib	.05%: .08	Sulfocyanide, CP 25 lb jars lb	:	.50
Nitrate, 25 osoz	: 3.00	99% cale. casks Ib	.06%: .07	Tartrate, neutral, 100 h kegs. h	:	.51
Alkaloid, 15 gr. visea	: .85	99% CP casks ID	1214	Titanium Oxalate 200 h bbls. h	.25 :	.30

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THE SELDEN COMPANY

Pittsburgh, Pa., U. S. A.

Pumice Stone, lump, 250 lb bbls. lb	.041/4:	.08	UNINE (continued) bantomin USP, 1D bot			8.00
Powdered, 350 lb bbls	.0214:	.03	Valerate	.90		1.10
Pyridine, 50 gal. drumsgal		4.30	Small Street los viale or cane Satin White, 500 ft bhis fb		:	.011/
			500g lots 5e og extra: 50g came. Schaeffer's Salt, 250 lb bbls.wks. lb	.60	:	.65
GUICKSILVER, see Mercury			500m lots 3c on extra; 250m cans, Scopolamine, see hyoscine.	.17		.18
Quinidine Alk., 100oz tinsoz		.75	Sour lots, 2c ds extra; single los			.10
Sulfate, 100 on timeon	:	.50	vials or cans, 5c extra. All minor guinine saits sold and quoted basis Crude, bulk, mineston	10.00	: 1	2.00
Quinoidine, see Chinoidin			100oz lots in 100oz cans. Sulfate Refined, floated, bagston			0.00
QUININE SULFATE, USP.				32.00		0.00
American, 100cs tins		.50	lots in 100cs cans. Smaller orders Extra floated bagston	55.00		5.00
loz tins, 100ce lots		.57	or containers extra as above SILVER, metal, Americanos		:.	1.25
Java. 100cs tins	:	.50	schedule. Foreign	***		2.80
Japanese, 100os tins	:	.50	8 SALI, 250 10 0018. Was 10 .99 : .90 Other Todide 16or bot		:	.69
QUININE SULFATE, USP.			Nifrate 16 or bot	.84	:	.38
Acetate	:	.28	Red Precipitate, see mercury Resorcin, see resorcing. Nucleinate, 160z bot	.34	:	.38
		.88	Proteinal tech 100 ham the 10x . 1 mg Proteinate, 1600 Dot	.34	:	.38
Arsenate	:		tion of a see a see Soap, Castile, 40 in otto in	.20	:	.25
Benzoate	:	.88	Rochelle Salt, USP, 225 lb bbls. lb .21 : .22 Powd. USP, 250 lb bbls. lb lb lb lb green, USP, 150 lb kegs lb	.07		.0734
Bisuffate, USP	*** 5	.50	Imp. USr, 300 in court on the conde	.01	•	.0175
Citrate	:	.63	Rosewater, triple, Sgal. demisgal .90 : 1.10			
Dihydchlide, USP	:	.66	Retten Stone, lump imp., bbls b .07 : .08 SODA ASM, 58% light Lump selected, bbls b .09 : .12 1-4 bags, deliv'd NY100 b		:	2.19
Dihybromide	:	.68	Powdered, bhis	***	:	2.04
Dicarbonate, 10oz tinsoz	:	2.50	Domestic hars mines ton 24.00 : 30.00 1-4 bbis., deliv'd NY100 B			
Ethyl Carbonate, 16oz. tinsos	:	.91	SACCHARIN, USP, 1 D cars, 25 D 5 & Up bbls, deliv'd NY 100 B	***	:	2.29
Ferrocyanide		.88	B. 1.90 : 2.10 Contract, Basis 58% bags c/l			1 38
	*** :		Soluble, USP, 1 to cans, 25 to . to 1.90 : 2.10 Prompt and spot, Basis 58% bags		•	4.00
Formate	:	.85	Sal Ammoniac, see Ammon. Chloride c/l wks		:	1.48
Glycerophosphate os	:	.88	Salicin, USP, 1 lb cartons, 25 lb . lb 4.75 : 5.00 Contract, Basis 58% dense bags			
Hydriodide	:	.88	Salel, USP, 100 lb drumslb .75 ; .80 c/1 wks100 lb		:	1.45
Hydrobromide, USP	:	.62	Salt Cammon. see sodium chloride Salt Cake, c/l f.o.b. wkstom 18.00 : 22.00 Pmpt. and spot, Basis 58% bags c/l wks			1 55
Hydrochloride, USP	:	.63	SALTPETRE, Double Refined SODA. CAUSTIC, 76% solid			1.00
Hydrochlorunifate	:	.66	Granular, 400-500 m bbls. 1-4 drums deliv'd NY 100 m		: 1	8.91
Hydehlide & Urea, USP D	:	.28	e/l wks		: :	8.76
E-pophosphite	:	.88	Less c/l works, bbls D : .0614 Ground & Flake, 76%			
		.78	Large Crystals, 350-400 lb bbls., 1-4 drums, deliv'd NY100 lb e/l wks			4.31
Phenelsulfonate		.88	c/l wks			4.56
Phosphate		.74	c/l wks			
Salicylate, USP	:	.63	Powdered, bbls, c/l wiss ib : .07 Contract basis 76% c/l wiss.			
Tannate, USP	:	.45	Imported, 500 lb bbls., NY lb : .08% 100 lb		: :	8.10



Diamond Soda Ash is guaranteed over 99% pure

A Manufacturing Policy that Creates Sales

The first carload of Diamond Soda Ash that was manufactured established a precedent that has been followed ever since. A policy that insists upon quality above all else presents no sales problem.

The success of such a policy is evidenced by the constantly increasing demand for Diamond Alkalies. Consumers of Diamond products have a satisfaction in the knowledge that they are using Alkalies that have become the Standard of Quality.

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Solvay Extra Light Soda Ash "Fluf"

Solvay 58% Soda Ash

Dense-Light

Solvay 76% Caustic Soda

Solid-Flake-Ground

Solvay Super Alkali

Solvay Snow Flake Crystals

(Trademark Registered)

Solvay Laundry Soda

Solvay Cleansing Soda

Solvay Tanners Alkali

Solvay Tanners Soda

Solvay Liquid Caustic Soda

Solvay Calcium Chloride 73%-75%



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Sales Department Wing & Evans Inc.—40 Rector St., New York

Boston Cincinnati Cleveland Detroit Indianapolis

Cleveland Syracuse Indianapolis

SODA GAUSTIG-(Continued)			SODIUM—(Continued) SODIUM—(Continued)		
Pmpt, and mot. Basts 76%			Chloride, tech. 200 lb bags. ton 12.00 : 13.00 Ortho-Chloro-Toluene Sulfo-		
c/1 wks100 lb	:	2 90	C. P., 300 D bbis D .05 : .06 nate, 175 D bbis. wks D	.25 :	.27
Contract 74% low grade c/l		0.20	Chromate, 800 lb bbls lb : .08 Oxalate, neutral, 100 lb kegs. lb	:	.30
	:	9 00	Citrate, USP, IX, 100 m kem, m .62 : .66 Perborate, 275 m bbis m	:	.28%
wks. flat100 lb	*** :	3.02	USP. VIII. 100 lb kegs lb .55 : .59 Imp. 225 lb drs lb	:	.22
Ground & flake, 76% pmpt. and			Cranide, 96-98%, 100 b cases Peroxide, 200 b cases b	.25 :	.27
spot, wks. e/l drs100 lb	*** :	3.60			
Contract 76% drums c/l wks,				.0314:	.03%
flat	:	3.50		.07	.07%
USP, stick, 10 lb cans lb	.19 :	.21		.0534:	.06
Pure, stick, by alcohol ID	.25 :	.27	125-128%, 260 h csh .20 ; .201/2 Imp. granh		.11
			120-125% 200 m cs m .17 : .18 USP, recrys. 275 bbls m	.10 :	.26
SODIUM ACETATE, crys. 450 D bbli		051/	118-120%, 200 lb cs lb .16 : .17 Mono-sodium 100 lb kegs lb	.24 :	.04
Wis	.04%:	.051/4	Fluoride, 300 m bhls, wis m .08%; .0914 Tri-sodium tech. c/l, bbls m	.03%:	
Aluminate, 500 h bbls, wis h	.07%:	.08	I me 350 h bbls	:	.60
Aluminum Sulfate, see alum soda			Givernphos. USP, errs 25 m Para-Toluene Sulfonate, 175 m		
Arsenite, 4 lb mat. wks. drums.gal	.50 :	.60	eans	.08 :	.09
Drums, 8 lb material, wksgal	1.00 :	1.20	Propries 45 th time th 145 - 160 PRUSSIAIE, YELLOW, 350 III DUE IU	.09 14:	.09 1/
Bennoate, USP, 100 lb bbls lb	.62 :	.65	Solution, USP, 25 b tins b 1.05 : 1.15 Imp., 450 b cks b	.09%:	.09%
Bicarbonate, 400 lb bbls, NY.100 lb	:	2.35	Hydroxide, see Soda Caustie Pyrophosphate, 100 lb kegslb	.24 :	.26
Bbls. c/l wks100 lb	:	2.00	Name of Salleylate 100 h kers ID	:	.40
112 lb kegs wks100 lb	:	2.25	Canand Hands 1'CD byes th	.37 :	.40
112 m kegs, NY100 m	:	2.50	14 73 70 mail, 50 m coys m		
Bichromate, 600 lb casks wks lb	.06%:	.07	100 m	:	2.00
Casks, c/l was	.06%:	.07	you britishing, out the same to the same to the same	:	1.90
Casks, NY	.0674:	.07		:	
	.00%	.01			
Bisulfite dry powder, 500 lb	04 .	041/		:	.80
· bbls., wks b	.04 :	.041/4	010 mm. 1200 mm. 1200 mm. 1200 mm. 1200 mm. 1200 mm.	:	.85
Solution, 32-40°, 500 b bbls.				:	. 75
wks100 m	1.25 :	1.75		1.05	
Bromate, 100 h cs	:	1.05	Imp	.04 :	
BROWIDE, USP, 450 m bbls m	:	.38	Granulated, bbls. wks100 lb 2.90 : 3.30 Silicofluoride, 450 lb bbls, NY lb	.04 .	.047
Cases, 50 lblb	:	.39	Bbla. c/l wks100 m : 2.75 Sulphate, see Glauber's Salt		
Imp. USP. 112 b csb	.38 :	.40	Kegs, wks		
Cacodylate, USP, 5 lb. bot.	100		Regular crystals	.03%:	.04
25 D	5.50 :	5.90	locide. USF, 25 lb jars lb 4.25 : 4.30 Impt. 250 lb bbls lb	.03 :	.03 %
	0.00	0.00	Metarilate, 150 lb bbls lb .55 : .70 Sulfide, 60% solid, 650 lb drs.		
Carbonate, sal soda, 350 m bhla.			Naphthionate, 300 lb bbls, lb .59 : .62 lc/l wks	.04 :	.04 %
le/1 NY		1.35	Nitrate. crude, 95%, 200 D bgs Drs. c/l wks	.03 :	.03 1
Works e/1	1.10 :	1.30	e/1 NY	:	***
Monohydrate, 400 lb bbl.			Future NY 100 m 2.40 ; 2.45 60% broken, 650 m drs. wks. m	.04%:	.05
le/1 NY106 lb	:	2.40	Double Refined 400 m bbls Imp., 500 m drs. NY m	.03%:	.04
Pure photographic, 100 lb			gran. c/l wis lb : .0444 30% crys. 440 lb bbls. wks. lb	.02 :	.02%
keg	.06 :	.08	Nitrite, 500 lb bbls., wks lb	.0214:	.023
Chlerate, 112 lb kegs, wks 70	:	.0614	Dhie and makes B	.0314:	93%
Imported, 112 m kees m	.06%:	.06%	Imp. 650 lb casks lb .09 1/4: .09 1/2 Anhydrous, 400 lb bbls lb	.0914:	.10
amporton, and in megatition		130 /8	Analyticus, 200 m bota :	72 .	-20



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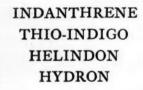
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PRICES CURRENT SECTION

SGDIUM-(Continued)				SULFUR, crude bulk, c/l NYton 18.00 : 19.00 Thiocarbanilid, 170 lb bbls lb	.27	:	.29
Sulfocarbolate, USP, 100 lb kegs lb	.35		.37	Crude, f.o.b. mineston 14.00 : 15.00 Thymol, USP, 25 lb tins lb	5.00	:	5.25
kegs It	.35		.37	Brimstone, 250 lb bags, c/l 100 lb 1.75 : 1.95 Iodide, 5 lb boxes lb	7.25		7.50
Sulfocyanide, 400 to bbls ID	.45		.47	Less c/l bags NY100 D 1.85 : 2.10 TIN, Metal Straits, NY100 D	***		51.00
Tungstate, crys. 100 lb kegs lb	.55		.60	Roll, 500 m bbls, c/l NY.100 m : 2.15 American standard, NY100 m			50.87
Anhydrous, kegs			.75				50.50
SOLVENT NAPHTHA, 110 gal.	***		.10				30.30
drs. wksgal	-00		20	Flour, Heavy, 290 m bbls, 100 m 2.50 : 3.05 Bichloride, 56% soln. 100 m			.13%
	.29	:	.30	Light, 100%, 260 h bbls, 100 h 2.60 : 3.15 bbls., wks			
8000 gal. tank cars wks.gal	.24		.25	Rubbermakers 100%, 240 b Crystals, 500 b bbls., wksb	***	:	.35
Spartein Sulfate, USP, 25oz bulk.oz	.30	:	.40	bbls, NY100 m 2.50 : 3 30 100 m kegs, wks m		1	.351/2
Single oz. vial			.47	Commercial, 99%, 150 m bgs. Oxide, 400 m bbls. wks m		:	.52
Starch, rice, 140 lb bags lb	.09	:	.10	NY		:	.54
STRONTIUM Bromide, USP, 50 Tb				For Dusting, 99%, 100 h Tetrachloride, 1000 h drs.wks. h		:	.28
	4.1		40	bgs. NY 100 m 2.00 : 2.50 Tolidine, 350 m bbls	1.00	:	1.10
kegs	.41	4	.42	Flowers, 100%, 240 m bbls. Sulfate, 350 m bbls m		:	1.10
Carb. 600 lb bbls. wks lb			.07	NY		:	.26
100 lb kegs, wks		:	.08	Precipitated, 125 b bbls NY b .14 : .17 110gal, drs. wks		:	.31
Iedide USP, 25 m jars m		:	4.00	Lac. 125 h bbls NY b .07 : .10 Toluidine, Mixed, 900 h drs. wks. h	.31	:	33
Nitrate, 600 lb bbls., wks lb	.10	:	.101/2	Sulfur Chloride, red, 700 lb drs. Triacetin, 50 gal. drs., wks lb			.87%
Imp., bbls., NY ID			.091/4	wks	***		1.00
Salicylate, USP, 100 lb kegs lb	.70		.75				2100
STRYCHNINE Alkaloid, USP, crys.				Yellow, 700 lb drs. wks lb .05 : .06 Trional, see Suironetayimetaane			.80
100 og. tinsog			.81			:	.55
Alk. powd., USP08			.71		2.50	:	3.00
Acetate			.80		8.25	:	9.00
Glycerophosphate, USP08	***			Todato, Coa, Taki Car Control, Tri			.25
			.80	Sulfuric Ether, see Ether Ultramarine Blue	.15	:	
Hydrobromide02			.80	Sulfuryl Chloride. 600 lb drs lb .75 : 1.00 UREA, pure, 112 lb cases lb	.18	:	.20
Hydrochloride08			.80	TALC, Italian 220 m bags NY. ton 40.00 : 50.00 VANILLIN, USP, 50002 camsoz			.4934
Wydrophosphiteog		-	.90	Refined white, bagston 60.00 : 80.00 Cane 80 ces			.50
Nitrate, USP		:	.80	French, 220 m bgs., Ntton 30.00 : 35.00 Cane 16 ces			.51
Phosphate		:	.80	Renned, white, bags ton 35.00 ; 45.00 Second Hands	.47		.50
Sulfate, USP, crys. powdos		:	.57%	Dom., crude, 100 lb bags NY. ton 13.00 : 15.00 Venetian Red			.05
Saccharinate02		:	1.92	Refined, 100 lb bags NYton 16.00 : 18.00 Verdigris, see Copper Subacetate			.00
Strychnine preparations quote	of her	-		Tar, Coal Gas, Tks, wksgal .06 : .08 Vermilion, Amer. 100 lb kegs lb	.35		.40
100oz lots in 100os tips. Sms							
% oz vials, 50e extra; % os vi				Wester Con The min and OR a CO English, Kopp	1.30	:	1.35
extra; single ounce vials, 7c ex				Bushes Breatle tech 500 th bale to og veratritie Suitate, 102 viat		:	1.85
of 25 ons. 5c higher that				rop com bble 94 1 hydrochiuriue, 102 viai		:	1.85
schedule. Lots of less than				Terpin Hydrate, USP, 100 m kegs m .60 : .62 Veronal, see Acid Diethylbarbiturie			
10c higher per og.	20 00			Terpineol, CP 1000 b drums b .48 : .50 WHITE LEAD, see lead, white			
The second second				Cars. 50 m			
Sugar Coloring, bblsgal	.63	:	.72		19 00		15.00
Summer Milk, USP, 200 m bbls m	.213	14:	.22				
Second Harsts, USP, bbls ID	.20		.21				18.00
	.20	•		Terra Alba, No. 1, 300 m bbls100 m 1.85 : 1.90 Glilders, bags, NYton			15.00
Sulfonal, sec Sulfonmethane		-		No. 2, bbls			18.00
Salfonethylmethane, USP, 10 lb boss. lb				Theobromine Alk., 5 D cans D 4.00 : 4.10 English, bags, NYton			31.60
Sulfonmethane, USP, 10 h brs h	2.65		2.85	and Sod. Salicylste, 17b bot B : 3.42 Witch Hazel Extract, 50 gal. bbls.gal	1.05	:	1.10

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Sulphate and Minor Salts

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Coast to Coast Producing Points

XYLENE, 3° dist range, nitration tks. wksgal	.45 :	.50	Oils			LARD OIL, Edible prime, bbls lb Off prime, bbls	•••	: .2054 : .19%
110 gal. drs. NY gal	.50 :	.55				Extra, bbis		: .1514
5º dist, range, 8000 gal. tanks					40	Extra No. 1, bbls		: .1314
wks gal	.35 :	.40	Castor, No. 1, 400 h bbls h	.17%:	.18	No. 1, bbls		: .12%
i 10 gal. drs. wksgal	.40 :	.45	80 lb cases	***	.18%	No. 2, bbls		: .121/4
10° dist, range, drums, wksgal	.35 :	.40	No. 3, bbls	.17 :	.1736	LINSEED, raw e/l bbls., spot. gal		: 1.06
Tanks, wiss gal	.25 :	.26	Blown, 400 lb bbls	***	.19	Five bbls., rawgal		: 1.09
Commercial 110 gal, drs., wks.gal	.30 :	.31	China Wood, bbls., spot NY Th	.16 :	.161/4	Boiled, 5 bbl, lots gal		: 1.11
Tanks, wksgal,	.25 :	.26	Tanks, Spot, NY ID	:		Double boiled, 5 bbl. lotsgal		: 1.12
Xylidine	.40 :	.45	Nov., Dec. forw. arr. NY bbls. Ib	.15%:	.16	Raw, le/l bbls gal		: 1.09
YARA YARA, 1 m tins m	1.75 :	2.00	Nov. forward, arrival NY tanks. To	:	.15%	Tanks gal		: 1.00
Tohimbin Hydehlide, 1 oz. vial.oz	3.00 :	3.57	Coast. tanks, Oct	.14%:	.15	Oct., c/1 wks gal		: 1.06
ZING, METAL, high grade, slabs			Cst., tks., Nov., Dec. forw lb	:	.14%	Nov., c/ll wks gal	1.03	1.01
e/1 NY100 lb	:	8.25	Coconut Ceylon, 375 lb bbls., NY. lb	.11%:	.111/2	Dec., Apr., e/l wksgal		: 1.00
Common Slabs, c/NY Ib	:	6.70	8000 gal. tanks, NY fb	:	.09%		***	. 1.00
Mossy, 25 lb bas NY lb	1	.14	Cochin, 375 m bbls., NY m	.12 :	.1214	Imported, bbls., NYgal	***	:
Ammonium Chloride, powd., 400 fb			Tanks, NY	:	.101/2	Tanks, NYgal		:
bbls	.071/4:	.08	Manila tanks, P. Coast Th	:	.0936	Menhaden, crude bbls., wksgal		
Carb. tech. 150 lb kegs NY lb	:	.20	Manila, tanks, NY	:	.09%	Crude, tanks, Baltgal	.54	: .55
USP. 100 lb kegs lb	:	.33	Tanks, NYgal	.55 :	.57	Light strained, bhis., NY gal	.68	: .70
"hloride, fused, 600 m drs.wks. fb	:	.06	Edible, bbls., NY	:	.1136	Yellow bleached, bbis., NYgal	.71	72
Drs. c/l wks	.04%:	.05	Cod Newfoundland, 50 gal, bbls.gal	.62 :	.65	Extra bleached, bbis., NYgal	.73	74
Granulated, 500 lb bbls, wks. lb	.07	.0714	Copra, bags	.06 :	.0634	Blown, bbls., NYgal		
Imported, drs. NY Ib	.06%:	.0614	Corn. ref., 375 lb bbls., NYlb	:	.131/4	Neatsfoot, 20° c.t. bbls., NY Ib		
Solution, 50%, tanks sks100 fb	2.25 :	2.50	Crude, tanks mills	:	.10			: .18
USP, 25 lb jars lb	.27 ;	.29	Bbls., NY	:	.11%	Pure, bbls., NY		: .15%
Cyanide, 100 lb drslb	.40 :	.41	Cottonseed, crude, tks., mill Ib	.08%:	.09	Extra, bbls., NY		.1314
Dust, 100 lb tins wks lb	.0914:	.10	P. S. Y., 100 bbls., NY b	.1014:	.11	No. 1, bbls., NY		: .12%
500 m bbls., kegs, lc/l wks. m		.0934				Oleo Oil, No. 1, bbls., NY To	.22	: .2214
500 m bbig., kegs, c/l wks m	:	.08%	White, 100 bbls, lots, NY To Winter yellow, 100 bbls., NY To		.13	No. 2, bbls., NY	.181/	: .19
Iodide, 5 lb bots lb	:	5.28		:		No. 3, bbls., NY		: .1734
		.45	Degras, Amer. 50 gal. bbls., NY. Ib	.04%:	.04 1/2	BLINE A ALLE STEELS		
Nitrate, 25 lb jars lb	.0814:	.08%	English, light, bbls., NY Ib	:	.051/2	OLIVE, denatured bbls., NY gal	1.25	: 1.30
Oxide, Amer. 300 lb bbls, wks lb	.10%:	.1214	Brown, bbls., NY Ib	.04 :	.04 36	Edible, bbls., NYgal	3.15	: 2.25
French, 300 m bhis wks m	.09%:	.11%	Light brown; bbls., NY Ib	.0434:	.05	Foots, bbls.,NYgal	.0914	: .0934
Bbl c/l wks		.10%	Dark, bbls., NY	.03 1/4:	.04	Shipments	.09 1/4	
Bags, c/l wks	.09%:	.17	Neutral, bbls., NY	.10 :	Nom.	Palm Lagos, 1500 th casks ib	.09	
USP, 100 m bbls. c/1 m		.18	Moellon, bbls., NYgal	:	.50	Niger casks		: .09%
Ton lots with		.12	Greases, choice white, bbls., NY Ib	:	.14		***	: .0854
Imported, white seal, bblslb	:	.10	Yellow	:	.08	Bonny old Calabar, casks Ib	***	: Nom.
Green seal, bbls		.1914	Brown	:	.07%	Palm Kernel, bbls., NY	.08%	: .10%
USP 100 m bbls m	1014		House	.07%:	.08	Peanut, refined, bbls., NY Ib		-
Stearate, USP, 50 m bbls m	.181/2:	.19	Bene naphtha	:	.0634		.17	: .17%
Bulfate, 400 lb bbis., wks lb	.0314:	.03 34	Herring, Tanks, Coast	:	Nom.	Crude, mills buyers' tks	* * *	
Bbls., c/l wks	***	.03	Horse, 375 lb bbls., NY	:	Nom.	Crude, obls. NY B	* * *	:
rsp 100 m kees	.08	.09	Lard, prime steam, bbls	.18%:	.18%	Perilla, bbis., NY	14%	: .1439
Suifide, 500 D. bbls B	.30 :	.88	Compounds, bbls	.10 72	.1314	Poppyseed, bbls., NY	2.25	: 2.50
Sulfocarbolate, 100 lb kegs lb	.32 :	.35	Compounds, pois					00

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Soda Ash Caustic Soda Sal Soda Glauber's Salt Tri Sodium Phosphate Sodium Bicarbonate Sodium Silicate

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What is said of our Services!

Messre, Gebr. Wanning Tilly, from Haarlem (Holland) write to us on the 23rd of October, 1922;—

"We received through our Agents, the Registered Deed of the declaration of ownership of our Trade Mark and Proprietory Name, and are pleased to inform you that the same has been found correct and the work done by you to our entire satisfaction.

"If any of our friends should be desirous of having his trade-mark also registered in India, we shall certainly recommend him your firm."

The Huntley Manufacturing Co., from Silver Creek, N. Y., U. S. A., write to us on the 5th of January, 1923:—

"We wish to thank you for the mant er in which you have handled this and if there is any further business of this nature at any time that you can attend to, we will be glad to place it in your hands."

Messrs. Max Dorner G. m. b. H., from Solingen (Germany) write to us on the 25th of January, 1923:—

"Please note that we are satisfied by your work, and that further registrations will also be trusted to you."

P. LODGE & CO.

Patent and Trade Mark Agents

POST BOX NO. 6772

CALCUTTA, INDIA

Oils and Fertilizers

	_	_	
Rapeseed, refined, bbls N.Ygal	.94		.95
Blown bbls., NYgal	1.02		1.05
Red Oil, distilled, bbls		:	.101/2
Saponified, bbls			.1014
Tanks D	.093	4:	.09%
Salmon, 8000 gal. tks. Constgal		0	
Sesame, editle, bbls	.13		.1314
Sod Oil, bbls., NYgal		:	.40
SOYA EEAN, crude, tks., Coast. ID		:	.11%
Crude, Tks., NY		:	.1116
Crude, bbls., NY		:	.131/4
Refined, bbls., NY	.14	:	.1434
Sperm, 38° c.t. blehd bbls. NY.gal	.92	:	.93
45° cold test, blehd. bbls. NY. gal		:	.90
STEARIC ACID, sp. 200 m bags. m	.11	:	.111/4
Double pressed, bags ID	.111	4:	.12
Double pressed, bgs., saponified. In	.113	6:	.12
Triple pressed, bgs., distilled ID	.133	4:	.14
Triple pressed bgs., saponified. Ib	.133	4:	.14
Stearine, oleo, bbls Ib	.133	4:	.131/2
Tallow, edible, tierees D	.103	6:	.11
City, extra, loose	.093	4:	.0956
Tallow Oil, acidless tks. NY Ib		:	.1114
Bbls., c/l NY			.12%
Walnut, crude bbls, NY B	_	:	-
Whale, nat winter bbls, NY gal		:	.77
Blehd. winter bbis. NYgal		:	.81
Extra Blend, bbls, NYgal			.83
Crude, No. 1, tanks Coast gal		:	
Crude, No. 2, tanks Coast gal			
Crude, No. 3, tanks Coast gal		:	

Ferti izer Materials

4 7 4		8 919
3.90	:	4.10
22.00	:	23.00
		33.00
		1.75
		10
4.25		50
24.00	:	26.00
3.40	&	10
3.85	à	10
	1.65 4.80 4.25 24.00 3.40	3.90 : 22.00 : 1.65 : 4.80 &

Ammon, Suif,, bulk wks100 lb	2.60	:	2.65
Double, bgs., f.a.s. NY100 lb	2.90	:	3.00
Single bgs., wics100 fb		:	
NITRATE SODA, spot 100 m			2.40
Future, OctJune100 m	2.40	:	
Phosphate Bock, f.o.b. mines	m1 = 0	•	
Florida Pebble, 68%ton		:	2.25
Florida Public 7007			
Florida Pebble, 70%ton			2.50
Florida Pebble, 75-74%ton		:	3.75
Tennessee, 72%ton		:	5.50
Phosphate Acid, 16% Bulk wks.ton		:	8.75
PCTASH			
Pot. Muriate, 80% basis, bgs/ton		:	34.55
Pot. Sulfate, 90% basis, bes. ton			45.85
Dble, Manure Salts, 48% basis			
bgston			26.35
Manure Salts, 30% basis, bulk ton		:	17.03
Manure Salts, 20% basis, bulk.ton			10.55
Kainite, 12.4% basis, bulkton			7.75
Bulk in bags, \$2.00 extra.			
Prices c.i.f. Atlantic & Gulf 1	orts.		
Discounts, 50 tons, 5%; 500	toms.	10	Q.
Discounts, 50 tons, 5%; 500	tons,	10	%.

Naval Stores

								П	(1	G١	U	Ħ	и	ı	8	1	О	ŀ	y	ar		N.	Y.)					
Spirits		1	T	u	Ŋ	æ	n	ti	n	e,			b	b	ls							gal			8	73	14	:	.88
Wood																											_	:	.79
Dest																												:	.68
Pine (θi	1		1	si	n	1.		d	H	rt			b	b	g						gal						:	.66
Pitch.		D	r	ir	n	в																.bb	1					:	6.00
Rosins,																								i	et	Ĺ			
quot																													
B																				2	80	D						:	7.00
D																				. 2	8	on o							7.00
																						D						:	7.00
																						b							7.00
G																						Ib		-		-			7 00
H										۰		۰								2	80) Ib						:	7.00
I																				. 2	8	OI O							7.05
K																						(II)							7.05
M																						D							7.10
N																						ar c							7.25
WG	ľ																					D		•	-	•			8.00
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	Rosin Oil	, first	1	rus	1,	-	51	,	8	2	is	1	ol	ı	8.	gai			:	.40
İ	Second	run.		bt	1											gal			:	.42
ł	Tar, kili Retort	n-burn	t													bbl			:	12.00
1	Retort															bbl				12.00

Dve and Tan Woods

Barwood, emps	.0272	.00
Camwood, chips Ib	.09	.13
Divi Divi, pods, bags,ton		
Fustic, stickston		32.00
Chips Ib		.05
Hemlock, barkton		20.00
Hypernic. chips ID		
LOGWOOD, stickston	23.00	27.00
Chips 150 fb bags	.03	.083
Mangrove bark, Africanton	:	Nom.
Myrobalans, bags, J1ton	46.00	48.00
R1ton	43.00	45.00
J2ton		36.00
Nutgalls, see Crude Drugs		
Oak bark, wholeton	20.00	23.00
Ground ton		25.00
Quereitron bark, roughton		10.00
Groundton		25.00
Sumac, Sicily, 160 h bags ton	170.00	175.00
Virginia, 150 b bagston		45.00
Valonia Cups, 30-31% canton		33.00
Beard, 42% tan, bgston	48.00	50.00
Mixtures, 36% tanton	37 00 :	38.00
Wattle bark, bgston	37.00	39.00

Extracts

Hange of prices includes quality range for large quantity.			
Annatto, fine	.28	:	.30
Archil., doutle 600 m bbls m	.13	:	.14
Triple, 600 lb bbls	.16	:	.17
Cone. 600 lb bbls	.18	:	.20

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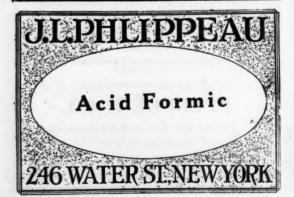
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Chestnut, ciarified, 25% tits. wis. D	.01%:	.01%	Persian Berries	.27 :	.80	Crude Drugs
Bbls., wks ID			QUEBRACHO, 35% liquid the Ib	.03 %:	.03 1/2	
Powd., 60% 100 m bags, wks. m	.051/4:	.05%			.04	Accroides Gum, yel
Decolorized, bags, wks Ib	.061/4:	.07	35% bleaching, 450 m bbls m	.04%:	.05%	ACONITE Leaves, bales D .10 : .13
Cudbear, English	.18 :	.20	Solid 65% 100 m bales m	.03%:	.04	Root, USP, bags
wich, Rangoon, 100 lb bales lb	.14 :	.16	Clarified, bales To	.04 :	.04 34	Agar Agar, 1, 200 m bales m 1.60 : 1.65
Borneo, solid, 100 m bales m	.04% .	0514	Quercitron, 51° 450 m bbls m	.06 :	.08	No. 2, bales
Liquid, 450 m bbls	.077	.11	Powdered, 100 lb boxes lb	.09 :	.13	Agaric, white, cases
Tablets, 120 lb boxes lb	.13 :	.14	Spruce, 25% liquid tanks wks Ib	.01 :	.0134	Almonds, bitter, bags bxs lb .60 : .65
Flavine	.95 :	1.00	Powd. 50% 100 lb bags wks. lb	.02 :	.02%	Sweet, bags
Pustic, solid 50 lb boxes lb		.22	Sumae, liquid 450 m bbls	.06 :	.0734	Meal, tins, boxes
	.20 :		Stainless, 600 D bbls D	.11 :	.12	Aletris Root, bags
Crystals, 100 lb boxes	.20 :	.22				Alkanet Root, bags
Liquid, 51°, 600 lb bbls lb	.10 :	.14	DYERS' SUNDRIES			Aloes, Barbadoes, 120 m bblsm .65 : .76 Cape, 400 m cases
Gall extract	.16 :	.18	Albumen, technical, egg 200 fb cs. fb	:	1.30	Curacao, 100 m cases m .10 %: .11
Gambier, 25% liq. 450 lb bbls. lb	.12 :	.14	Blood, 100 fb drs fb	.45 :	.50	Socotrine, whole 100 lb cs lb .30 : .32
Common, 200 lb cases lb	.15 :	.15%	Egg Yolk, Spray, 150 m es m	.45 :	.65	Select, cakes, Ib 35 : .37
			British Gum, 140 h bags e/1 100 h	:	4.82	Althea Root, cut cases 15 .22 : .24
Singapore cubes, 150 lb bagslb	.23 :	.25	Bags, c/l100 lb	:	4.92	Whole bags
MEMATINE, Paste, 500 D bbls D	.0914:	.13	Dextrin, corn 140 h bags c/l 100 h	:	4.52	Grey, boxes
Crystals, 400 lb bbls	.12 :	.20	Bags, lc/1100 m	:	4.62	Ammoniae, tears, bags D .68 ; .73
Hemlock, 25% 600 lb bbls. wks. lb	.03 1/4:	.03%	Yellow, bags c/l100 lb	:	4.57	Angelica Root, dom. bags b .12 : .13
Hypernic, 51°, 600 lb bbls lb	.16 :	.18	bags, lc/l100 fb	:	4.67	Angostura Bark, bags
			Potato 220 lb bags c/l lb	:	.08	Anise, Levant bags b .15 : .16
Indigo, Madras, bbls D Manila, bbls D	.85	.90 1.30	Bags, 1e/1	:	.081/2	Russian, bags
MAILUE, 1008	:	1.00	Yellow, 220 lb bagslb	*** :	.07%	Spanish, bags
Larch, 25%, 600 m bbls., wks m	.03 1/4:	.04	Tapioca, 200 m bags, 1e/1 m	.09 :	.09 1/4	Annatto Seed, 200 h bass h .22 : .23
Powd. 100 lb bags, wks	.07 :	.08	Prussian blue	.35 :	.40	ARABIC GUM,
Logwood, 51°, 600 lb bbls lb	:	.09	Sago Flour, 150 m bags m	:	.03%	White, No. 1. 200 h bagsh .26 : .27
Lower grades	.07 :	.08	STARCH, powd. 140 m bgs.c/1.100 m	:	3.97	Seconds, 250 h bags h .24 : .25
Solid, \$0 lb boxeslb	.09 :	.15	Bags, le/l100 lb	:		Sorts, amber, 200 bgs. bls. lb .11½: .12 Powd., USP, 300 lb bbls lb .18: .28
Madder, Dutch Ib	.28 :	.30	Pearl, 140 h bags c/l100 h	:	3.87	Acces Notes 150% home
Mangrove, 55% 400 lb bblslb	.04%:	.05	Bags, le/l100 lb	:	3.97	Powd., 200 lb bbls b .14 : .15
	.0475.		Potato. domestic, 200 lb bags. lb	.05%:	.06	Arnica Flowers, bales 10 .08 ; .08
Myrobalans, 25% liquid bbls Ib	.04 :	.05	Imported, bags duty paid Th	:	.0614	Root, bags
50% solid, 50 m boxes m	.05 :	.051/4	Tapioca Flour, high grade bags In	.06 :	.061/	Arrowroot, Amer., powd. bhls D .10 4: .11
Gak, tanks, wits,	.04 :	.0414	Medium grade bags Ib	.05%:	.05%	St. Vincent, powd. bhls b, .141/4: .15
23-25% liq. 600 m bbls. wks. m	.041/4:	.04%		.04 :	.05	Asafetida, USP, 250 lb cases. lb .22 : .24 Powd., 50 lb bas
Owage Orange, 51° liquid ID	.07 :	.08	Turkey Red Oil, bbls	.11 :	.12	Powd., 50 lb bzs
Powd. 100 lb bags	.14	.15	Yolk Oil, bbls	:	.35	Balmony Herbs, bales

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PRICES CURRENT SECTION

BALSAMS			Cantina Ante Bath, Dasts D	.50 :	.52	Cinnamon, Ceyron, bases fb	.35 :	.87
Copaiba, Para, 80 lb cs lb	,29 :	.31	Cannabis, true Imp. bags Ib	:	***	Broken, bales	.24 :	.26
South American, 80 lb cs lb	.40 :	.42	American (no assay) bales Ib	.40 :	.50	Civet. Abyssia horns02	2.75 :	3.75
Fir Canada, cansgal	10.25 : 11	1.25	USP	.70 :	85	Clover Tops, bags	.18 :	.20
Oregon, bbls., cansgal		1.00	Cantharides, Chinese cases Ib	.95 :	1.00	Cloves, Zanzibar, 135 lb tales lb	.29 :	.80
Peru, 120 m cases		1.80	Powdered, boxes	1.15 :	1.20	Amboycas, bales	.30 ;	.31
Tolu, 90 fb cases		1.90	Cantharides, Bussian, cases D	.80 :	.85	Penang, bales	.40 :	.42
Bamboo Brier Root, bags Ib	.0514:	.06	Powdered, poxes	1.00 :	1.10			
Barberry Bark, tree bales Ib	.11 :	.13	Caraway Seed, African, bags ib	.091/2:	.10	Cochineal, USP, boxes	.34 :	18,
Root, bags	:		Dutch, 11 lb bags lb	.10 :	.10%	Coca Leaves, Huanuco bags Ib	:	***
Bayberry Bark, bales Ib	.10	.12	Cardamom, bleach, cases D	1.75 :	2.00	Truxillo, bags	:	
	.21 :	.22	Decorticated, cases	1.70 :	1.85	Cohosh Root, Black bags Ib	.08 :	.08 34
War, bbla						Blue, bags	.10 :	.10%
Belladonna Leaves, bales Ib	.25 :	.28	Green, grinding, bags Ib		1.45			
Root, bags	.12 :	.13	Carnauba Wax, Fior. bags ID	.39 :	.42	Colchicum Root, bags Ib	.07 :	.08
Bees Wax, white cases Ib	.40 :	.42	No. 1 N Country bags Ib	.34 :	.36	Seed, bags	.081/3:	.09
Yellow, refined, cases ID	.25 14:	.28	No. 2 N Country bags Ib	.28 :	.30	Colocynth, apples, cases, bales Ib	1	***
Crude, bags lb	.23 :	.25	No. 3 Fatty Gray, bags lb	.22 :	.23	Pulp, USP, bales	.28 :	.80
Benzoin Gum, Slam, boxes ib	1.30 : 1	1.35	No. 3 Chalky, bags	.22 :	.23	Colombo Root, whole bags ID	.03 :	.03 1/2
		.23	Cascara Amarga, 150 lb bales lb	:	2.50	Coltsfoot Leaves, bags	05 :	.06
Sumatra, 80 lb boxeslb			Cascara Sagrada, bales, 1920-22			Comfrey Root, bags	.13 :	.14
Berberin Aquifolium Root, bags-B	.14 :	.15	bark fb	.21 :	.23	Condurange Bark, bales Ib	.19 :	22
Both Root, bags	.28 :	.30	1923 bark lb	.18 :	.20	Conium Seeds, bags	.12 :	.14
Bitter Root, 100 h bags		.42	1924 bark	.14 :	.15	Copaiba Balsam Para, see Balsams		
Blackhaw Bark, root, bales Ib	.33 :	.34	Cascartila Bark, quills bales Th	:		Copal Gum	.12 :	.13
Tree, bales	.15 :	.16	Siftings, bbls	:		Coriander Seed, Bombay baks Ib	.06 :	.06 14
Black Indian Boot, 100 lb bags lb	.40 ;	.42	Cassia Buds, 66 lb cases lb	.12% :	.13	Morocco, bags	.07 :	.071/2
Riood Root, bags	.14 :	.15	China, Whole Rolls, cases Ib	.0736:	.08	Bleached, bags	.10%:	.11
Blueflag Root, bags		.27	Saigon, assort. bales ib	.30 :	.31	Corn Silk, bales	.04 %:	.0534
Boldo Leaven, bales	.20 :	.21	Cassia Fistula, baskets	.09 :	.10	Cotton Root Bark, bales To	.14 :	.15
	.08 :	.09	Castile Soap, USP, powd., 200 lb	.00 .	.10	Cowhage, oz. tinsoz	-	.50
Boneset Herb, bales	.17 :	.20		.27 :	.28	Cramp Bark, so-called bales, Ib	.07	.08
Borage Flowers, bales B						True, bags	.30 :	.32
Bryonia Root, bage	.10 :	.11	Castor Beans, bags	.03 :	.03 1/2	Cranesbill Root, bags		
BUCHU LEAVES, short, 250 D			Castoreum, 1 lb bot	4.00 :	4.50		.16 :	.18
bales	.76 :	.78	Catechu Gum, bags	.11 :	.12	CUBER BERRIES, XX bags Ib	.60 :	.85
Less, bales D	.81 :	.83	Catnip Herb, bales	.23 :	.29	Powdered, boxes	.63 :	.65
Long, bales Ib	. :		Celery Seed, 220 lb bags lb	.3116:	.32	Culvers Root, bags	.22 :	.23
Buckthorn Bark, bags	.05 :	.05%	Ceresin Wax, white bags	.101/2:	.11	Cumin Seed, Levant bags In	.20 :	.22
Burdoek Root, bags ID	.13 :	.15	Yellow, 200 lb bags	.09 ;	.10	Malta, bags	.19 :	.101/2
Burgundy Pitch dom., 110 b stands			CHAMOMILE FLOWERS, Roman			Morocco, bags	.18 :	.18%
Grown for net	:	.05	eases bales	.35 :	.37	Cuttlefish Bone, Trieste, straps ID	.1214:	.13
Calabar Beans, bagslb	.12 :	.13	Rung, cases bales	.07 :	.0734	Jewelers, large, straps D	:	.50
Calamus Root, bleachtd cases Ib	.33	.35	Charcoal Willow, powd. bbls b	.06 :	.06 16	Small, straps		.35
	.06 :	.07	Wood, powd, bbls	.04	.05	French straps	.13%:	.14
Unbleached, bags			Chestnut Bark, bags					.14
Calendula Petals, imp. bales Ib		.20		.07 :	.08	Powdered, boxes	.13	.07
Calisaya Bark, bales, powd D	.25 3	.26	Herb, bales	.06 :	.06%	Broken, boxes		
Campher, see Chemicals			Chicle Gum, bags	10	***	Damar Gum, 136 b cases ID	.25	.25 3
Canary Seed, Morocco bags Ib		.08	Chiretta, bales	.10 ;	.12	Damiana Leaves, bales	.14 :	.15
South American, bags ID		.07%	Cinchona Bark, red quills bales. Ib	.48 :	.50	Dandelion Root, Imp. bags	.28 :	.32
Candelila Wax, bags	.25 :	.26	Broken bales	.24 :	.25	Deer Tongue Leaves, bales Ib	.0836:	.09

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Digitalis Leaves, bales	.07	: .08	Grindelia Robusta Herb, bales Ib	.07%:	.08 1/9	LADY SLIPPER ROOT, bags it	.30 .	.65
Dill Seed, bags	.06	.07	Guaiac Gum, 80 fb cases fb	.42 :	.44	Larkspur Seed, bags Ib	:	
Dogwood Bark. Jamaica bags lb	.10	.11	Guarana, tins, cases	.65 :	.70	Laurer Leaves, bates	.04 %:	.05
American, bales	.07	.08	GUM, see Arabic Gum, etc.			Lavender Flowers, ordinary In	.22 :	.26
Doggrass Root, USP, cut bags fb	.10	.11	HELLEBORE ROOT,			Selected	.30 :	.40
Dragons Blood, mass cases Ib	.65	.70	Black, bbls	.08 :	.10	Leeches, tubsPer 100	3.90 :	4.50
Reeds, boxes	.85	.90	Powdered	.15 :	.17	Lemon Peel, bags	.08 :	.09
ECHINACEA ROOT, bags ID	.31	.32	White, Powd., 250 lb bblslb	.11 :	.12	Licorice Root, Russian, whole Ib	.07 :	.073
Elecampane Root, bags lb	.09	.10	Helonias Root, (unicorn false)		,44	Spanish, natural bales ib		.09
Elder Flowers, bags	.11	.14	bags	.67 :	.68	Powdered, bbla.	.081/2:	.093
Elemi Gum, 89 lb cases	.10	.11	Hemp Seed, Manchurian bags Ib	.031/4:	.04			.17
Elm Bark, select 5 lb bundles cases. lb	.26	.27	Chilian, bags	.03 1/2 :	.04	Selected, 2 & 5 lb bundles lb	.14 :	
	.16	.18				Cuttings, 125 h bagsh	.06 :	.061/2
Grinding, bags Ib	.23	.25	Henbane Leaves, balcs, USP Ib	.29 :	.30	Greek, 150 m bales	.03 :	.03 1/2
Powdered, bbls	.32	.33	No assay	.26 :	.27	Life Everlasting Herbs, bales Th	.05 :	.06
		.06	Henna Leaves, bales	.091/2:	.10	Lime Juice, clarified bblsgal	.60 :	.65
Eucalyptus Leaves, bales Ib	.05	.11	Powdered	.12 :	.13	Linden Flowers, with leaves, bales in	.10 :	.11
Euphorbia Pilulifera Herb, bags. Ib	.10		Honey, Calif., 120 lb cases lb	.121/2:	.13	Without Leaves, bales lb	.17 :	.18
Euphorbium Gum, eases Ib	.25	.27	Hops, N. Y. prime bales	.28 :	.30	Liverwort Leaves, bales Ib	.19 ;	.20
Powdered, boxes	.40	.42	Pacific Coast prime bales To	.25 :	.27	Lobelia Herb, bales	.25 :	.27
Fennel Seed, French, bags lb	.10	.101/2	Horehound Herb, bales Ib	.10 :	.11	Lobelia Seed, bags ID	.62	.63
German, bags	.13	: .17	Horsetail Rush, bags	:	.15	Lovage Root, Imported, bags Ib	.18 :	.20
Indian, bags lb	.07	.071/2	India Gum, see Karaya			Lupulin, boxes lb	1.15 :	1.50
Flax Seed, whole 180 m bblsea		: 13.50	INSECT FLOWERS, open whole			Domestic ID	1.15 :	1.20
Ground, 180 lb bbls	.07%		Bales	.37 :	.39	Lycopodium, 88 lb cs	.35 :	.36
Fenugreek Seed, 200 lb bags lb	.06	.063/2	Closed whole, bales Ib	.39 :	.41			
Fish Berries, 100-125 lb bagslb			Powdered, pure 200 to bhls to	.45 :	.47	MACE, Siauw, No. 1 cases Ib	:	
Fringe Tree Bark bags Ib	.20	: .21	Flowers and Stems, 50 pc.			Banda, No. 1 cases		
Fumigating Pastilles, Black, 11b			200 m btls m	.32 :	.33	Batavia, No. 2 cases		
bas.,		: .18	Ipecac Root, Cartagena, bags Ib	2.30 :	2.40	West India, cases	.66 :	.68
Red, 1 D. bxs.,	.17		Powdered, 200 lb bbls., bxs. lb	2.40 :	2.50	Malva Flowers, blue bales	.35 :	.37
GALANGAL ROOT, bags	.071/2	: .08	Rio Whole, bags B	2.20 :	2.25	Black, bales	.55 :	.60
Galbanum Gum, cans lb	.80	: .95	Powdered, 200 lb bbls. bxs., lb	2.30 :	2.35	Manna, large flake cases Ib	.77 :	.79
Gambier Gum, bags	.151/2	: .16	Isinglass, American, 130 m cs lb	.75 :	.80	Small flake, cases	.41 :	.42
Gamboge Gum, 160 lb cases lb	.74	: .75	Russian (Beluga) bxs, ctns, Ib	4.00 :	4.50	Sorts, cases	:	.30
Powdered, cases	.83	: .85				Mandrake Root, bags	.12 :	.13
Gelsemium Root, bags	.11	: .11%	JABORANDI LEAVES, bales Ib	.10 :	.101/2	Mastic Gum, 120 h cans h	.55 :	.57
Gentian Root, bags	.081/4		Jalap Root, whole, 150 lb bags lb	.29 :	.35	Mezereon Bark, bags	.11 :	.12
Ginger, African, bags Ib	.17	: .171/2	Powdered, USP, 250 lb bblslb	.34 :	.36	Matico Leaves, bales Ib	.12 :	.13
Jamaica, grinding, bags, bbls. Ib	.26		Japan Wax, White bags Ib	.161/2:	.17	Marjoram Leaves, German bales Ib	.17 ;	.22
Japan, bags	.1614		Job's Tears, white bags lb	.15 :	.16	French, bales	.18 :	.20
Cochin. ABC & Lemon, bags To	.2114		Juniper Berries, 125 lb bagslb	.04 1/9:	.04%	Millet Seed, dom, yellow bags To	.0314:	.04
Ginseng Boot, cultivated, bags Ib		: 10.00	KAMALA, boxes	1.05 :	1.10	Montan Wax, crude bags Ib	.05 1/4:	.06
Northwestern Wild, bags Ib		: 14.00	Karaya Gum, powdered, bbls Ib	.10 :	.18	Bleached		
Southern Wild, bags 1b		: 11.00	Kava Kava Root, bags D	.12 :	.12%	Moss, Iceland bales	.07%:	.08
Golden Seal Root, bags		: 3.80	Kino Gum, black cases	.50 :	.55	Irish, bleached, bales Ib	.0814:	.08
Powdered, boxes	3.90	4.00	Kola Nuts. 150 fb bagsfb	.04 1/2 :	.05	Selected, bales	.10 :	.104
Grain of Paradise, bags D		: .16	Kousso Flowers, bags Ib	1.50 :	1.75	Mullein Flowers, tins		
Grain of Paradire, Dags	.10	10	i recorded a tomoto, oude	1.00 :	1.10	Januare Flowers, this	.90 :	1.00

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Pepper Dack Sing Dags D 10\forall_{\chick} 19 Pepper Dack Sing Dags D 10\forall_{\chick} 19 Pepper Dack Sing Dags D 10\forall_{\chick} 19 Pepper Dack Sing Dags D 18\forall_{\chick} 19 Pepper Dack Sing Dags D 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Tonguin	22.00 : 25.00	Pennyroyal Herb, bales	.08 :	.12	Rose Petals, pale Ib	.22 :	.25
Tenoguis				.1036:			.65 :	.70
Peppers, red Mombass, bags D 10 104 105 106 106 107								
Startard Seed, Barl brown bags. D 2.50 2.75		00.00 . 00.00						
Ministard Beed, Barl larown bags. D.								
Decembary Dece								
California, brown	Mustard Seed, Bari brown bags Ib							
Cuts, bales D 12 14	Bombay, brown	.0834: .09						
Catioss Variety Catios	California, brown lb .	.11 : .11%						
Chinese yellow	Yellow D		Cuts, bales			Greek, bales	.04 1/2 :	
English Pellow D 104; 11 Peru Balsam See Ralsams Dutch Pellow D 073; 10 10 11 18 10 10 11 18 10 10			Domestic leaf	.18 :	.19		.03 :	.03 34
Dutch, yellow D			Peru Balsam, see Balsams			Sandalwood, chips bags ID	.17 :	.18
Danish, yellow			Pichi Leaves, bags	.42 :	.47	Ground, bags	.21 :	.22
Myrrh Gum, select 200 B cs. B .24 .26 Sorbs, cases B .0 .24 .26 Sorbs, cases B .0 .20 .22 Sorbs, cases B .0 .27 .28 Sorbs, cases B .0 .28 .29 Sorbs, cases B .0 .27 .28 Sorbs, cases B .0 .27 .29 Sorbs, cases B .0 .24 .25 Sorbs, cases B .0 .24 .25 Sorbs, cases B .0 .24 .25 Sorbs, cases B .0 .25 .25 Sorbs, cases B .			Pimento, select bags	.08 :	.0834	Sandarae Gum. 300 h bbls Th		.30
Migrate Migr	Daniss, Jenow	.000078						.60
Sorts, cases D 20 22 Pleurisy Root, bags D 15 17	Myrrh Cum select 200 h cs h	.24 : .26						
### Nutriesp. 1.10s cases					99			
Alerbyy bags D								
Notinegs, 110s cases								
Vomegranate Bark, of root bags. D So Scammony Resin, boxes. D 1.20 1.30								
Nur Vomles Buttoms, bags Ib 0.4%; 0.5 % 0.9 Powdered, 200 Ib bibls D 0.8 0.9 08K BARK, red bags Ib 0.8 0.9 08K BARK, red bags Ib 0.6 0.6 White bags Ib 0.6 0.6 Poppy Flowers, red bags Ib 2.5 28 SEMNA. Alex 150 Ib cases D 0.7 ½ 58 ½ 12 ½				.08 :				
Powdered 200 m bbls m 0.8 0.9				:				
8AK RARK, red hags				:		Seammony Root, bags		
White bags D .06 : .07 Copying seeds, Dutch, bags D .14 144/2 Half Leaf, 350 D bales D .13 : .15 Copying seeds, Dutch, bags D .10 : .10 Sittings, 400 D bales D .13 : .15 Sittings, 400 D bales D .13 : .15 Sittings, 400 D bales D .10 : .11 Light Sittings,	Powdered, 200 lb bbls lb			:				
Olibanum Gum, sift 280 b cases. b. 10 : 10 ½ German, bags D 11 12 2 Sittings, 400 b bales D 10 : 11 12 ½ Edward No. 1, all white 280 b 22 23 Sittings, 400 b bales D 14 14 ½ Powdered, 200 b bbls. b 14 14 ½ Powdered, 200 b bbls. b 11 14 ½ Sittings, 400 b bales D 10 11 12 2 Sittings, 400 b bales D 10 11 12 2 Sittings, 400 b bales D 10 11 12 2 Sittings, 400 b bales D 10 Sittings, 400 b bales D Sittings, 400 bales D	BAK BARK, red bags		l'oppy Flowers, red bags Ib	.25 :	.28	SENNA. Alex 150 to cases ID	.21 :	,23
Olibaum Gim, sift 280 b cases b. 10 : 10 ½ German, bags b. 0.07 o 7½ No. 1, all white 280 b cases b. 0.22 : 2.3 Opium, gum, USP, cases b. 12.00 : 13.00 Frince's Pine, bales b. 0.08 O.08 ½ Orange Pele, bitter, bags b. 0.07 ½ Orange Pele, bags b. 0.07 ½ Or	White bags	.06 : .07	Poppy seeds, Dutch, bags	.14 :	.1436	Half Leaf, 350 lb bales, lb	.13 :	.15
Tears, 280 b cases bb 12 : 12 1/4 No. 1, all white 280 b cases bb 22 : 23 No. 1, all white 280 b cases bb 22 : 23 No. 1, all white 280 b cases bb 12.00 is 13.00 No. 1, all white 1 Indian, bags bb .09 : .09 1/4 Tinnevelly, 50 350 bbls bbls bbls bbls bbls bbls bbls bbl	Olibanum Gum, sift 280 D cases. D	.10 : .10%	German, bass	.11 :	.12		.10 :	.11
No. 1, all white 280 lb cases	Tears. 280 lb cases lb	.12 : .12%	Turkish, hage	.07 :	.0736		.14 :	.1436
cases								
Oplum, gum, USP, cases . ID 12.00 : 13.00 Granular, cans . ID 13.00 : 14.00 Fowlered, USP, cases . ID 13.00 : 14.00 Forange Feel, bitter, bags . ID . 15.00 : 10.00 Grange Feel, bitter, bags . ID . 10.7½ . 10.7½ Frince's Fine, bales . ID . 25 . 30 Sweet, bags . ID . 11 Sweet, bags . ID . 10 : .11 Sweet, bags .		99 - 93						
Granular, cans ID 13.00 : 14 00 Powdered, USP, cans ID 15 0.07 : 08 Powdered, 200 ID bbls. ID 0.07 : 0.08 Powdered, 200 ID bbls. ID 0.07 : 0.08 Powdered, USP, cans ID 0.08 : 15 0.0								
Powdered, USF, came				-				
Orange Felowers, cases Ib .50 1.00 Prince's Pine, bales Ib .25 3.0 Shellac, D.C., bags Ib .77 .79 Grange Feel, bitter, bags Ib .07 (*) 64 10 .01 .07 (*) 64 .07 (*) 64 .07 (*) 68 .08								
Orange Peel, bitter, bags. D 0.7%; 0.07%; 0.07%; Pulsatilla Herb, bags. D 16 1.8 20 Diamond I, bags. D 0.77 .79 DRRIS ROUT Florentine bold bags. D 0.7 .08 UASSIA CHIPS, bags. D 0.7 .08 Diamond I, bags. D 0.77 .79 Powdered, 200 D bbls. D .06 .06%; .06%; .06%; .06%; .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .07 .08 .08 .07 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08 .08<								
Sweet, bags								
QUASSIA CHIPS, bags D 0.07 0.								
Powdered, 200 B bbls. B 09 0946 Queen of the Meadow Herb, bags. B 0.06 Fine, bags B 0.65 66	Sweet, bags	.10 ; .11						
Powdered, 200 m bbls. m .09 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .094 .096 .09	BRRIS ROOT Florentine bold bars. ID	.07 : .08	QUASSIA CHIPS, bags	.07 :		Superfine, Orange, bags Ib	.66 :	
Verona, bags D .06 .06½ .06½ .082 .083	Powdered 200 fb bbls. fb	.09 : .0916	Queen of the Meadow Herb, bags. In	:	.06	Fine, bags	.65 :	.66
Fingers. cars D 50 bbls. D 073/2: 0.09 RAPE SEED, South Amer. bags. D 0.5 : 0.55/2 Garnet, A.C. D 57 : 58 Dutch, bags. D 0.5 : 0.55/2 Button, bags. D 0.55/2: 0.66 Button, bags. D 0.55/2: 0.66 Button, bags. D 0.55/2: 0.66 Beached, ground, bbls. D 61 : 63 Garnet, A.C. D 57 : 58 Dutch, bags. D 0.55/2: 0.66 Button, bags. D 0.55/2: 0.66 Beached, ground, bbls. D 61 : 63 Rapherries, dried boxes. D 55 : 60 Bone Dry. bbls. D 73 : 74 Refneed, prilive bags. D 173 : 74 Refneed, prilive bags. D 173 : 19 Stanzibe Bark, bales. D 0.7 : 0.88			Owince Seed, bags	.70 :	.95		.62 :	.63
Fingers. cars D .50 : .55 Dutch, bags D .05 : .05 Button, bags D .74 : .75 Duskerite Wax, brown hard bags. D .22 : .24 Japanese, small, bags D .05 : .60 Bleached, ground, bblis D .61 : .63 Green, hard bags D .27 : .28 Raspherries, dried boxes D .55 : .60 Borne Dry. bbls D .73 : .74 Red Saunders D .17 : .19 Simaruba Bark, bales D .07 : .08			RAPE SEED, South Amer. bags Th				.57 :	.58
Display Disp								.75
Green, bard bags								
Refined, reliew bags								
	PAPRIKA, bags							
Hungarian D .26 : .28 RHUBARB, Root. H.D., cases D .35 : .37 Skulleap Leaves. Eastern, bales D .65 : .70								
Paretra Brava Root, bags D .13 : .14 Powdered, 200 b bags D .40 : .42 Western, bales								
Parsiey Seed, bags	Parsley Seed, bags D	.09 : .10	Rosemary Leaves, bales ID	.04%:	.05	Sloe Berries, bags	.03 :	.04

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80AP BARK, whole, 150-200 lb bales lb Cut, 125-175 lb bags lb Crushed, 200 lb bbls lb Powdered, 200 lb bbls lb	.08 : .08½ .09½: .10 .10 : .10⅓ .12 : .13	Turkish, cases	.90 : 1.16 .80 : .82 .70 : .85 .12¼: .13 .10¾: .11	Almond Bitter USP, 5 lb bot lb 3.15 : 3.25 Bitter ff PA 5 lb bots lb 3.25 : 3.59 Sweet, 56 lb cans . lb 55 : 60 Peach Kernel, 55 lb tins . lb .24 : .25 Apricot, see Peach Kernel
Spearmint Leaves, American bales. Ib Spermaceti, blocks, cakes, cases. Ib Spikenard Root, bags Ib Spruce Gum, boxes Ib Squaw Vine, bales Ib	.15 : .22 .43 : .45 .23 : .24 1.00 : 1.50 .18 : .20	Powdered 1D China, bags 1D Turpentine, Venice, trur 80 lD cs. 1D Artificial, 80 lD cases 1D Spirits, see Naval Stores	.12 : .13 .09 : .093/2 .15 : .16 .11 : .13	Amber, crude 25 lb tins. lb .70 : .75 Rectified, 25 lb tins. lb .85 : .90 Angelica Root, 1 lb bot. lb .32.00 : 36.00 ANISE, Tech., 66 lb csso. lb .47½: .49½ USP, 50 lb tins lb .50 : .52
Squills, white	.04 1/2 : .05 .35 : .40	UNICORN ROOT, false, see Heloni True, see Aletris Uva Ursi Leaves, bales	.04%: .05 .10 : .10%	Bay. 25 lb tins
Stillingia Root, bags	.11½: .12 .09 : .10 .70 : .75 .90 : 1.00	Cuts, cases	11.00 : 12.50 9.00 : 10.00 9.00 : 10.00 : 7.00 : 7.50	Crude, 50 lb tins.
St. Ignatius Beans, bags 1b St. John's Bread, bags 1b Stramonium Leaves, bales 1b Stramonium Seed, bags 1b	.12 : .13 .03 : .05 .06% : .073 .12 : .13	Green Label, cases	.25 : .26 .80 : .85 .80 : .85 .40 : .42	Calamus, 5 fb bot
Strophanthus Seed, HispidusB Kombe, bagsB Sunflower Seed, domestic bagsB South American, bagsB	.42 : .44 .43 : .45 .06 : .063 .05 : .053	White Pine Bark, rossed, bags. Ib White Poplar Bark, bags. Ib Wild Cherry Bark, thin green Rossed, bales Ib	.07½: .08 .06 : .07	Rittified, 25 in time 10 2.50 : 3.00
TAGALDER BARK, bags ID Tamarinds, bbls. ID Kegs	.05 : .06 .05 % : .06 : 3.50 .18 : .19	Thick Rossed, bales	.08 : .09 .08½ : .09½ .05 : .06 : .06	Octary Nood, light 1000 b drums. Ib 2.85 : 3.00 Cedar Leaf, 50 b tins b .90 : 1.00 Cedar Wood, light 1000 b drums. Ib .70 : .73 Celery, 1 Ib bot b 10.00 : 11.00
Tar, Barbadoes. 50 gal. bblsgal Thus Gum, 280 lb bblslb Thyme, Spanish baleslb French, baleslb	1.40 : 1.50 : .05%: .06%	Witch Hazel Bark, bgs	.07 : .08 .07% : .08 .08% : .09 2.75 : 4.00	Chaulmoogra, 80 lb eases lb 85 : 90 Cinnamon, Ceylon, 1 lb boc lb 11 00 : 12 50 Leaf, 5 lb bot lb 1.40 : 1.50 CITRONELLA, Ceylon
Tilia, See Linder folu Balsam, see Ralsams Tonga Bark, bags	.27 : .29 2.15 : 2.25 .75 80	Yacca Gum, red	.04 : .04 \\ .05 \\ : .06 \\ .12 : .14 \\ .16 : .17	1000 fb drums
Para, cases	.75 80	Yerba Santa, bags	.09 : .093/4	Cloves, USP, 50 lb cans lb 1.90 : 1.95 6 lb bot lb 2.00 : 2.05

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Coratha, USP, 50 lb tins	11.25	: .42 : 11.75 : 1.00	Pinus Sylvestris, 25 m tins m		Aromatic Chemicals
Cubebs, USP, 5 lb bot		: 5.25		9.00	
Cumin, 1 lb bot, lb			Bulg., 8, 16 & 32 oz pkgsoz 8.00 ;		NATURAL DERIVATIVES
Dill, 1 lb bot lb		: 4.50	Artificial, 1 lb bot	9.00	Anethol, 2 b bot b 1.25 : 1.75
Srigeron, 20 lb time		: 1.40	1 - 1	3.00	Description 1 to 1 to 1
	1.00	. 4.40	Rosemary, USP, 271/2 lb. tins lb .42 :	.46	
EUCALYPTUS, Austl. USP	***	. 01	1000 lb drums lb .35 :		CITRAL, 25 m cans m 2.75 : 3.00
56 lb es lb		: .61	Tech., 27 % To time To .35 :	.40	Citronellal, 1 lb bot b 2.00 : 2.25
500 lb drums lb	.57	: .59	Rue, 1 lb bot	4.25	EUCALYPTOL, USP, 25 m cans. m : .80
Fennel, USP. 25 h time h	90	: 110	Sandalwood, E. Ind. USP. 76 lb cases lb 6.15 :	6.25	Eugenol, USP, 25 m cans m 3.25 : 3.50
Granium, Algerian, 25 lb tinslb Bourbon, 25 lb tinslb		: 8.00	W. Indian, (Amyris) 25 lb tins. lb 2.80		Geraniol, Domestic, 50 lb cans lb 2.75 : 3.50
Turkish, 28 lb tins	7.00	: 8.00	Sassafras, USP, 50 lb cans lb 1.30		Imported, 5 lb bot lb 3.50 : 4.25
Ginger, 11b bot	9.00	: 4 50	Artificial, 1000 lb drs.,60 lb cans lb .34 :		Iso-Eugenol, 1 m bot m 4.50 : 5.00
Gingergrass, 28 lb tins	2.75		Savin, 5 lb tins 10 2.25 :		Imported 1b 5,25 : 6,25
Hemlock. 50 m cans	.85	: 3.00	Spearmint, USP, 60 m cases m 3.30 :		Linalol, 5 h bot h 6.25 : 7.50
Juniper Berries, USP, 25 th tins. Th	1.25	: 1.30	Spruce, 50 m tins	.95	From Bois de Rose, 5 fb bot fb 11.00 : 12 75
Wood, 50 lb tans	.50	: .60	Tansy Amer., 26 to tins 10 2.75 :		MENTHOL, 60 lb cases
Lavender, USP, 28 m tins m	5.50	: 6.50	Tar, 50 gal. bbisgal .25 :		Less cases, 5 lb cans lb : 13.00
Spike, Spanish, 50 m cans m	,85	: 1.25	Refined, USP 25 fb time fb		Rhodinol, 1 h bot h 18 00 : 21 00
LEMON, Ital. USP, 25 m tine Ib	.87	: .95	Thyme, red, USP, 25 h tins h .85 :		Extra, 1 lb bot lb 40.00 : 47.00
American, USP, 25 lb tins lb	.75	: .80		1.10	SAFROL, 60 lb cans
Lemongrass, native, 50 lb cans lb	.85	: 1.00	Tech., 110 lb drums lb .30		Thymol, USP, 25 lb tins lb 5.00 : 5.25
Limes, apress 25 m tins m	2.40	: 2.50		14.00	CVRTUET:
Distilled, 25 % time	1.05	: 1.10		32.00	SYNTHETIC AROMATICS
Linaloe, Mex 80 fb cases fb	3.40	: 3.60	Wine, heavy 1 b bot b		Acetaldehyde, 50 % sol. pure, 5 lb bot. lb 1.75 : 2.00
Mace, distilled, 50 lb tins lb	1.45	: 1.50	WINTERGREEN	1.00	Acetophenone CP, 1 lb bot lb 4.25 : 4 50
Mirbane, ref., see Ar. Chemicals	1.10	. 4.00			Aldehyde C-8 (Octyl) 1 m bot m 45.00 : 60.00
Mustard, USP, 170 bot 10		: 14.00	Sweet beh., 25 h tins h 2.50 :	3.00	Aldehyde, C-9 (Nonyl), 1 b bot. b 70.00 : 75.00
Artif., USP, 1 h bot h	3.00	: 3.25	Southern, 25 m tins m 1.85 : Gaultheria, true 25 m tins m 7.00 :		Aldehyde, C-10 (Decyl), 1 m bot. n 50.00 ; 58.00
Neroli, Bigarade, 1/4 & 1 m bot m		: 60.00			Aldehyde, C-12 (Duodecyl), 1 lb
		:120.00	Synthetic, USP, 50 lb caseslb 3.75 :		bot
Artificial. 1 % bot		: 25.00		.47	Aldehyde, C-14, 1 h bot h 22.50 : 25.00
Nutmeg, USP, 25 h tins h	1.45	: 1.50	Wormseed, Balt., USP, 25 lb tins. lb 4.25 :		Aldehyde, C-16, 1 h bot h 70.00 : 80.00
Orange, bitter, 25 m tins. , h	2 60	: 2 75	Wormwood, dom., 25 m tins m 3.60 :	3.75	Aubepine, see Anisic Aldehyde
Sweet, W. Ind., 25 m tinsm	2.50	: 2.60	Ylang Ylang, Bourbon 10 h tine		Amyl Acetate, pure 5 gal. cans.gal 4.00 : 4.25
Italian, 25 lb eop lb	2.70	: 2.90	No. 1 b 6.00 :	8.00	Amyl Butyrate, 170 bot 1b 1.75 : 200
An erican, 25 m tins To	3 00	: 3.10		6.00	Amyl Cinnamate, 1 h bot h 4.00 : 4.50
Distilled, 25 th tin th	1.50	: 1.75		40.00	Amyl Formate, 1 fb bot 15 1.50 : 1.75
Spanish, 25 lb tins lb	2.45	: 2.60	Artificial, 1 b bet D 10.00 :	12.00	Amyl Phenyl Acetate, 1 h bot. h 4.50 ; 5.00
Origanum, 50 lb cans tech lb	.36	: .35	OI BODESING		AMYL SALICYLATE, dom. 100 m
Parsley, 1 m bot m	3.50	4.00	OLEORESINS		cbys
Patchoulf, 5 m bot	4.50	. 5.50	Aspidium, USP, 1 b bot b 2.75 :	3.00	Imported
Pennyroyal, dom., 25 h tins h	2.00	: 2.15	Capsicum, USP, 5 th bot b 2.50		Amyl Valerate, 5 lb bot lb 4.75 : 5.00
Imported, 25 lb tins4 lb	1.65	: 1.70	Ginger, 5 Th bot		Anisic Aldehyde, 1 m bot m 3.75 : 4.25
PEPPERMINT, nat., 60 m cases To	5.75	6.00			BENZALDEHYDE, USP, 40 m cbys m 1.40 : 1.50
Redis., USP, 60 th cases lb	6.25	: 6 50	Malefern, See Aspidium	2.10	FFC, 40 m cbys
Petit Grain, S. Am. 25 D time D	1.90	: 1.95		18.00	Benzoic Ether, See Ethyl Benzoate
French, 1 D bot D	7.08	: 8.00		4.00	Benzophenone, 1 h bot h 6.75 : 7.00
Italian, 25 m tins		: 2.35		25.00	Benzyl Acetate, 100 lb cbys lb 1.55 : 1.75
					. 1.10

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Aromatic Chemicals

Senzy: Aiconoi, 5 lb botlb		: 1.55	Iso-Butyl Benzoate, 5 D bot D 4.75 : 5.00	Skatol. 1oz. bot 0z 7.00 : 7.25
Medicinal FFC	1.60	: 1.75 : 2.00	Iso-Safrol, 1 lb bot. imported lb 5.00 : 5.25 Domestic, 5 lb bot lb 4.00 : 4.25	Terpinyl Acetate, 25 b cans b 1.65 : 1.85 Imported, 25 b cans b 1.90 : 2.20
Bennyl Butyrate, C.P., 1 h bot h	5.50	: 6.00	Linalyl Acetate, 1 h bot. Dom h 8.00 : 5.50	TERPINEOL, CP, 1000 m drums m .48 : .50
Benzyl Cinnamate, 1 lb bot lb	3.00	: 3.25	Imp., 1 b bot B 8.00 : 8.50	Cans, 50 lb lb .53 : .57
Benzyl Propionate, 1 m bot m	5.00	: 5.25	Linalyl Bensoate, 1 bot b 13.00 : 14.00	Absolute, 25 lb cans lb .90 : 1.15 Imported, 25 lb cans lb 1.00 : 1.10
Bornyl Acetate, 1 10 bot 10	3.00	: 3.50	Linalyi Formate, 5 lb bot lb 10.50 : 12.00	VANILLIN, USP, 500 oz. cans Ib
Bromstyrol, 25 h kepsh	3.00	: 4.00	Methyl Acetophenone 12 4.75 : 5.00	Cans, 16 oz., 80 oz oz .50 : .51
Butyl Anthranilate. I h bot.dom. h		: 16.00	METHYL ANTHRANILATE dom.,	Second Hands
Sutyric Ether, See Ethyl Butyrate	3.00	: 3.25	1 lb bot	Valerianic Ether, See Ethyl Valerate
Cinnamic Alcohol, tiquid 1 fb bot. fb	9.00	9.50	Imported 10 4.50 : 5.00	Yara Yara, 17b cans
Crystallizable	9.50	: 10.00	Methyl Benzoate, 5 b bot. import. b 2.00 : 2.25	PERFUMERS' SUNDRIES
Cinnamic Aldehyde	3.50	: 3.75	Domestic, 5 m bot m 1.75 : 2.00	Almond Meal, 25 m cans m .28 : .30
CITRONELLOL, 1 D bot D	9.00	: 11.00	Methyl Cinnamate, 1 b bot b 3 50 : 3.75	Ambergris, black, bxs 8.00 : 10.00
Imported, 1 lb bot	10.00	: 12.00 : 14.00	Methyl Heptenone, 1 lb bot lb 8.00 : 8.25 Methyl Paracresol, 1 lb bot lb 8.00 : 9.00	Ambergris, gray, bxsoz : 26.00
COUMARIN, 25 Th cans Ib			Methyl Phenylacetate, 5 lb bot dom. lb 3,75 : 4.00	Balsam Copaiba, Para. 80 fb cases, fb .29 : .31 Scuth American, 80 fb cases, fb .40 : .42
DIETHYL PHTHALATE, 25 D cans D	3.25	: 3.45	METHYL SALICYLATE, USP 500 TO	Scuth American, 80 lb cases lb .40 : .42 Balsam Peru, 120 lb cases lb 1.75 : 1.80
1000 b drs	.35	: .40	drums	Balsam Tolu. 90 lb cases lb 1.80 : 1.90
Diphenyloxide, 25 lb tins lb	.85	: .90	50 TD cases	Benzein Gum, Siam, bxs 10 1.30 : 1.35
Ethyl Acetate, pure, 5th bot In	.45	: .50	Second Hands 1b .44 : .45	Castoreum, 1 lb bot lb 4.00 : 4.50
Ethyl Benzonte, 51b bot 1b	1,85	: 2.00	Mirbane, rect., 1000 th drums th .121/4: .14	Chalk, precip. light, 175 b bbls. b .04 1: .05 Cherry Laurel Water, 5 gal cans. gal 1.15 : 1.25
Ethyl Butyrate, 5 lb bot lb Ethyl Caproate, 1 lb bot lb	1.75 3.25	: 2.00	Musk Ambrette, 1 lb cams lb 12.00 : 13.00	Civet Abyasin, horns
Ethyl Cinnamate, 11b bot 1b	3.50	: 3.75	Musk Ketone, 1 lb cans lb 15.00 : 16.00 Musk Kylene, 5 lb cans lb 3.75 : 3.90	Labdanum, 5 m bot, m 8.00
Ethyl Formate, 5 h bot h	2.00	: 2.10	Musk Xylene, 5 lb cans lb 3.75 : 3.90 Nerolin, 1 lb cans lb -1.65 : 2.00	Lanolin hydrous, 350 m bbls,m .15 : .21
Ethyl-methyl Paracresol, 1 lb bot. lb	3.25	: 3.50	Genauthle Ether. 1 D bot D 1.50 : 2.00	Anhydrous, 350 lb bbls lb .18 : .23
Ethyl Phenylacetate, 5 lb bot lb	3.75	: 4.00	Phenylacetaldehyde, Dom.	Musk pods, Cabardine, tinsoz 16.00 : 17.00
Ethyl Propionate, 1 lb bot lb Ethyl Valerate, 8 lb bot lb	2.25 4.50	: 2.50 : 4.75	1 lb, bot. 50 p.c, B 8.00 ; 8.50	Tonquin, tins
Ethyl Salicylate, 5 m bot m	3.25	: 3,50	Imported, 50 p.e	Tonquin, tins 35.00 : 38.00
Formic Ether See Ethyl Formate	0.20	. 0.00	80-85 p.c	Synthetic, See Aromatic Chemicals
Geranyl Acetate, 11b bot lb	5.00	: 5.50	Phenylacetic Acid, 1 m bot m 3.00 : 3.25	Orris Itt. Flor., powd. bhis 10 .081/4: .09
Geranyl Butyrate, 1 lb bot lb		: 13.50	Phenyl Discetate, 1oz. botos 3.25 : 3.50	Verona, bbls
Geranyl Formate, 1 lb bot lb		: 12.50	CHENYLETHYLALCOHOL dom.	Petrolatum, snow white 350 fb bbls. fb .12 13: .13
Heliotropin, dom., 100—10 lbs lb Imported	1.85 2.25	: 2.00 : 2.50	1 m bot m 8.00 : 10.00	Light Amber, 350 fb bbls lb .04%: .05 Rice Starch, 140 fb bgs lb .09 : .10
Hydroxyc, trerellal, 1 lb bot lb	12.00	14.00	Imported	Rose Water, 6 2-3 gal cbysgal 1.00 : 1.25
Indel, CP, 1 ca. botca	6.00	: 6.50	Phenylethyl Butyrate, 1 h bot h 26.00 : 28.00	Sandalwood chips, powd. bags lb .30 : .35
Ionone, 1 h bot. 100% h	10.00	: 11.00	Phenylethyl Formate, 1 b bot b 19.00 : 21.00	Saponin. 5 lb tins lb 1.25 : 1.50
Alpha Ib		: 16.00	Phenylethyl Propionate, 1 h bot. h 20.00 : 24.00	Tale Italian, 220 h bgston 60.00 : 80.00
Beta		: 14.50 : 18.00	Pherylethyl Valerate, 1 lb bot. lb 25.00 : 29.00 Pherylpropylalcohol, 1 lb bot lb 15.00 : 16.00	Tale French, 220 lb bagston 40.00 : 45.00 Tale, domestic ref., 100 lb bags.ton 14.00 : 15.00
methy:	10.00	. 10.00	11 Holyspropysaccount, 1 m 506 m 10.00 ; 10.00	Trace, domestic ret., 100 to bags. tota 14.00 : 15.00

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31 cs., G. F. Gerlach, Rotterdam; 100 bgs.,
Order, London; Garnet, 50 cs., Rogers Pyatt
Shellac Co., Hamburg; Orange, 25 cs., Rogers
Pyatt Shellac Co., Hamburg; Sticklac, 112
bgs., Internat'l Bkg. Corp., Singapore; 84
cs., Order, Singapore Order, Singapore

cs, Order, Singapore

cs, Order, Singapore

cs, Order, Singapore

SODIUM SALTS—Cyanide, 224 cs., Order,
Liverpool; Cyanure, 224 cs., Internat'l Bkg.

Corp., Havre; Nitrate, 17,311 bgs., Wessel

Duval & Co., Valparaiso; 11,030 bgs., Wessel

Duval & Co., Valparaiso; 11,030 bgs., Wessel

Duval & Co., Valparaiso; 11,030 bgs., Messel

Duval & Co., Tologopilla; 26,987 bgs., W. R.

Grace & Co., Tocopilla; 26,987 bgs., W. R.

Grace & Co., Tocopilla; 26,987 bgs., W. R.

Grace & Co., Taltal; Nitrite, 70 cks., L.

Norwegian Products Co., Christiania; 35 cks., Calco Chem. Co., Christiania; 19 cks.,

Eastman Kodak Co., Christiania; Phosphate,

2 cks., Order, Rotterdam; Peroxide, 9 cs.,

F. E. Wallace, Rotterdam; Prussiate, 23 cks., Meteor Products Co., Rotterdam; 18

cks., Meteor Products Co., Rotterdam; 43

cks., C. Tennant Sons & Co., Liverpool;

Silico Fluoride, 200 cks., Innis Speiden &

Co. Rotterdam

Co. Rotterdam SULFUR-200 cks., Heemsoth Basse & Co., Bordeaux
TALC-200 bgs., J. H. Furman Co., Genoa
TARTAR-Cream, 100 cks., Order, Rotterdam
TEA FLUFF-115 pgs., Order, Colombe; 300
bgs., Order, Colombo
UMBER-17 cks., L. H. Butcher Co., Man-

UMBER—17 cks., L. H. Butcher Co., Manchester
VALONIA—1,377 bgs., A. Benadova, Smyrna;
3,349 bgs., Order, Smyrna
VARILLA—Beans, 31 cs., Dodge & Olcott Co.,
Marseilles; 16 cs., Dodge & Olcott Co., Vera
Crus; 55 cs., Order, Marseilles
WAX—Bees, 43 bgs., Order, Havana; 11 bgs.,
Yg'esias & Co., Azua; 14 bgs., Curacao
Trdg. Co., Santo Domingo; 27 bgs., Yglesias
& Co., Sanchez; 6 seroons, W. Schall & Co.,
Puerto Plata; 7 bls., Cordillera Comm. Co.,
Puerto Plata; 5 seroons, Percella Vicini &
Co., Monte Cristi; 85 bgs., Amer. Trdg. Co.,
Rio de Janeiro; 67 bgs., Nat. City Bk., Lisbon; 35 bgs., Amer. Trdg. Co., Rio de Janeiro; Montan, 300 bgs., Nat. Bk. of Commerce, Hamburg; 275 bgs., Strohmeyer &
Arpe Co., Hamburg; Paraffin, I drum, Rice
P-lmer & Treitman, London
WHITING—500 bgs., Beichard Coulston Inc.,
Antwerp; 2,000 bgs., Hammill & Gillespie,
Hawre
WOODFLOUR—1.500 bgs., B. L. Soberski.

WOODFLOUR-1.500 bgs., B. L. Soberski, Rotterdam; 1.016 bgs., Innis Speiden & Co., Stavanger; 6,630 bgs., Hansa Co., Copen-

"INC-Ammonium Chloride, 26 cks., Gold-schmidt Corp., Rotterdam; Chloride, 126 cks., Goldschmidt Corp., Rotterdam; Dust, 100 cs.,

Mitsui & Co., Kobe; Oxide, 50 bbls., Order, Marseilles; 10 cs., C. L. Huisking, London; 10 cs., C. L. Huisking, London; Resinate, 10 cks., Order, London; 10 cs., Order, London; 10 cs., Order, London

IMPORTS AT BOSTON Oct. 11 to 18

FULLER'S EARTH-600 bags, Order, London GLAUBER'S SALT-500 bags, R. & H. Chem.

Co., Hamburg GLUE-103 pkgs., Order, London IRON OXIDE-110 casks, Order, Rotterdam LiTHOPONE-100 casks, Brown & Roese,

Rotterdam OILS-Linseed, 50 bbls., Order, London; Rapeseed, 54 drums, Order, London SODIUM CHLORATE-200 pkgs., E. Suter & Co., Rotterdam TRAGASOL-100 casks, J. B. Maston & Co.,

Liverpool
WOOL GREASE—200 casks, Baltimore and
Rotterdam

IMPORTS AT BALTIMORE

Oct. 9 to 16

POTASH—Kainit, 90 tons, F. H. Shallus Co., Koenigsberg, Bremen; 698,500 lbs., F. H. Shallus Co., Koenigsberg, Bremen; 79,860 lbs., F. H. Shallus Co., Koenigsberg, Bremen; 79,860 lbs., F. H. Shallus Co., Koenigsberg, Bremen; 1,000 bags, F. H. Shallus Co., Koenigsberg, Bremen; 3,000 bags, F. H. Shallus Co., Koenigsberg, Bremen Oct. 9 to 16

Briarwood, Huelva
SODA—Nitrate, 462 bags, United Glass Co.,
Delaware, Christiania Delaware, Christiania
WOOL GREASE—200 casks, Baltimore and
Ohio Railroad, Koenigsberg, Bremen

IMPORTS AT PHILADELPHIA Oct. 7 to 14

AMMONIUM NITRATE-216 cases, Order,

AMMONIUM NITRATE—216 cases, Order, Hamburg EPSOM SAIT—511 kegs, Order, Hamburg GLAUBER'S SALT—560 bags, Order, Hamburg GLYCERIN—Crude, 40 drums, Order. Hamburg; Dynamite, 49 drums, Order, Hamburg; Dynamite, 49 drums, Order, Hamburg GUM—Damar, 192 bags, Order, Hamburg Amtin-Wilches Co., Hamburg, POTASH—Caustic, 76 drums, Order, Hamburg SODIUM—Bromide, 100 cases, Order, Hamburg; 62 caus, Bank of America, Hamburg; Chlorate, 100 kegs, Order, Hamburg; Chlorate, 100 kegs, Order, Hamburg; Chromate, 48 cases, Bank of America, Hamburg

whiting-450 sacks, American Express Co., London

IMPORTS AT NEW ORLEANS Oct. 11 to 18

CHALK-250 bags, Havre CHLORIDE OF LIME-24,000 lbs., England CHLORIDE OF LIME—24,000
PEPPER—50 bags, Rotterdam
ROSIN—300 barrels, Hamburg
SALT—15,000 sacks, Liverpool
SPONGES—19 baies, Havana
SEED—Mustard, 1,000 lbs., N Netherlands

IMPORTS AT SAN FRANCISCO

Oct. 4 to 11 ANTIMONY - Regulus, 150 cases, Order.

CAMPHOR-15 cases, Order, Kobe; 15 cases, Atkins, Kroll & Co., Kobe CASSIA-50 cases, Order. Hongkong

COPRA-3,471 bags, Atkins, Kroll & Co., Papeete; 2,226 bags, Wightman & Crane, Papeete; 4,365 bags, Order, Papeete

FLOWERS-Pyrethrum, 150 bales, Order, Kobe MENTHOL CRYSTALS—5 cases, Atkins, Kroll & Co., Kobe; 2 cases, Order, Kobe

Kroll & Co., Kobe; 2 cases, Order, Kobe
OIL—Coconut, 550 tons, Order, Manila;
Linseed, 2 drums, Order, Manchester;
Peanut, 110 cases; Shui Tai, Hongkong;
150 cases, Sing Chun, Hongkong; Perl'la,
50 bbls., Order, Dairen; Rapeseed, 60 bbls.,
Order, Kobe; Wood, 230 bbls., Order, Hankow
VANILLA BEANS—37 cases, Order, Papeete;
3 cases, Order, Sandjong

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Eagle Printing Ink Co.
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Lorimer's Sons Co., Wm. H.
Mead Pulp & Paper Co.
Mt. Hope Finishing Co.
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